y Emporium,
TORE,
et 74 76 78
eet 74 76 78
eat Departments.
Trimmed and Untrimmed
HAT DEPARTMENT.
In announcing the special sales of desirable and seasonable Hats, we have taken into consideration our established rule, viz:
The greatest good for the greatest number.
75c Ladies' Wool Felt Hats reduced to 40c.
$1 Ladies' Felt Hats reduced to 65c.
$1.50 French Fur Felt Hats reduced to 85c.
$1.75 Felt Hats, trimmed with Astrachan, reduced to 95c.
$.75 Children's Trimmed Felt Hats reduced to $1.
Special bargains in Straw Hats.
No. 9 best quality Satin Gros Grain Ribbon, all colors, only 15c.
No. 12 best quality Satin and Gros Grain Ribbon, all colors, only 20c.
$1 real Ostrich Tips, 3 in a bunch, only 25c.
$1.50 real Ostrich Tips only 50c bunch.
25c Fancy Wings only 10c.
50c Fancy Wings only 20c.
IMMENSE BARGAINS
—IN—
TRIMMED HATS
Headquarters for Jerseys.
RY EMPORIUM.
WASHOUT
YORK,
BARGAINS
week we are going to show what we say.
RESS GOODS.
BARGAINS in Blankets.
BARGAINS in Shirts.
BARGAINS in Buttons.
BARGAINS in Wraps.
ISOURMOTTO
Dry Goods very cheap if is splendid, and low prices Shirts, Gents' Undershirts, and Children's Hose. All cheaper than the cheapest.
ND NIGHT.
E SIGN.
, 33 Peachtree St.
SONS
E THE FAMOUS
AL WE HAVE
, and there is none better.
Contractors and Builders in—
CYPRESS SHINGLES,
NT,
PARIS
STOVE FLUES,
PIPE.
FIRE BRICK AND FIRE CLAY
House, Atlanta, Ga.
ISTOLS, ETC!

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XVIII. ATLANTA, GA., MORNING NOVEMBER 15, 1886 PRICE FIVE CENTS

INTERNAL REVENUE.

THE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER.

The Year's Receipts and Disbursements as Compared with Previous Years—The Increase of Liquor Distilleries—The Importation and Exportation of Tobacco, Cigars, Etc.

WASHINGTON, November 14.—Joseph S. Miller, commissioner of internal revenue, has submitted his annual report to the secretary of the treasury. It is an elaborate document of 115 printed pages. The total receipts from all sources of internal revenue taxation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1886, were $116,902,869, as compared with $112,421,121 for the year 1885. $121,590,039 for the year 1884, $144,553,344 for the year 1883, and $146,523,273 for the year 1882. The statement of withdrawals for consumption during the past year as compared with the preceding year shows a large increase in all articles of taxation except snuff, of which there was a decrease of 195,747 pounds. The principal increase was in cigars, cigarettes and spirits distilled from grain. The cost of collection during the year was $4,299,485, being about 3 6 per cent of the amount collected. The collections during the previous year cost $4,455,430, or about 3 9 per cent of the amount collected. Eight hundred and sixty-eight violations of the internal revenue law have been reported by the revenue agents during the year. Five hundred and thirty-seven persons have been arrested on their information. Property to the value of $136,805 has been reported by them for seizure, and $124,020 for assessments for unpaid taxes and penalties. The number of illicit stills seized during the year was 564, and the number of persons employed were 1,214. The seizures were principally made in Georgia North Carolina, Tennessee, Kentucky and Virginia. Property to the value of $286,982 was seized during the year for violation of the law. The estimated expenses of the bureau for the next fiscal year amounts to $4,236,440, of which $1,900,000 is for salaries and expenses of collectors, $1,990,000 for salaries and expenses of revenue agents, surveyors, gaugers, store keepers, etc., and $266,440 for salaries of officers and employes of the commissioner's office.

The aggregate amount of taxes collected from tobacco during the year was $27,907,362. This amount includes the internal revenue taxes imposed on imported manufactured tobacco and snuff, and on cigars and cigarettes. The production account shows an increase in manufactured tobacco of 10,798,286 pounds; in the number of cigars and cigarettes, of 433,507,247, in tobacco exported, of 983,459 pounds in the number of cigars and cigarettes exported of 29,369,280. The number of cigars imported during the year was 73,139,078. The value of manufactured tobacco imported was $68,939. The amount of direct tax still due is $2,368,929, apportioned among the states as follows:

Alabama, $511,028; Arkansas, $107,181; Colorado, $715; Florida, $7,276; Georgia, $466,384; Mississippi, $302,046; North Carolina, $198,742; South Carolina, $141,174; Tennessee, $277,493; Texas, $174,265; Utah, 26,982; Virginia, $286,-62; Washington territory, $3,487.

The commissioner recommends that after the direct tax accounts are finally adjusted that suits be instituted on the bonds of the delinquent commissioners for the recovery of the amounts collected by them, and not accounted for. The amount of abatement claims allowed during the year was $915,190. Since July 1st claims amounting to $118,410 have been allowed, and on October 1st 210 claims amounting to $81,140 were still pending. The amount of refunding claims allowed during the year was $14,136, and $53,555 more have been allowed since July 1st. Claims amounting to $22,080 are still pending. The number of persons who paid special taxes during the year was 694,663, the number of distilleries registered during the year was 6,242, and the number operated, 6,034. Of this latter number 5,075 were fruit distilleries. The total spirit producing capacity of Grain and molasses distilleries in operation September 1st last, was 188 747 gallons per day. The producing capacity of similar distilleries operated September 1st 1880, was 232,928 gallons a day. The number of grain distilleries registered during the year was 1,132, of which number 950 were operated, a decrease of 63 in the number registered and an increase of 32 in the number operated as compared with the previous year. The number of gallons of spirits produced from grain during the year (80,344,380) shows an increase of 7,510,182 gallons over the product of last year, and is 873,605 gallons less than the average product for the last nine years.

Tables are given showing the quantity of distilled spirits produced, withdrawn and remaining in the warehouses. For the fiscal year of 1886 the production was 80,344,380 gallons, and the amount remaining in the warehouse June 30 last was 58,096,620 gallons. Although the tax was paid during the last fiscal year on more than a million gallons of bourbon and rye whiskies in excess of the quantity on which tax was paid during the preceding year, the production in 1886 was so much greater than the withdrawals as to leave a net balance in the warehouse June 30, 1886, of four million gallons, greater than was on hand July 1, 1885. The production of all kinds of spirit was also two million gallons greater during the months of July, August and September 1886, than during the corresponding month in 1886, while the tax paid withdrawals were half a million gallons less.

"It has come to my notice," the commissioner says, "that many distillers have organized themselves into associations, each member of which has agreed to limit his production so that the entire product of all will be not greater than that demanded by the communities supplied by them. But it is evident that unless all the distillers of one kind of spirits, say Bourbon whisky, were associated, such distillers would be liable to find themselves unable to sell their spirits when the taxes became due, and therefore unable to pay the tax at that time. From the nature of things it is hardly to be expected that such a union will occur, nor am I sure that even if all were so united, the combined wisdom of the association would be sufficient to foretell the state of the market three years hence. I am, therefore, constrained to again recommend to congress that the principle of taxation which is applied to all other articles taxed under internal revenue laws, be made to apply to distilled spirits, and that, as in case of tobacco and beer, and of the new subject of taxation, oleomargarine, the tax be levied upon spirits which shall be manufactured and sold or removed for consumption or use."

The quantity of distilled spirits in the United States, except what may be in customs bonded warehouses, on the 1st of October, 1886. was 98,936,651 gallons. The commissioner invites attention to the necessity of legislation to remove the present discrimination against the retail liquor dealers in the matter of penalties for doing business without payment of the required special tax. He also renews the recommendation for an increase in the number of revenue agents, and for the taxation of the fractional parts of a gallon of distilled spirits. The establishment of special bonded warehouses for the storage of brandy distilled from apples and peaches in like manner as now is done for the storage of brandy distilled from grapes, is strongly urged.

It is estimated that the sum of $118,000,000 will be collected during the current fiscal year from various sources of internal revenue.

POWDERLY TRIUMPHANT.

The Attempt to Set Aside His Views Proves Fruitless.

CHICAGO, November 14.—The indecision of the strikers last night whether or not to obey the order to return to work, led to serious complications today. At a special meeting of the Chicago trade's assembly, George Schilling, a locally prominent socialistic agitator, introduced a resolution instructing and empowering the executive committee of the trades assembly, acting as a joint committee, to hold themselves in readiness, and, whenever called on by the executive committee of strikers, to investigate affairs at the stockyards, and to act with the strikers and assist them in any way possible. This resolution was understood to mean that the strikers would not obey Powderly's order, and that the trades assembly would aid and abet him in disobeying. Richard Powers, ex-president of the Seamen's union, vehemently declared the Powderly order arbitrary and dictatory. The strikers, or the men on the ground, he asserted, were in the best position to decide on the proper course, and they were in favor of continuing the strike. If any outside pressure was brought to bear to enforce the order, it would result in a schism in the Knights of Labor, the destruction of that organization in this part of the country, and the crippling of its influence throughout the land. It was in vain that the opponents of the resolution pointed out that disobedience to Powderly's orders would be just as destructive to the knights. Schilling and his sympathizers carried their point. The assembly then immediately adjourned. The great strike was also the chief topic of discussion in the central labor union. Resolutions were adopted tendering the strikers sympathy and the substantial support of the union.

It is said that the radical element of the strikers sent a number of very severe telegrams today to Powderly, expressing disgust at his interference, and intimating that he had better revoke the mandate and let them help themselves. T. P. Barry, of the Knights of Labor general executive board, said today that he believed the men would go to work tomorrow, and that the strike was at an end. Only two assemblies of the knights are known to have refused to ratisfy the Powderly order. A meeting of the packers and their foremen was held today, at Armour's, to prepare for the return of the men tomorrow. There is general anticipation of a great deal of trouble tomorrow, and for several weeks to come.

THE STRIKE ENDED.

The finishing blows to the strike of 25,000 stock yard employes were given tonight, and the strike is virtually a thing of the past. At a mass meeting of the Knight of Labor assemblies, held in the German hall, a unanimous vote was taken to obey the order of Powderly, and resume work tomorrow. A feature of the meeting was the assurance given men by Mr. Berry that they would all sooner or later secure the places they had quit.

JONES ON HIS FEET AGAIN.

But He Still Lingers Among the Icicles of Detroit.

WASHINGTON, November 14.—A gentleman who knew Senator Jones, of Florida, very well while he was representing his state in Washington, has just returned from Detroit, where he says the senator is still a guest at the Russell house, apparently without an occupation. He is considerably improved in appearance of late, having reformed greatly, and he now acts and talks quite rationally. For a time Senator Jones neglected his dress and drank hard. He got to look like a tramp, and was rarely himself. Now he is braced up, and would appear to be as a man with some hope.

The gentleman in question said concerning Senator Jones's passion for the Detroit heiress which led him into his present predicament: 'Senator Jones went to Detroit upon the invitation of a male friend of the young woman, who fancied he was promoting a matrimonial affair. He had met Senator Jones here, was pleased with him, and, finding that he was enamored of his fair cousin, invited him to Detroit, and generously proffered to sing his praises to her. The senator appeared on the scene, pressed his suit, but was repulsed. He renewed the offer of his heart and hand repeatedly, until at last even the gentlemen who had invited him there lost patience with him, and united in a request that he raise the siege. This not only mortified, but angered the distinguished suitor, who complied with the request, but continued his stay in town. He has long since ceased to be an object of any interest in Detroit. He rarely ever leaves his hotel, but is conspicuous in the lobby, where he paces to and fro, swinging a notched stick."

THE LAST CHECK

Ever Issued on the Faith of the Confederacy.

ST. LOUIS, November 14.—A special from Dallas, Texas, says: Probably the last check in existence on the confederate states of America was exhibited today by Colonel J. F. Caldwell, of this city. It is an interesting relic of the war, and is a check for $80, and drawn on the confederates depository at Columbus by W. M. Gillespie, quartermaster, in favor of Colonel T. Sanford. It is dated April 14, 1865, five days after the surrender of Lee. The check was delivered to Colonel Caldwell, who was then chief clerk of the depository, during the movement from Alabama to Georgia before the victorious federal cavalry. The letter was delivered in the woods, and before the news of Lee's surrender had reached the retreating confederates.

Death of Judge Whitaker.

NEW ORLEANS, November 14.—A dispatch from Chicago announces the death yesterday at Montello, Wisconsin, of Judge William R. Whitaker, of this city, aged forty-nine years. Judge Whitaker was internal revenue collector for the distrit of Louisiana from 1863 to '65. He was United States sub-treasurer in 1866 and 1867, and judge of the superior criminal court from 1876 to 1880. He was a prominent Mason, having held many high offices in the order. His remains will be sent to Boston, his native city for interment.

Death of Dr. Miott.

COLUMBIA, S. C., November 14.—[Special.]—Dr. C. H. Miott, one of the oldest druggists in South Carolina, died at his home in Columbia today, after a short sickness. For nearly forty years the deceased was a leading citizen of this place.

Beating the Bicycle Record.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., November 14.—Morgon won the six days' bicycle contest, making 740 miles and one lap in the allotted forty-eight hours; riding eight hours per day, beating the record for this style of race by 150 miles.

Bob Ingersoll Deserts Them.

CHICAGO, November 14.—A letter received from Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll says that he has not time to connect himself in any way with the case of the anarchists, and therefore would have nothing whatever to do with it.

A Revolution Nipped.

PHILIPPOPOLIS, November 14.—An examination of a number of persons accused of conspiracy has revealed the fact that an extensive revolutionary scheme, which was fostered by the Russian consulate, has been nipped in the bud by the discovery of the plot.

Missouri Remains Democratic.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., November 14.—Official returns complete show the next legislature to be democratic on joint ballot by a majority of 44.

SOUNDING THE DEPTHS,

IN ORDER TO FIND THE POLITICAL ROCKS.

Mr. Blaine Poses as a Statesman in New York—He is Scented By John Sherman, Who Makes His Appearance—Mr. Edmunds Joins in and Scatters the Whole Crowd, Etc.

NEW YORK, November 14.—[Special.]—James G. Blaine has been here ten days, with plummet and line, sounding the political depths. Whitelaw Reid and Steve Elkins pulled the boat with muffled oars and Blaine himself heaved the lead. The labor rock is said to have been accurately located, and several shoals and reefs have been mapped. It is thought that a channel deep enough to float the republican frigate of 1888 has been discovered, although nobody seems to know her exact draught of water. Blaine, however, seems to have devised a plan to avoid the labor rock, and even to make it useful by crowding the democratic craft upon it, wind and tide permitting. How this is done may be seen with a single eyeglass. Blaine has always been a skillful compiler of election returns. The wires east and west have been kept humming since his stay in the city. Look at the returns and you will find that the republicans have a majority of congressmen-elect in the next house of representatives in a bare majority of the states. Indeed, the whole thing may hinge on the new election for representative in congress in the second district of Rhode Island. The democratic candidate at the late election had a large plurality, but under the state law it requires a majority to elect on the first trial. As the figures now stand, without Rhode Island, the vote by states in the fiftieth congress will be a tie. If the election is thrown into the house the republicans will need the vote of Roger Williams' state to carry their candidates into the presidential chair. In the present house the vote by states stands: democrats, 19; republicans, 16; tied, 3. In the next house, on the latest returns, it will be democrats, 18; republicans, 18; tied, 1; and Rhode Island to elect the man who will virtually have the casting vote. Whether Blaine has had any hand in changing these figures or not, the result may make him president if the election is thrown into the house.

With a sure footing thus obtained in the next house, Blaine can, in Wall street parlance, go "long" or "short" on the labor vote, and win either way. If George or some other theorist is a candidate supported by the labor unions and Knights of Labor, it will certainly damage the democracy as much as the republicans. With as shrewd a man as Blaine at helm, all deals with the George men failing, the choice could be shifted to the house and the white plume float triumphant.

The appointment of Gideon J. Tucker as a railroad examiner indicates that President Cleveland has already taken the alarm. Tucker is a labor agitator, poor in pocket, but rich in intellect. He evidently regarded the president's offer in the light of a dog-button. Being no man's dog, he spurned it. The paucity of the sop has made the labor men ingignant, and has undoubtedly strengthened their lines.

Another phase of Blaine's visit is worth noting. He had hardly alighted at the Fifth avenue hotel and begun to plume himself before the news was wired to John Sherman. John stretched his neck in great surprise and finally gathered up his feet, spread his tail, mounted the sky and wafted himself to New York. He had hardly reached the parlor of the Fifth Avenue when Blaine ran to cover in a private house. About the same time Edmunds winded him. The Vermont bird drew a long breath, scratched the bald spot on his head, unfolded his venerable pinions and landed in the Bartholdi hotel, within gunshot of both the other birds. It looks as though all three were on a still hunt for meat. Blaine was on the trail of the George men, Sherman was on the track of Blaine, and the cunning old cock partridge from the Green mountains was stealing along in the wake of both Blaine and Sherman. When Blaine dissappeared the otherbirds shook their feathers and silently sailed away. New England ponds were covered with a thin coating of ice on the morning after Edmunds' exit. Whether either Edmunds or Sherman picked up any meat will be determined at the next national republican convention.

THE RIVER FRONT CAVES IN.

A Serious Disaster to the Little Town of Plaquemines.

PLAQUEMINES, La., November 14.—About 6 o'clock this morning, over two hundred feet of the river bank, including Ball street, caved into the river. Several buildings were destroyed. This is the fifth cave-in which has taken place in the river front this season. This last cave-in has approached so near the new levee which was being built by the citizens as to render its completion useless. It is now thought that this latter cave in, and the one below will continue to widen and extend until the whole business front of the river will be engulfed. This cave will prove a serious loss to this prosperous little town by driving away capitalists. A new line of levee will have to be built on the line recently staked out by the state engineers.

Companions in Sin.

NASHVILLE, Tenn, November 14.—[Special.]—The cases of F. G. Walton and Charles Roberts, arrested with a young lady at the St. Charles hotel Thursday night, grows more serious. It appears that the lady's betrayal occurred several months ago, and this visit to Nashville was for the purpose of doing away with results of that offense. Roberts has been arrested, and he, together with Walton and Dr. Hoyle and son, are indicted for attempted abortion. Miss Willie Raney, the young lady, left for her home near Bowling Green tonight. There is the greatest indignation around her home, and it will not be healthy for either of the young men to visit that neighborhood soon.

The Mobile and Ohio Road.

ST. LOUIS, November 14.—The Mobile and Ohio railroad has completed all its arrangements for full facilities at and in connection with the Union depot in this city. The first train to enter the city under the new order of things being the Mobile and New Orleans express, which crossed the bridge and ran into the city last night. All the trains will hereafter start from and arrive at the union depot, and this road will henceforth be on a par with all the other lines which enter the city.

For Illegal Voting.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., November 14.—[Special.]—A young man named Tucker was arrested tonight for illegal voting in the recent election. He confessed the crime, and urges in extenuation ignorance of the law. He states that several republican candidates informed him that he was entitled to a vote, and led him to commit the offense. Tucker is in jail.

The Anti-Saloon Republicans

NEW YORK, November 14.—The anti-saloon temperance republicans of this state have issued a call for a state convention to be held in Courtland on the 30th of this month and the day following. Among those announced to address the convention are Hon. H. W. Blair, Hon. Noah Davis, Hon. William Windom and Hon. Thomas L. James.

Knocked Dead by a Collision.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., November 14.—[Special.]—Arthur Dixon, a fireman on the Cincinnati Southern, met a horrible death while looking out of the cab window of his engine. He was struck by the end of the bridge, and was so badly injured that he was attacked with lock jaw, and bit his tongue off before death relieved him.

A STORY OF THE STAGE.

A Reverend Gentleman Who Appears In an Unenviable Light.

NEW YORK, November 14.—[Special.]—Nelse Waldron is a stage machinist. He made the lifting apparatus that worked Mackaye's double stage at the Madison Square gardens. He has sued the Rev. Dr. Manager Mallory of that theater for $100,000 damages resulting from infringement of patent. The suit came on Monday and the first witness produced by the prosecution was Steele Mackaye. His testimony ought to have produced a sensation, but it didn't. The papers were afraid of it, or were too busy trying to make up with Henry George to pay much attention to it. Mr. Mackaye's evidence was to the effect that the Rev. Dr. Manager Mallory was trying to run a theater and a religious paper at the same time, and he didn't want his left hand to know what his right hand was doing. He said on the stand that Dr. Mallory was a double dyed hypocrite.

All this is interesting because there is a good deal of unwritten history connected with the Madison Square theater. People never understood why Mackaye, who conceived the idea of the house, invented the double stage, wrote "Hazel Kirke," rehearsed the company and created the character of the house, which afterwards made a million of money, suddenly got out of the whole thing and left the play, the double stage and the house in the hands of the Rev. Dr. Manager Mallory.

The only explanation of all this that I have seen is the public statement made under oath by Mr. Mackaye that Dr. Mallory is "a double-dyed hypocrite."

It is the universal opinion here now that rebutting opinions from Dr. Mallory are in order.

What we all want to get at is the doctor's religious experiences in running a theater and his moral triumphs in overcoming Mackaye.

I have watched the papers for five years with the expectation that this whole story would crop out some time, but just as it threatens to divulge itself some kind of unseen influence squelches the whole matter and things go on as before.

The sudden departure of Mrs. Brown Potter for Europe has made a social hiatus. The out camping fashionables at Tuxedo have come to the conclusion that the season's later fruits are all chestnuts, and down they all came to the opening of the Metropolitan opera house. But even that social event lacked something without Mrs. Brown Potter.

Langtry had a week of exhibition before she went to Boston. She had a mount every day at the horse show and permitted the jockeys to kiss her hand to tumultuous applause, in which even St. Cecilia Thurber joined, and then she let all the babies kiss her at the chrysanthemum show.

It was Langtry week. The big stores on Fourteenth street sent coaches for her and placed their stock at her disposal if she would only appear there and walk around, and finally the Mexican village offered to give a benefit to any charity she would name if she would come and sell her own photographs. But all at once she winged away, because Boston was getting restless.

The story that the horse show management tried to get Mrs. Brown Potter to recite "Ostler Joe" on a horse is discredited in the Calumet club. But the horrible fact remains that the babies all preferred, for some occult baby reason, to kiss Langtry, and the Union League explanation is that she doesn't use pearl white. I don't know anything about it. I merely tell you what the gossip is. But I suppose Brown Potter will come back as soon as she hears that Langtry has departed.

LYNCHED FOR HIS CRIME.

Short Shrift Made by Thirty-five Armed Men.

HARRISON, Ark., November 14.—Andrew J. Mulligan, alias James Page, the murderer of James N. Hamilton, was taken from jail here by a mob last night and shot to death. Mulligan was brought here from Macon county, where he committed the crime, for safe keeping. Last night about twelve o'clock a number of mounted men appeared near the jail, reconnoitered for a time and then rode away. About an hour later about 35 heavily armed and well mounted men made an attack upon the jail, captured the guards and the jailer, the latter of whom they ordered to open the doors. This he refused to do, but the keys were taken from him, and the prisoner was dragged forth. A hope was placed around his neck, and he was literally dragged after the galloping horse for a distance of four blocks, where the end of the rope was thrown over the limb of a tree, and as the murderer was drawn up into the air his body was riddled with bullets. The mounted mob then rode away, having accomplished its object. Mulligan was an employe of Hamilton, who owned a farm in Macon county, and shot his employer without cause on the night of the 22d of October.

CRUSHED BY AN AVALANCHE.

A Terrible Railroad Accident in the Alps Mountains.

PARIS, November 14.—Further particulars have been received of the railway accident at Systeron, in the department of Basse Alpes. It appears that aboubt 300,000 cubic metres of rocky earth fell from Mount Gerves, overwhelming the train which was proceeding at full speed from Marseilles. One first-class carriage was crushed to atoms, and the engine overturned. The driver, a guard, a telegraph clerk and four English passengers were killed on the spot, and two other passengers have since died from their injuries. The stoker's life is dispaired of. Twenty other persons are suffering from injuries. A second slide occurred, but did no damage. M. Milland, minister of public works, has visited the scene of the accident.

The Marshal Succeeds.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., November 14.—[Special.]—The attempts to oust United States Marshall Joe Evins, of the eastern district of Tennessee, have proven a failure. Several of the marshall's bondsmen deserted him, and made an effort to secure the office, thinking he would be unable to secure another bond. He filed a new bond today, however, and has won after a hard fight.

A New Labor Congress.

PITTSBURG, November 14.—The next issue of the Labor Tribune will contain a call for a convention of all the trades unions in the United States and Canada, to begin at Columbus, Ohio, December 6th. The object of this meeting is the establishment of a trades congress that shall have for its object the better organization of labor and the advancement of its interests.

Ninety-Six Persons Killed.

LONDON, November 14.—Advices have been received at Plymouth that the Chinese steamship Takataman burst her boiler while running under high pressure in the gale off Nijigata, and that 96 persons who were on board perished, including the officers who were Englishmen.

Covered by Insurance.

BALTIMORE, Md., November 14.—The cigar factory of Baron & Co., 65 Pratt street, was totally destroyed by fire this afternoon. The loss is $15,000, fully covered by insurance.

Bishop Curtis Consecrated.

BALTIMORE, Md., November 14.—Rev. Alfred A. Curtis, the newly appointed bishop of the Catholic diocese of Wilmington, Del., was consecrated in the cathedral in this city today.

It is Only the Same Old Whine.

From the Eastman, Ga., Times.

The Macon Telegraph continues to hammer away at Congressman Jim Blount, and Congressman Jim Blount continues to pay no attention to the Macon Telegraph. This is too bad!

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

PREACHED YESTERDAY IN BROOKLYN TABERNACLE.

Subject of the Discourse: "The Orchard On the Hill"—Description of the Scene On Calvary—The Death of the Unbeliever Contrasted with that of the Believer, Etc.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., November 14.—[Special.] In the tabernacle this morning, the Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, D. D., pastor, after expounding some passages of scripture recording scenes in the life of Christ, gave out the hymn beginning:

"Rock of ages, cleft for me,
Let me hide myself in thee."

The subject of the sermon was: "The Orchard on the Hill," and the text, Luke xxiii, 33: "And when they were come to the place, which is called Calvary, there they crucified Him, and the malefactors, one on the right hand, and the other on the left." Following is Dr. Talmage's discourse in full:

Just outside of Jerusalem is a swell of ground, toward which a crowd are ascending; for it is the day of execution. What a mighty assemblage! Some for curiosity to hear what malefactors will say, and to see how they will act. The three persons to be executed are already there. Some of the spectators are vile of lip and bloated of cheek. Some look up with revenge, hardly able to keep their hands off the sufferers. Some tear their own hair in a frenzy of grief. Some stand in silent horror. Some break out in uncontrollable weeping. Some slap their hands in delight that the offenders are to be punished at last. The soldiers with drawn swords, drive back the mob, which presses on so hard. There is fear that the proceedings may be interrupted. Let the German Legion, now stationed at Jerusalem, on horseback dash along the line, and force back the surging multitude. "Back with you," is the cry. 'Have you never seen a man die before?"

Three crosses in a row. An upright piece, and two transverse pieces—one on the top, on which the hands are nailed, and one at the middle, on which the victim sat. Three trees just planted. Yet bearing fruit—the one at the right bearing poison, and the one at the left bitter aloes; the one in the middle, apples of love. Norway pine, and tropical orange, and Lebanon cedar, would not make so strange a grove as this orchard of Calvary. Stand and give a look at the three crosses. Just look at the one on the right. Its victim dies scoffing. More tremendous than his physical anguish is his scorn and hatred of Him on the middle cross. This one on the right turns half around on the spikes to hiss at the one in the middle. If the scoffer could get one hand loose, and He were within reach, he would smite the middle sufferer in the face. He hated Him with a perfect hatred. I think he wishes he were down on the ground that he might spear Him. He envied the mechanics who with their nails have nailed Him fast. Amid the settling darkness and louder than the crash of the rocks, hear him jeer out these words: "Ah! ah! you poor wretch; I knew you were an imposter! You pretended to be a God and yet you let these legions master you." It was in some such hate that Voltaire, in his death hour, because he thought he saw Christ in his bedroom, got up on his elbow and cried out: "Crush that wretch." What had the middle cross done to arouse up this right-hand cross? Nothing. O, the enmity of the natural heart against Christ. The world likes a sentimental Christ, or a philanthropic Christ, but a Christ who comes to snatch men away from their sins—away with him! On this right-hand cross today I see typified the unbelief of the world. Men say: "Back with Him from the heart. I will not let Him take my sins. If He will die, let Him die for Himself, not for me." There has always been a war between this right hand cross and the middle cross, and wherever there is an unbelieving heart, thus the fight goes on. O, if, when that dying malefactor perished, the faithlessness of man had perished, then that tree which yields poison would have budded and blossomed with life for all the world! Look up into the disturbed countenance of the sufferer, and see what a ghastly thing it is to reject Christ. Behold in that awful face, in that pitiful look, in that unblessed death hour, the stings of the sinner's departure. What a plunge into darkness! Standing high upon the cross on the top of the hill, so that all the world may look at him, he says: "Here I go, out of a miserable life, into a wretched eternity!" One! Two! Three! Listen to the crash of the fall; all ye ages! So Hobbes, dying after he had seventy years in which to prepare for eternity, said: "Were I master of all the world, I would give it all to live one day longer." Sir Francis Newport, hovering over the brink, cried out: "Wretch that I am whither shall I fly from this breast? What will become of me? Oh, that I were to lie upon the fire that never is quenched, a thousand years, to purchase the favor of God and to be reconciled to him again? Oh eternity! Oh eternity! Who can discover the abyss of eternity? Who can paraphrase upon these words: 'For ever and for ever?'"

That right-hand cross—thousands have perished on it, in worse agonies. For what is physical pain compared to remorse, at the last, that life has been wasted, and only a fleeting moment stands between the soul and its everlasting overthrow? Oh God let me die anywhere rather than at the foot of that right-hand cross. Let not one drop of that blood fall upon my cheek. Rend not my ear with that cry. I see it now as never before—the loathsomeness and horror of my unbelief. That dying malefactor was not so much to blame as I. Christianity was not established, and perhaps not until that day had that man heard the Christ. But after Christ has stood almost nineteen centuries, working the wonders of His grace, you reject Him. That right hand cross, with its long beam, overshadows all the earth. It is planted in the heart of the race. When will the time come when the spirit of God shall, with its ax, hew down that right hand cross, until it shall fall at the foot of that middle cross, and unbelief, the railing malefactor of the world, shall perish from all our hearts? Away from me, thou spirit of unbelief! I hate thee! With this sword of God I thrust thee back and thrust thee through. Down to hell; down most accursed monster of the earth, and talk to the millions thou has already damned. Talk no longer to these sons of God, these heirs of heaven.

"If thou be the Son of God." Was there any "if" about it? Tell me, thou star, that in robe of light did run to point out His birthplace. Tell me, thou sea, that didst put thy hand over thy lip when He bid thee be still. Tell me, ye dead, who got up to see Him die. Tell me, thou sun in mid-heaven, who for Him didst pull down over thy face thy veil of darkness. Tell me, ye lepers who were cleansed, ye dead who were raised, is He the Son of God? Aye! aye! responds the universe. The flowers breathe it, the stars chime it, the redeemed celebrate it, the angels raise up on their thrones to announce it. And yet on that miserable malefactor's "if" how many shall be wrecked for all eternity! That little "if" has enough venom in its sting to cause the death of the soul. No "if" about it. I know it. Ecce deus! I feel it thoroughly through every muscle of the body, and through every faculty of my mind, and through every energy of my soul. Living I will preach it, dying I will pillow my head before its consolations—Jesus the God.

Away then, from this right hand cross. The red berries of the forest are apt to be poisonous, and around this tree of carnage grow the red, poisonous berries of which many have tasted and died. I can see no use for this right hand cross, except it be used as a lever with which to upturn the unbelief of the world.

Here, from the right hand cross, I go to the left. Pass clear to the other side. That victim also twists himself upon the nails to look at the center cross, yet not to scoff. It is to worship. He, too, would like to get his hand loose; not to smite, but to deliver the sufferer of the middle cross. He cries to the railer cursing on the other side: "Silence! Between us is innocence, is agony. We suffer for our crimes. Silence!" Gather around this left hand cross, O, ye people! be not afraid. Bitter herbs are sometimes a tonic for the body, and the bitter aloes that you grow on this tree shall give strength and life to thy soul.

This left hand cross is a repenting cross. As men who have been nearly drowned, tell us that in one moment, while they were under the water, their whole life passed before them, so I suppose in one moment the dying malefactor thought over all his past life. Of that night when he went into an unguarded door and took all the silver, the gold, the jewels, and as the sleeper stirred he put a knife through his heart. Of that day when, in the lonely pass, he met the wayfarer, and regardless of the cries, and prayers, and tears, and struggles of his victim, he flung the mangled corpse into the dust of the highway or heaped upon it the stones. He says: "Oh! I am a guilty wretch; I deserve this. There is no need of my cursing. That will not stop the pain. There is no need of blaspheming Christ, for He has done me no wrong; and yet I cannot die so. The tortures of my body are outdone by the tortures of my soul. The past is a scene of misdoing. The present a crucifixion. The future an everlasting undoing. Come back, thou hiding mid day sun! Kiss my cheek with one bright ray of comfort. What! no help from above—no help from beneath? Then I must turn to my companion in sorrow, the One on the middle cross. I have heard that He knows how to help a man when he is in trouble. I have heard that He can cure the wounded. I have heard that he can pardon the sinner. Surely, in all His wanderings up and down the earth, He never saw one more in need of His forgiveness. Blessed One! I turn to thee! Wilt Thou look for the moment away from Thy own pangs, to pity me? Lord, it is not to have my hands relieved or my feet taken from the torture. I can stand all this; but oh! my sins! my sins! my sins! they pierce me through and through. They tell me I must die for ever. They will push me out into the darkness unless Thou wilt help me. I confess it all. Hear the cry of the dying thief: Lord remember me when thou comest into Thy kingdom. I ask no great things. I seek for no throne in heaven, no chariot to take me to the skies; but just think of me when this day's horrors have passed. Think of me a little—of me, the one now hanging at thy side—when the shout of heavenly welcome takes Thee back into Thy glory. Thou wilt not forget me, will Thou? Lord, remember me when thou comest into thy kingdom. Only just remember me."

Likewise must we repent. You say: "I have stolen nothing." I reply: "We have all been guilty of the mightiest felony of the universe, for we have robbed God—robbed Him of our time, robbed Him of our talent, robbed Him of our services. Suppose you send a man west as an agent of your firm, and every month you pay him his salary, and at the end of ten years you find out that he has been serving another firm, but taking your salary; would you not at once condemn him as dishonest? God sent us into this world to serve Him. He has given us wages all the time. One-half of us have been serving another master. When a man is convicted of treason, he is brought out; a regiment surround him, and the command is given: "Attention, company. Take aim! Fire!" And the man falls with a hundred bullets through his heart. There comes a time in man's history when the Lord calls up the troop of his iniquities, and at God's command they pour into him a consentrated volley of torture. You say: "I don't feel myself to be a sinner." That may be. Walk along by the cliffs, and you see sunlight and flowers at the mouth of the cave; but take a torch and go in, and before you have gone far, you see the flashing eye of a wild beast, or hear the hiss of a serpent. So the world seems in the sunlight of worldliness; but as I wave the torch of God's truth, and go down into the deep cavern of the heart—alas! for the bristling horrors and the rattling fangs. Have you ever noticed the climax in this passage of scripture: "The heart is deceitful." That seems enough. But the passage goes on and says: "The heart is deceitful above all things." Will you not say that is enough? But the passage goes on further and says: "The heart is deceitful above all things and desperately wicked." If we could see the true condition of the unpardoned before God, what wringing of hands there would be! What a thousand-voiced shriek of supplication and despair! But you are a sinner—a sinner. I speak not to the person who sits next to you, but to you. You are a sinner. All the transgressions of a lifetime have been gathered up into an avalanche. At any moment it may slip from the cliffs and crush you forever. May the Lord Almighty by his grace help us to repent of our sins while repentance is possible.

This left-hand cross was a believing cross. There was no guess work in that prayer, no "if" in that supplication. The left-hand cross flung itself at the foot of the middle cross, expecting mercy. Faith is only just opening the hand to take what Christ offers us. The work is all done, the bridge is built strong enough for us all to walk over. Tap not at the door of God's mercy with the tip of your fingers but as a warrior with gauntletted fists beats at the castle gate, so, with all the aroused energies of our souls, let us pound at the gate of heaven. That gate is locked. You go to it with a bunch of keys. You try philosophy. That will not open it. A large door generally has a ponderous key. I take the cross and place the foot of it in the lock, and by the two arms of the cross I turn the lock, and the door opens.

This left hand cross was a pardoning cross. The crosses were only two or three yards apart. It did not take long for Christ to hear. Christ might have turned away and said: "How darest thou speak to Me? I am the Lord of heaven and earth. I have seen your violence. When you struck down that man in the darkness, I saw you. You are getting a just reward. Die in darkness—die forever." But Jesus said not so, but rather: "This day thou shalt be with me in Paradise," as much as to say. "I see you there; don't worry. I will not only bear my cross, but help you with yours."

Forthwith the left hand cross becomes the abode of contentment. The pillow of the malefactor, soaked in blood, becomes like the crimson upholstery of a king's couch. When the body became still, and the surgeons feeling the pulse said one to another: "He is dead," the last mark of pain had gone from his face. Peace had smoothed his forehead. Peace closed his eyes. Peace closed his lips. Now you see why there were two transverse pieces on the cross, for it has become a ladder into the skies. That dying head is easy which has under it the promise: "This day thou shalt be with me in Paradise." Ye whose lips have been filled with blasphemy, ye whose hands for many years have wrought unrighteousness, ye who have companioned with the unclean, ye you have scaled every height of transgression, and fathomed every depth, and passed every extreme of iniquity—mercy! mercy!

"The dying thief rejoiced to see
That fountain in his day;
And there may I, as vile as he,
Wash all my sins away."

I have shown you the right hand cross and the left hand cross; now come to the middle cross. We stood at the one and found that it yielded poison. We stood at the other and found that it yielded bitter aloes. Come now

A Gigantic Imposition

Perpetrated for unworthy purposes in the

Attempt to substitute imitations and destroy the established reputation of a valuable cure of all diseases of the Stomach, Liver and Kidneys.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

has been well and favorably known as a perfect and sure cure for these diseases for years. It has established its reputation from actual cures of thousands of sufferers who cheerfully testify to its efficacy.

The unworthy action of some manufacturers should not be supplemented by assistance of dealers in disposing of *imitations* of a well-known and thoroughly effective medicine like

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

We have entered suits in the United States Courts against the perpetrators of these frauds, for the protection of our friends and ourselves; and with eminent legal counsel and means sufficient to carry through the suits, we shall obtain justice, and secure the perfect protection of all sufferers who need *Brown's Iron Bitters*, and are now in danger of having some spurious article substituted for it in their dire needs.

As a means of identification of the *Genuine Brown's Iron Bitters*, the trade-mark and crossed red lines are printed on the wrapper of each bottle. This medicine is the most perfect *blood purifying* compound made. It is composed of the most approved vegetable alteratives so combined with a special preparation of iron as to furnish tonic and strengthening properties, while it removes all impurities from the blood.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

corrects all disorders of the stomach, and by its direct action upon the secretions promotes digestion, prevents constipation, and cures headache. All conditions arising from an overburdened or underfed stomach are removed, for it supplies a force to regulate the appetite and cause the perfect assimilation of food. *Sour stomach, heartburn, gnawing sensation, all-gone feeling*, even ulcers and sores in the stomach, will disappear with the use of *Brown's Iron Bitters*.

Such diseases of the kidneys and liver as result from impurities of the blood and disturbances of the stomach, yield to the influence of

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

Inflammation of the bladder, gravel, diabetes, inflammation of the kidneys, even *Bright's disease*, can be cured by the use of *Brown's Iron Bitters*. It incites action of the *sluggish liver*, prevents the accumulation of *bile*, and cures *jaundice*. *Pains in the back and sides* disappear, and *health*—a boon to rich and poor alike—is the substitute for sickness and misery that is furnished by the use of *Brown's Iron Bitters*.

Its trade-mark, *"Quality, not quantity."*
Its watchword, *"Purity and strength."*
Its promise of *Health and happiness* are all true.

Truths substantiated by years of trial endorsed by reputable testimony from every section of the country, and guaranteed by the reputation of the proprietors of the *only genuine Brown's Iron Bitters*.

The Brown Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

D. C. BACON, Pres. M. F. AMOROUS, Gen. Mgr

ATLANTA LUMBER CO.

YARDS, Humphries St. & E. T., V. & G. Railway. | OFFICE, 48 MARIETTA ST. | MILLS, On Line C. R. R. and E. T. V. & Ga. Ry

LONG LEAF PINE

Kiln-Dry Dressed Flooring, Ceiling Weatherboarding, Shingles and Laths,

Bridge and Trestle Timbers,

Best in quality, lowest in price.
Write for estimates on house bills.
sep 16, 1y 2dp n r m

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE

(Richmond & Danville Railroad Company.)

THE FAVORITE ROUTE EAST.

Double Daily Trains and Elegant Coaches without change between ATLANTA and WASHINGTON, with Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars.

ATLANTA to NEW YORK,
—AND—
NEW ORLEANS to WASHINGTON.
Only 31 Hours Transit Atlanta to New York.

Schedule in effect Nov. 14th, 1886.	Mail and Express No. 53.	Express No. 51.
Leave Atlanta (city time)	7 40 a m	1 45 p m
Leave Atlanta (R. & D. time)	8 40 a m	2 45 p m
" Lynchburg	2 00 a m	8 50 a m
" Charlottesville	4 30 a m	11 05 a m
" Washington	8 10 a m	3 30 p m
" Baltimore	10 03 a m	4 43 p m
" Philadelphia	12 35 p m	7 17 p m
" New York	3 20 p m	9 20 a m
" Boston	10 30 p m	6 50 a m
Leave Danville	12 00 a m	6 25 a m
" Richmond	6 30 a m	11 33 a m
" Norfolk	12 30 no'n	7 30 p m
Leave Atlanta		7 40 a m
Arrive Spartanburg		3 43 p m
Arrive Hendersonville		7 00 p m
" Asheville		8 00 p m

LULA ACCOMMODATION.
Daily except Sunday.

Leave Atlanta (city time)	4 30 p m
Arrive Lula (city time)	8 33 p m
RETURNING.	
Leave Lula (city time)	5 40 a m
" Gainesville	6 05 a m
Arrive Atlanta (city time)	8 2- a m

ATLANTA TO ATHENS, VIA NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD.

Daily except Sunday.	No. 50.	No. 52.
Leave Atlanta (city time)	7 40 a m	4 30 p m
Arrive Athens (city time)	12 20 p m	9 33 a m
Daily except Sunday.	No. 51.	No. 61.
Leave Athens (city time)	6 20 a m	2 15 p m
Arrive Atlanta (city time)		9 30 p m

E. BERKELEY, Superintendent, Atlanta, Ga.
C. W. CHEARS, Ass't Gen. Pass. Ag't., Atlanta, Ga.
JAS. L. TAYLOR, Gen'l Pass. Ag't, Washington D. C.
C. E. SERGEANT, City Pass. Ag't, Atlanta, Ga.

to the middle cross, and shake down apples of love. Uncover your head. You never saw so tender a scene as this. You may have seen father, or mother, or companion, or chield die, but never so affecting a scene as this. The railing thief looked from one way, and saw only the right side of Christ's face. The penitent thief looked from the other way, and saw the left side of Christ's face. But from where you sit today, in the full blaze of gospel light, you see Christ's full face. It was a suffering cross. If the weapons of torture had gone only through the fatty portions of the body, the torture would not have been so great, but they went through the hands, and feet, and temples; the most sensitive portions. It was not only the spear that went into his side, but the sins of all the race—a thousand spears—plunge after plunge, deeper and deeper, until the silence and composure that before characterized Him gave way into a groan, through which rumbled the sorrows of time and the woes of eternity. Human hate had done its worst, and hell had hurled its sharpest javelin, and devils had vented their hottest rage, when, with every nerve of His body in torture, and every fibre of his heart in excruciation, He cried out: "My God, My God! why hast thou forsaken me!"

It was a vicarious cross—the right hand cross suffered for itself, the left hand cross for itself; but the middle cross for you. When a king was dying a young man cried: "Pour my blood into his veins, that he die not." The vains of the young man were tapped, and the blood transferred; so that the king lived, but the young man died. Christ saw the race perishing. He cried: "Pour my blood into their veins, that they die not:

My hand is free now, because Christ's was crushed. My brow is painless now, because Christ's was torn. My soul escapes, because Christ's was bound. I gain heaven, because Christ for me endured the horrors of hell. When the Swiss were many years ago contending against their enemies, they saw these enemies arrayed in solid phalanx, and knew not how to break their ranks; but one of their heroes rushed out in front of his regiment and shouted: "Make way for liberty." The weapons of the enemy were plunged into his heart, but while they were slaying him, of course their ranks were broken, and through that gap in the ranks the Swiss marched to victory. Christ saw all the powers of darkness assailing men. He cried out: "Make way for the redemption of the world." All the weapons of infernal wrath struck Him, but as they struck Him our race marched out free.

To this middle cross, my dying hearers, look, that your souls may live. I showed you the right hand cross in order that you might see what an awful thing it is to be unbelieving. I showed you the left hand cross that you might see what it is to repent. Now I show you the middle cross that you may see what Christ has done to save your soul. Poets have sung its praise, and sculptors have attempted to commemorate it in marble, and martyrs have clung to it in the fire, and Christians dying quietly in their beds have leaned their heads against it. This hour may all our souls embrace it with an ecstacy of affection. Lay hold of that cross, sinner! Everything else will fail you. Without a strong grip on that you perish. Put you hand on that and you are safe, though a world swing from beneath your feet. Oh, that I might engrave on your souls ineffaceably the three crosses, and that if in your waking moments you will not heed, then that in your dream this coming night, you might see on the hill back of Jerusalem the three spectacles—the right hand cross showing unbelief, dying without Christ; the left hand, showing what it is to be pardoned, while the central cross pours upon your soul the sunburst of heaven as it says: "By all these wounds I plead for thy heart. I have loved thee with an everlasting love. Rivers cannot quench it. Floods cannot drown it.' And while you look, the right hand cross will fade out of sight, and then the left will be gone; nothing will remain but the middle cross, and even that in your dream will begin to change, until it becomes a throne; and the worn face of Calvary will become radiant with gladness; and instead of the mad mob at the foot of the cross will be a multitude kneeling. And you and I will be among them. But no! We will not wait for such a dream. In this our most aroused mood we throw down at the foot of that middle cross sin, sorrow, life, death, everything. We are slaves; Christ gives deliverance to the captive. We are thirsty; Christ is the river of salvation to slake our thirst. We are hungry; Jesus says: "I am the bread of life." We are condemned to die; Christ says: "Save the man from going down to the pit; I am the ransom." We are tossed on a sea of trouble; Jesus comes over it, saying: "It is I, be not afraid." We are in darkness; Jesus says: "I am the bright and morning star." We are sick; "Jesus is the 'balm of Gilead.'" We are dead; hear the shrouds rend and the grave hillocks heave, as He cries: "I am the resurrection and the life; he that believeth in me, though he were dead, yet shall he live." We want justification.

"Being justified by faith, we have peace with God through our Lord Jesus Christ." We want to exercise faith: "Believe in the Lord Jesus Christ, and thou shalt be saved." I want to get from under condemnation: "There is now, therefore, no condemnation to them who are in Christ Jesus." The cross—He carried it. The flames of hell—He suffered them. The shame—He endured it. The crown—He won it. Heights of heaven sing it, and worlds of light to worlds of light all round the heavens cry: "Glory! Glory!"

Let us go forth and gather the trophies for Jesus. From Golconda mines we gather the diamonds, from Ceylon banks we gather the pearls, from all lands and kingdoms we gather precious stones, and we bring the glittering burdens and put them down at the feet of Jesus and say: "All these are thine. Thou art worthy." We go forth again for more trophies, and into one sheaf we gather all the scepters of the Cæsars, and the Alexanders, and the czars, and the sultans, and of all royalties and dominions, and then we bring the sheaf of sceptres and put it down at the feet of Jesus and say: "Thou art king of kings, and these thou hast conquered." And then we go forth again to gather more trophies, and we bid the redeemed of ages, the sons and daughters of the Lord Almighty, to come. And the hosts of Heaven bring crown, and palm, and sceptre, and here by these bleeding feet and this riven side, and by this wounded heart, cry: "Blessing, and honor, and glory, and power unto the Lamb, for ever and ever."

Catarrh Cured

Catarrh is a very prevalent disease, with distressing and offensive symptoms. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives ready relief and speedy cure, from the fact it acts through the blood, and thus reaches every part of the system.

"I suffered with catarrh fifteen years. Took Hood's Sarsaparilla and I am not troubled any with catarrh, and my general health is much better." I. W. LILLIS, Postal Clerk Chicago & St. Louis Railroad.

"I suffered with catarrh 6 or 8 years; tried many wonderful cures, inhalers, etc., spending nearly one hundred dollars without benefit. I tried Hood's Sarsaparilla, and was greatly improved." M. A. ABBEY, Worcester, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is characterized by three peculiarities: 1st, the *combination* of remedial agents; 2d, the *proportion*; 3d, the *process* of securing the active medicinal qualities. The result is a medicine of unusual strength, effecting cures hitherto unknown. Send for book containing additional evidence.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla tones up my system, purifies my blood, sharpens my appetite, and seems to make me over." J. P. THOMPSON, Register of Deeds, Lowell, Mass.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla beats all others, and is worth its weight in gold." I. BARRINGTON, 130 Bank Street, New York City.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.

COAST-HUNTING.

THE WONDERFUL NARRATIVE OF JOHN HEINS.

Charmed by a Serpent—A Moment of Dreadful Suspense—Saved by a Gin Bottle—A Ghastly Pillow—The Lonely Grave Digger—Killing Two Birds at Every Shot—Etc.

DARIEN, Ga., November 14.—[Special.]—"Dick, don't bring any gin; nobody wants it and we'll just waste it on the niggers."

"All right, John," was the reply. "I'll bring a small bottle anyhow."

And John E. Heins, the terror of ducks and rice birds, smiled contentedly as he seated himself in the stern of the boat, while two or three lesser Nimrods nestled down on each side of him. Three sturdy negroes plied the oars, and in a few moments Darien was left far behind.

"Found out a new place," said Heins, "and there will be some splendid shooting today. I say, Dick, didn't you bring some gin?"

"Yes, but I thought you told me there was no use of bringing any."

"Well, perhaps I did, but I guess I will just try one drink—here's to the crowd."

"Now," interrupted one of the party, "give us a good snake story."

"All right," Heins replied, "I will. And there is no humbug about this story, either. It was in the summer of 1878. We landed one day about nine miles up the river here. I had Jim and Alec along. Jim, you know, never could shoot, and Alec was worse, if anything. Says I, 'you stand here, Jim, and you, Alec, go over on that knoll while I tramp around the swamp to see if I can scare anything up.' I had not gone far, before I could see something moving amongst the bushes ahead of me. I crept nearer and nearer stealthily, until at last I could distinctly see a large moccasin. Leveling my gun to shoot him I all of a sudden seemed to have become paralyzed. I could neither fire nor move away. The reptile had charmed me. I saw his gleaming eyes and felt as if they were just penetrating to the base of my brain—to the very marrow of my bones; couldn't lift an arm nor move a foot. Every drop of blood in my body seemed to congeal. Cold wave after cold wave came over me, and my thinking machinery seemed seriously out of order.

Now, I vaguely imagined I saw the monster coming nearer. Then again I felt as if I wanted to rush forward and pet him. Arctic currents were coursing through my body, when an idea gradually dawned on me. I had a bottle of gin in my pocket. Feeling it at first with my elbow, after many fruitless efforts I at last managed to get my hand on the bottle. At this moment the moccasin seemed preparing to make a plunge at me. I felt awed, and what prompted me to speak I never after could tell, but by a superhuman effort I jerked the bottle out of my pocket, and addressing him, with violently shattering teeth, I said: "S s s say, o-o-o-old boy, ha-ha have a drink." This exertion broke the spell. The moccasin glared at me terribly, turned in an opposite direction and made off.

"Now," continued Heins, "hand over the gin bottle and I will tell you about my experience on Long island about a year ago. It was a very dark night last October. I had been hunting on the island all day, and felt tired. Scared of snakes up in the woods, and my matches having got wet, I fumbled my way down to the beach. I soon found what I took to be a bunch of seaweed, and spread my blanket on top of it, so as to utilize it for a pillow. I listened for a few minutes to the deep, heavy sighs of an expiring northeaster, and then fell asleep. Next morning my eyes opened with the sun, and if I live for hundreds of years I never shall forget the sight I saw. About three feet away from me lay the body of a drowned sailor. The clothing was torn and tattered, and the flesh looked as if it had been scraped off the bones in many places. Everything indicated that a fearful struggle for life had taken place. I commenced to roll my blanket up when, to my horror, another drowned sailor (my pillow during the night, appeared. The bodies were terribly lacerated, but fresh and natural in color. Alone and far from any human being, I determined to cheat the buzzards out of a tempting banquet, and set to work digging a grave. After a couple of hours' work I had it two feet deep, and with a feeling of indescribable sadness, I gently laid the bodies down and filled up the grave. The place is marked, and I can show you the spot tomorrow.

The party had now arrived at the place where such "splendid shooting" could be had. A few bateau boats were secured and the neighborhood soon rang with the music of powder. Three hours later and Heins announced he had enough. Thirty-seven ducks had succumbed to his prowess. The four other young men had killed four between them. On arriving at Darien, Dummy, a negro attendant, sulkly approached Heins, saying:

"Look hyah, I doesn't want to go with da' paper man no mo'." "Why, what's the matter, Dummy?"

"Case ebery time a duck fly up he look through he glasses and see two duck. Den he shoot, look through he glasses again and see two duck fall. Den he sing out to me, 'get dem. I say, get what dem.' He say 'de two duck' I say: 'G'way, man, you only done kilt one,' and den he cuss me for a plagued fool. I doan' 'low no man to cuss me like dat."

Fight on a Street Car.

SAVANNAH, Ga., November 14—[Special.]—Yesterday morning great excitement was occasioned on the corner of Broughton and Barnard streets by a fracas between Roland Williams a negro driver for Lindsay & Morgan and W. F. Coburn, conductor of a street car. Williams was driving across the track when the driver of the car cried to him and cursed him. Williams was very angry and seized his whip, jumped from his wagon and started into the car after the driver, when he was stopped by Conductor Coburn. Williams struck him a fearful blow over the head with the butt of the whip, making a frightful wound. The driver rushed to the rescue when Coburn grabbed his whip and struck Williams, splitting the side of his head. Both men were bloody and clinched and rolled out of the car into the street, fighting desperately. When they were finally separated both were seriously injured. Williams was arrested.

An Explosion on Pine Mountain.

COLUMBUS, Ga., November 14—[Special.]—Yesterday, Jack Beiser, a white man, passed through this city en route to Atlanta. His face, neck and hands were horribly burned. He and a white convict named Bill Worley were engaged in packing a powder blast on the Georgia Midland railroad, near Pine mountain, when it exploded prematurely, badly burning them both. The convict was more severely burned than Beiser. His clothes caught fire, and before he could strip himself his legs and back were terribly burned. Beiser is able to walk about, but his face and hands present a pitable picture, exciting the sympathy of all who see him.

Close of the Athens Fair.

ATHENS, Ga., November 14—[Special.]—Yesterday was the last of the fair. The crowd in attendence was very good, the weather was fine and the track was in excellent condition for racing. There were several scrub races for the amusement of the crowd. In the regular running race there were three entries—Artiband, Red Jim and Planter. Artiband won in 1:53. After this, Sam Jones, owned by Mr. Bland, paced against time. He has a record of 2:16, but this afterwards made it in 2:26½.

Food for a Week.

CAMILLA, Ga., November 14—[Special.]—Handy Powell, a thrifty colored citizen, who lives down toward Branchville, made a round the other night and walked in next morning with seven fat 'possums. Two of these he exchanged for a gallon of syrup, which, with the other 'possums and a little bread, which is not so scarce as meat, furnished ample rations for himself and family for a week.

For pain in the side, back, and limbs, rheumatism &c, use Salvation Oil. 25 cents.

THE DAILY NEWS BRIEFED.

From the Wire, the Mail and Weekly Press.

Rev. J. H. Dixon, of North Carolina, has accepted the call of the Presbyterian church of Gainesville, and will preach there today.

Mr. A. A. Gaines, of Ellaville, while out hunting last week, shot an immense owl that measured four feet and eight inches from tip to tip.

There are two applicants for the judgeship of Macon county court, Judge M. H. Fish, the present incumbent, and Colonel W. H. Hanninson, Sr.

Cobb county has an old gentleman and wife who are 80 years old, been married nearly 60 years, raised 9 children, and never had a death in their family.

Alex Sullivan, son of Mr. S. S. Sullivan, of Americus, shot and killed a wild goose, Monday, as he was hunting on the Muckalee. It weighed nine pounds.

The ginhouse of James F. Smith, near Irwin's cross roads, Washington county, was burned with two bales of cotton and a thousand bushels of seed. There was no insurance.

William Cotton and Tom Watkins, two Henry county negroes, had a fight on Mr. W. W. Annis's plantation Saturday. Cotton was stabbed and his skull was crushed, which caused his death Wednesday. Watkins is still at large.

Messrs. D. C. Bacon & Co. have commenced to erect some of their buildings at Rocky Ford, on the site recently purchased by them for the purpose of erecting planing mills and sash and door factories. It is said they purpose putting $40,000 worth of machinery alone there.

According to the presentments returned by the Whitfield grand jury, since their worthy tax receiver, Mr. Joseph Bogle, assumed charge of the tax books the taxable property has increased to the extent of $135,000, while the counties of Gordon, Catoosa and Walker show a decrease.

Tuesday night, early, the ginhouse of Mr. J. C. Rogers, about four miles from Dawson, was consumed by fire with four and a half bales of cotton, seed from twenty bales, 200 bushels of oats and farming implements. It is thought to have been the work of an incendiary. Loss about $1,000; no insurance.

Henry Thomas, colored, was an employe of the firm of Dodge, Meigs & Co., in Dodge county, in the capacity of fireman, and met his death in attempting to mount the engine, by the accidental discharge of a shotgun he had in his possession at the time, the entire load of shot entering his body.

Haralson Jenkins, a colored tenant on Mr. Henry Banks's place, near Ragland, came to his death in a very strange and tragic manner on last Thursday morning. He went 'possum hunting, treed his game and felled the tree. It was caught in the limbs of another which stood near. He cut this down also. One of the trees, in falling, struck him on the neck, breaking it.

Gilbert Hodges, a negro on the place of the late W. G. Sims, near Hogansville, was cut with a knife and killed by Aus. Wisdom. The slayer fled and has not yet been apprehended. Pierce Maxwell, Sam Minifee and Frank Combs were in the same row, but were not involved in the homicide. They were arrested for riot and bound over by Justice Moreland, of the Hogansville district. In default of bail they were sent to LaGrange and lodged in jail.

Mr. Miles Livingston, Jesse Seawright, George Wiggins and Platt Keith, of Dawson, the last three colored men, went out opossum hunting Monday night. They caught two 'possums and the dogs treed a coon up a large tree. The hunters proceeded to cut the tree down. When the tree was falling a limb broke and struck Platt Keith on the head killing him instantly. The body of the dead man was hauled to Dawson in a wagon Tuesday morning and taken to the house of his brother, Tom Keith.

Mr. J. O. Durham, who was knocked down and dragged under a car and badly hurt at this place several weeks ago, died on last Sunday morning. At the time he was hurt, he was attempting to board a passenger train to visit his wife who was at Acworth, and, it being dark, a train switching on the side track, backed some cars down on him, caught him and dragged him under the car some fifty feet or more. He was a track hand on the Marietta section of the W. & A. R. R. We learn that Messrs. Clay & Blair have been employed to bring suit against the railroad for $20 000.

The gin house of Mr. A. H. Brown, of Campbell county, with sixteen bales of cotton, was burned last Sunday. The cotton was stored under the gin house, and some small boys were playing about it, when one of them struck a match to take a smoke. The match fell into the cotton, and the flames almost instantly spread over the whole pile. There was no possible chance of saving it, and it was with difficulty that Mr. Brown's dwelling was saved, which stood near by. There was no insurance, and the loss is estimated at about $1,700.

Several night ago, Conductor Loftain, in charge of freight train No. 35 bound south, was standing beside a car, at Fort Valley, while the engine was drilling a number of other cars on to a side track near by. When the train finally started forward, the wheels of the car by which he stood, passed over a torpedo lying on the rail, placed there with malicious intent, causing it to explode. A portion of the deadly missile struck Mr. Loftain upon the knee-cap completely shattering it, and rendering him for a while insensible. He was put aboard the train and taken on to Americus where Dr. Fort, who had been wired for, met him at the depot and attended his wounds.

The Perry Journal says that Mr. Tom Head went up to Mr. Cliett's and taking his gun with him, walked into the house with one barrel cocked, and sat the gun up in one corner of the house. When he went to leave he took the gun up by the muzzle. Mrs. Cliett remarked to him, "are you not afraid to handle your gun in that manner?" Mr. Head said, "there is no danger," at the same time placing his finger on the trigger, saying, "let me show you—the gun went off, emptying its contents in the window facing, Mrs. Maynard had but a second or two got up from the window where she was sewing. It would not have missed her head but a few inches The fire from the gun would have burned her face badly. It frightened them all so that they did not know for some time how many or who was killed.

Washington as a Railway Center.

WASHINGTON, Ga., November 14.—[Special.] A prominent lawyer of this place, who is interested in building up the railroad interests of our city, has received $25,000 in subscriptions to the W. and E. railway. It is reported on unquestioned authority that if the W. and E. road is built the R and D. will construct a broad guage from Toccoa to Elberton, and will also assume control of the W. and E. It is now well understood that the A. and C. road will of necessity pass through here. Six months hence the whistles of three locomotives, representing as many roads, will be heard here. It is rumored that the presidency of the W. and E. will be tendered the Hon. W. M. Reese.

Pure blood is absolutely necessary in order to enjoy perfect health. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and strengthens the system.

He Must Lose His Leg.

COLUMBUS, Ga., November 14—[Special.]—Two or three weeks ago two negro boys were frolicking in this city, when one threw a knife at the other, cutting him on the leg, just back of and a little above the knee joint. A large artery was cut, but it was not thought to be serious. A large blood clot, however, formed in the artery, and now the doctors think they will have to cut the boy's leg off above the knee. The lower part of the foot is perfectly dead, as the effected artery is the one which supplied it with blood, and no longer performs that functionary on account of the clot. The boy's name is John Wilson.

"Buchu-Paiba."

Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases. $1. At Druggists.

PERSONAL.

J. H. EDMONDSON, of LaGrange, is in the city.

J. R. BLACK, of Macon, visited Atlanta yesterday.

B. M. HALL, of Norwood, is visiting Atlanta.

DR. T. J. CHARLTON and wife, of Savannah, are at the Kimball.

HON. W. M. REESE and Dr. G. W. Mulligan of Washington, are in the city.

MARION VERDERY and F. H. Newberry, of Augusta, are in the city, visiting friends.

MR. J. G. THROWER wants it understood that he will give his personal attention to repairing as well as to large jobs of plastering.

HERMAN BOHNEFELD, of Macon, was in Atlanta yesterday, for the purpose of attending the funeral of his brother, Richard Bohnefeld.

PATROLMEN JOE GREEN and Henry McWilliams, two of the best officers on the police force, are on the sick list. Both of them are suffering with carbuncles on their necks.

S. D. TUSSEY, representative in Atlanta of the Corbin banking company, is at St. Joseph's infirmary, dangerously ill with an attack of typhoid fever. Yesterday, when a number of his friends called to see him, it was found that he failed to recognize them. His mind has been in this condition for several days.

AT THE KIMBALL: J S Fields, Ky; E Coy Kendall, E T, V & G R R; H Bohnefield, Macon; S G Atkins, Va; J Barlow, N Y; John F Renfroe, Opelika, Ala; John W Kent, N Y; F H Newbury, Augusta; W A Bone, Rochester, N Y; John B Bland, Va; S B Mason, W Va; F J Waddell, Chattanooga, Tenn; W B Clay, Henderson, Ky; C N Dashfield, N Y; C H Stockell, Nashville; C J Armchester, Phil; Dr T J Charlton and wife, Savannah, Ga; Dr G W Mulligan and wife, Washington, Ga; S M Armstead, Louisville; W E Ferguson, Yorkville, S C; J H Edmondson, LaGrange, Ga; J R Black, Macon; R N Taylor, Philadelphia; C Bradshaw, Little Rock, Ark; R B Kerner, Winston, N C; Mrs T Clapham, James Morse, F Conklin F H Appleton, New York; C F Mitchell, Fla; F M Maddox, New York; W A Brown, Mark Dalton, E E Kirby, Ga; J A Danton, Cincinnati, O; B M Hall, Macon, Ga; W M Reese, Washington, Ga; M Verdry, Augusta; J W Cook, Montgomery; C B McCord, Opelika, Ala; R C Mannerdo, N Y; Wm W Morris, Louisville; H S Mendenham, Baltimore; James E Dean, New York; A H Lowe, Fitchburg, Mass.; J T MacNeal, Cincinnati, O.

Cohen's famous orchestra called at the residence of Mr Jacob Haas last evening and serenaded Mrs. Haas upon the occasion of her birthday. The members of the band were elegantly entertained. A number of relatives and friends of Mrs. Haas were present to tender their congratulations.

Americus Organizes.

AMERICUS, Ga., November 14.—[Special.]—The Young Men's Christian association was organized in the city Friday night at the Methodist church. Forty-two names were enrolled. Mr. H. C. Bagley was elected president; S. C. Cooper secretary. About nine hundred dollars was raised to procure rooms and furnish them. A parlor gymnasium and reading room will be fitted at once. The ladies propose furnishing the parlor.

* * * * Nervous debility, premature decline of power in either sex, speedily and permanently cured. Large book, 10 cents in stamps. World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y.

"Rough on Bile" Pills

Small granules, small dose, big results, pleasant in operation, don't disturb the stomach. 25 cents.

Something to be Stopped.

From the Brunswick, Ga., Herald.

A correspondent thinks it would be better for the morals of the rising generations if the members of the chaingang were forbidden all intercourse or conversation with the boys and girls, white or colored, of this city, when at work in the streets. There seems to be no supervision in this respect, as may be seen any day. The prisoners receive tobacco and other things from their friends without any steps taken to prevent them.

It enjoys universal confidence—Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Corn Juice Echoes.

From the Dublin, Ga., Gazette.

From visible effects, it is evident that the bartenders have dispensed considerable liquor during the past two weeks.

From the Lincolnton, Ga., News.

The editor of the News is under lasting obligations to Rem Crawford for introducing a certain patent medicine in our midst. If Rem ever does need a friend he can rely on us. "May Isis and Osiris guard him."

"Rough on Dirt."

Ask for Rough on Dirt; A perfect washing powder found at last! A harmless, extra fine A 1 article, pure and clean, sweetens, freshens, bleaches and whitens without slightest injury to finest fabrics. Unequaled for fine linens and laces, general household, kitchen and laundry use. Softens water, saves labor and soap; added to starch increases gloss; 5c., 10c., 25c., at druggists or grocers.

DEATHS IN GEORGIA.

Mrs. Dora Baker, nee Miss Dora McKenzie, wife of Mr. Wash Baker, of Montezuma, died Friday night after a short illness.

Mrs Lucius J. Lamar, of Milledgeville, died about five o'clock Saturday morning. Mrs. Lamar was the wife of the steward of the asylum.

Jos. Thompson, Griffin, Ga., Wholesale Liquors.

All the leading brands of Ryes, Bourbon and Corn Whiskies, Imported Brandies and Wines. Orders sent by morning train delivered same day. Call at 23 Decatur street for blank orders, or write direct to Griffin, Ga. tf

LOST—STRAYED FROM RESIDENCE IN EDGEwood Sunday morning a five month Pointer puppy, liver colored head and ears and two large spots on back, liver colored tick all over, all clipped. Finder will be rewarded by J. B. Hightower & Co., No. 86 Whitehall street.

CLINGMAN'S TOBACCO REMEDIES

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the age. No family ought to be without them.



He made some of the Most Wonderful Cures on record.

THE CLINGMAN TOBACCO OINTMENT

THE MOST EFFECTIVE PREPARATION on the market for Piles. A SURE CURE for Itching Piles. Has never failed to give prompt relief. Will cure Anal Ulcers, Abscess, Fistula, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Barber's Itch, Ringworms, Pimples, Sores and Boils. Price 50 cts.

THE CLINGMAN TOBACCO CAKE

NATURE'S OWN REMEDY. Cures all Wounds, Cuts, Bruises, Sprains, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Bone Felons, Ulcers, Sores, Sore Eyes, Sore Throat, Bunions, Corns, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Orchitis, Gout, Rheumatic Gout, Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Milk Leg, Snake and Dog Bites, Stings of Insects, &c. In fact allays all local Irritation and Inflammation from whatever cause. Price 25 cts.

THE CLINGMAN TOBACCO PLASTER

Prepared according to the most scientific principles, of the PUREST SEDATIVE INGREDIENTS, compounded with the purest Tobacco Flour, and is specially recommended for Croup, Weed or Cake of the Breast, and for that class of Irritant or Inflammatory maladies, Aches and Pains where, from too delicate a state of the system, the patient is unable to bear the stronger application of the Tobacco Cake. For Headache or other Aches and Pains, it is invaluable. Price 15 cts.

Ask your druggist for these remedies, or write to the

CLINGMAN TOBACCO CURE CO.
DURHAM. N. C., U. S. A.

TAX NOTICE.

MY BOOKS ARE NOW OPEN FOR THE COLlection of State and County Tax for 1886. Office hours from 7 a.m. to 5 p.m.

JAMES M. WILSON,
T. C. F. C.



HAWKES' PATENT SPRING EYE-GLASSES
—AND—
NEW CRYSTALLIZED LENSES

Have won the admiration of every Spectacle wearer who has used them. They stand unrivalled in their splendid reputation. Our testimonials are from governors, senators, legislators, and from the most distinguished men in all branches of science, who have had their sight improved by their use.

UNPRECEDENTED SALES

Everywhere. Overwhelming testimony in favor of their superiority. They can be worn any length of time at one sitting, and give astonishing clearness of vision, either by candle or by other artificial lights.

Mr. Hawkes not only has the best glasses, but carefully examines the eye of each patient, and gives indispensable advice as to the proper selection of glasses, having had an experience of [illegible] years in this branch of science. Every pair warranted.

MORE TESTIMONIALS.

ATLANTA, Ga., November 6, 1886.—Mr. A. K. Hawkes—Dear Sir: I have been wearing spectacles for about twenty five years. During the last three years have worn your crystalized lenses, and am happy to say that they have improved my eye sight. They are the best by far, of any glasses I have ever used. In brilliancy and softness of endurance to the eye they are unequalled. Respectfully, J. M. BROSINS, Inventor of the Brosins Patent Adjustable Wagon Axle, Atlanta, Ga.

From Governor S. P. Hughes, of Arkansas.

Having used A. K. Hawkes' new Crystallized Lenses for some months, I have found them the finest glasses I have ever used.

SIMON P. HUGHES,
Governor of Arkansas.

Press Reports.

From the Christian Advocate, Galveston, Tex.

"Mr. A. K Hawkes has gained a national reputation as a practical optician, and his celebrated spectacles and patent spring eyeglasses are known throughout the United States. We are writing this article with a pair of his new Crystalized Lenses, and they seem to us as transparent as light itself, and with them the finest print is as clear as in youth."

CLARKESDALE, Miss, April 3, 1886.—This is to certify that I have been using Hawkes' Crystalized Spectacles and am convinced they are the most satisfactory glasses I have ever tried. My eyes have been greatly benefited by their use,

E. A. DAVIDSON,
Of Clarksville Banner.

MR. A. K. HAWKES—Dear Sir: The eyeglasses I purchased from you nearly three years ago have given me perfect satisfaction. I am enabled to read the finest print with them as clearly as the day I procured them. Respectfully,

MARION MARTIN,
Senator from Corsicana.

MR. A. K. HAWKES—Dear Sir: About one year ago my sight began to fail with the usual symptoms, viz: After reading for a short time my eyes became confused and there seemed to be a dimness before them also accompanied with the pains in the eyeball. Being satisfied that glasses were imperatively demanded, applied to you for them and I am happy to say, with wonderful results; for, after having worn them for a short time, my eyes regained their accustomed strength and I can now read the finest print for hours with perfect ease without glasses.

P. S SPILLER,
Clerk in Land Office.

The following are a few of the leading firms who are handling our glasses in their respective towns:
Sol Hogue, druggist, Macon, Ga.
Brannon & Carson, druggists, Columbus, Ga.
G. Van Antwerp, druggists, Mobile, Ala.
H. & W. A. Dell, druggist, Jacksonville, Fla.
M B. Metcalf, druggist, Montgomery, Ala.
Osceola Butler, druggist, Savannah, Ga.
L. J. Miller & Co., druggists, Augusta, Ga.
Dr. E S. Harrison, druggist, Thompson, Ga.
M. A. Peteet, druggist, Madison, Ga.
Dr. E S. Lyndon, druggist, Athens, Ga.
Dr. J. W. Oslin & Son, druggists, Gainesville, Ga.
Dr. E J. Setze, druggist, Marietta, Ga.
H. D Cothran & Co., druggists Rome, Ga.
Dr M. C. Martin, druggist, Dalton, Ga.
Berry & Co., druggists, Chattanooga, Tenn.
T. T. Smiley Barnesville Ga.
J. J. Crawford, druggist, West Point, Ga.
F. M. Ridley & Co., druggist, LaGrange, Ga.
Collier and Hurt, druggists, Opelika, Ala.
J. A. McClain general merchandise, Ringgold, Ga.
Thomas Johnson, druggist, Adairsville, Ga.
Hogue & Co. Rockmart, Ga.
J. P. Ballard & Co., druggists, Eatonton, Ga.
Dr. C. E. Daniel, druggist, Tennille, Ga.
Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, wholesale and retail druggists, Vineville and Albany, Ga.
Crumley & Co., druggists, Montezuma, Ga.
W. E. Sanders, druggist, Forsyth, Ga.
Dr. J. N. Harris & Son, druggists, Griffin, Ga.
Taylor & Jelks, druggists Hawkinsville, Ga.
E. J. Eldridge, druggist, Americus, Ga.
S. J. Cassells, druggist, Thomasville, Ga.
Averd Bros., druggists, Quitman, Ga.
David Thomas, druggist, Valdosta, Ga.
Drs. Redding & Walker, druggists, Waycross, Ga.
Lloyd & Adams, druggists, Brunswick, Ga.
T. S. Powell, druggist, Cuthbert, Ga.
E. C. Bullock, druggist, Eufaula, Ala.
Dr. A. St. C. Tennille druggist Troy, Ala.
Dr. C. H. Franklin, druggist, Union Springs, Ala.
E. M. & J. P. Thompson, Jefferson, Ga.
J. F. Matthews, Monroe, Ga.
Dr. S. H. Dillard, druggist, Union Point, Ga.
Dr. R. J. Reid, druggist, Crawfordsville, Ga.
Dr. J. A. Wright, druggist, Covington, Ga.
J. E. Ellis & Co., wholesale and retail druggists, Birmingham, Ala.
G. Van Antwerp, druggist, Mobile, Ala.
J. D. Wikle, druggist, Anniston, Ala.
G. F. Carter & Co., druggists, Athens, Tenn.
John T. Rogers druggist, Cleveland, Tenn.
O. B Heidt & Bro., druggists, Selma, Ala.
John G. Quinn, druggist, Meridian, Miss.
C. C. Reynolds & Co., wholesale and retail druggists, Vicksburg, Miss.
R. M. Henderson, druggist, Talladega, Ala.
Dr. A. S Murphy, druggist, Eutaw, Ala.
Parker & Armstrong druggists, Columbiana, Ala.
J. H. Burton, Auburn Ala.
Scruggs & Parker, druggists, Livingston, Ala.
Swadley & Stahl, druggists, Huntsville, Ala.
H. C. Tyler, Yazoo City, Miss.
J. C. White, druggist, Hazlehurst, Miss.
T. T. Meade & Co., druggists, Brookhaven, Miss.
Sample & Persell, druggists, Summit, Miss.
Davenport & McDowell druggists Starkville, Miss.
Jackson & Lee, druggists, Kosciusko, Miss.
W. E Smith Grenada Miss.
L. N. Kiser, druggist, Canton, Miss.
Dr. C. J. Lincoln, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, Little Rock, Ark.
J. J. Collins, druggist, Baton Rouge, La.
Together with 1,000 others

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

We would caution the public against buying spectacles of irresponsible peddlers traveling through the country and representing them to be A. K. Hawes's, or selling the same class of goods. My spectacles are stamped on frame "Hawkes," and none genuine unless stamped on the frame, and are not supplied to peddlers at any price.

EVERY PAIR WARRANTED

If these glasses are not sold by a dealer in your town send for large discriptive circular, with explicit directions for fitting the eye.

Dealers wanted everywhere. Send for terms and discounts.

A. K. HAWKES, Optician,
19 Decatur street, Under Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.

2d 5, 8p n r m

DR. RICE,

For 1? years at 37 Court Place, now at
322 Market Street, Louisville, Ky
Bet. Third and Fourth,

A regularly educated and legally qualified physician and the most successful, as his practice will prove.

Cures all forms of PRIVATE CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.

Spermatorrhea and Impotency,

[illegible]

SYPHILIS Gonorrhea, GLEET, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, [illegible]

[illegible]

Cures Guaranteed in all Cases undertaken.

[illegible]

PRIVATE COUNSELOR

[illegible]

MARSHAL SALES.

December, 1886.

CITY MARSHAL'S SALE FOR CITY TAX FOR the years 1885 and 1886, and curbing and paving. Will be sold before the courthouse door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in December, 1886, within the legal hours of sale, the following property levied on by city marshal to satisfy fi fas issued by order of mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta Georgia, for city tax for the years 1885 and 1886, curbing and paving:

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ½ acre, more or less, on Baker to Simpson streets; No 163, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Weaver, and levied on as the property of Mrs Mary J Asher to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs Mary J Asher for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 78, originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 110x100 feet more or less, on Spring and Railroad street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Solomon; levied on as the property of Atlanta Elevator company, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Atlanta Elevator company for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 8, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 51x192 feet more or less, on Hood street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Lively and Jones; levied on as the property of Mrs R H Austin, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs R H Austin for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 150x23? feet, more or less, on Collins and Alley streets. The said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Seals and Alley. Levied on as the property of Reuben Arnold to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Reuben Arnold for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 79, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 376x125 feet, more or less, on Spring and Cot streets. The said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Hunnicutt. Levied on as the property of Atlanta Land Improvement Co. to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Atlanta Land Improvement Co. for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 47, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acre, more or less, on Jackson street, No. 123, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Stephens and McCalla; levied on as the property of Mrs N O Byrd, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs N O Byrd, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 83, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 52x145 feet, more or less, on Maple and Foundry street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Oglethorpe and Jackson, levied on as the property of Nathan Benjamin, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Nathan Benjamin for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 77, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 45x140 feet more or less, on Pryor street to alley. No 121, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Bowie and Hammond; levied on as the property of Mrs A E Brumby to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs A E Brumby for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅝ acres, more or less, on Houston streets, No 85, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Glazier and White; levied on as the property of Courtney W Beal to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Courtney W Beal for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 77, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x90 feet, more or less, on Forsyth street, No 82, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Tidwell and Howell; levied on as the property of Joseph Brantley, guardian to satisfy a tax fi fa, in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Joseph Brantley, guardian, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 79, originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 72x200 feet, more or less, on W. Peachtree and Powers street, No 236, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Kennedy and Berry; levied on as the property of C M Berry, agent, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said C M Berry, agent, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 60x200 feet, more or less, on Stonewall street and alley, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Saltz, Clan and Tolbert; levied on as the property of Mrs A J Baber to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs A J Baber for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 40x100 feet, more or less, on Valentine street, No 58, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Reynolds and Horton; levied on as the property of Willis Bailey, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs Willis Bailey, colored, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x100 feet, more or less, on Spring street, No. 99, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Hirsch and Davis; levied on as the property of Mrs T H Baxter to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs T H Baxter for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acre, more or less, on Chapel street and alley, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Latham; levied on as the property of Max J Baer to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Max J Baer for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, landlot 82, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅛ acre more or less, on State street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Jones and Clarke; levied on as the property of W H Clarke to satisfy a tax fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said W H Clarke for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acre, more or less, on Marietta, Cain and Walton sts, No 155 the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Ray et al and Rice; levied on as the property of Mrs M B Chisom to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs M B Chisom for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ½ acre, more or less, on street, Nos. 83 and 85. The said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Berry Curtis. Levied on as the property of Dr. Jno. P. Crechon to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Dr. Jno. P. Crechon for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the time same and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 95x93 feet more or less, on Baker street. The said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Holcombe and Riley. Levied on as the property of Mrs. Jno Corrigan to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs. Jno Corrigan for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place city lot in ward 2, land lot 76, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x100 feet, more or less, on Fair street, No. 113. The said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Murphey and Strickler. Levied on as the property of Jno Corrigan to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jno Corrigan for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 75, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 86x16? feet, more or less, on northwest corner Pryor and Glenn streets, lot 18. The said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining White. Levied on as the property of Joe M Corrigan to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Joe M Corrigan for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place city lot in ward 2, land lot 77, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x150 feet, more or less, on Whitehall street, No 150, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Chamberlain and Marion; levied on as the property of Dr G G Crawford, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Dr G G Crawford for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 50, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 48x140 feet, more or less, on Merritt's avenue, No 11, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Vaughn and Beck; levied on as the property of Jennie K Crichton, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs Jennie K Crichton, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 45, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 36x54 feet, more or less, on Ezzard to Alley, No—, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Howell and Grady; levied on as the property of W A Candler, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said W A Candler, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x130 feet, more or less, on Wheat and Hilliard street, No. 239, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Martin; levied on as the property of Moses Calhoun, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Moses Calhoun, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton

HAWKES'
PATENT
[SP]RING EYE-GLASSES
—AND—
[...] CRYSTALLIZED LENSES
[...] won the admiration of every Spectacle [...] who has used them. They stand unrivalled [...] splendid reputation. Our testimonials are [...] governors, senators, legislators, and from the [...] distinguished men in all branches of science, [...] have had their sight improved by their use.
[UN]PRECEDENTED SALES
[...]here. Overwhelming testimony in favor of [...] superiority. They can be worn any length [...] at one sitting, and give astonishing clear [...] vision, either by candle or by other artif[icial light].
[...] Hawkes not only has the best glasses [...] examines the eye of each patient, [...] indispensable advice as to the proper [...], having had an experience [...] in this branch of science. Every[...]
[MO]RE TESTIMONI[A]LS.
[Atl]anta, Ga., November 6, 1886.—[...] Dear Sir: I have been wearing [...] for about twenty five years. During [...] years have worn your crystallized lenses, and [...] happy to say that they have improved my [...] They are the best by far, of any glasses [...] ever used. In brilliancy and softness of [...] to the eye they are unequalled. Respect[fully],
J. M. BROSINS,
[Inventor] of the Brosins Patent Adjustable Wagon, Atlanta, Ga.
[...] Governor S. P. Hughes, of Arkansas
[...] using A. K. Hawkes' new Crystallized [...] for some months, I have found them the [best] glasses I have ever used.
SIMON P. HUGHES,
Governor of Arkansas.
Press Reports.
[T]he Christian Advocate, Galveston, Tex.
[...] A. K Hawkes has gained a national reputa[tion as a] practical optician, and his celebrated [...] and patent spring eyeglasses are known [throughout] the United States. We are writing this [...] with a pair of his new Crystallized Lenses [...] seem to us as transparent as light itself [...] them the finest print is as clear as in[...]
[...]dale, Miss., April 3, 1886.—This is to cert[ify that] I have been using Hawkes' Crystalized [...] and am convinced they are the most [satisfa]ctory glasses I have ever tried. My eyes have [been g]reatly benefited by their use,
E. A. DAVIDSON,
Of Clarksville Banner.
A. K. HAWKES—Dear Sir: The eyeglasses I [purcha]sed from you nearly three years ago have [given] me perfect satisfaction. I am enabled to [read the] finest print with them as clearly as the [day I p]rocured them. Respectfully,
MARION MARTIN,
Senator from Corsicana.
A. K. HAWKES—Dear Sir: About one year [ago my] sight began to fail with the usual symp[toms]. After reading for a short time my eyes [became] confused and there seemed to be a dimness [...] them also accompanied with the pains in [the] eyeball. Being satisfied that glasses were im[perat]ively demanded, applied to you for them and [am] happy to say, with wonderful results; for, [after] having worn them for a short time, my eyes [regain]ed their accustomed strength and I can now [read the] fine print for hours with perfect ease [...] glasses.
P. S. SPILLER,
Clerk in Land Office.
[The] following are a few of the leading firms who [are ha]ndling our glasses in their respective towns:
[...] Hogue, druggist, Macon, Ga.
[...] & Carson, druggists, Columbus, Ga.
[V]an Antwerp, druggists, Mobile, Ala.
[...] A. Dell, druggist, Jacksonville, Fla.
[...] Metcalf, druggist, Montgomery, Ala.
[...] Butler, druggist, Savannah, Ga.
[...] Miller & Co., druggists, Augusta, Ga.
[...] E. S. Harrison, druggist, Thompson, Ga.
[...] Peteet, druggist, Madison, Ga.
[...] E. S. Lyndon, druggist, Athens, Ga.
Dr. J. W. Ostin & Son, druggists, Gainesville, Ga.
Dr. E. J. Setze, druggist, Marietta, Ga.
[...] D. Cothran & Co., druggists, Rome, Ga.
Dr. M. C. Martin, druggist, Dalton, Ga.
[...]erry & Co., druggists, Chattanooga, Tenn.
[...] T. Smiley, Barnesville, Ga.
[...] Crawford, druggist, West Point, Ga.
[...] Ridley & Co., druggist, LaGrange, Ga.
[...] and Hurt, druggists, Opelika, Ala.
[...] McClain general merchandise, Ringgold, Ga.
[...] Johnson, druggist, Adairsville, Ga.
[...] & Co., Rockmart, Ga.
[...] Ballard & Co., druggists, Eatonton, Ga.
[...] E. Daniel, druggist, Tennille, Ga.
[...] Rankin & Lamar, wholesale and retail [druggists, ...]
[...] Vineville and Albany, Ga.
[...] & Co., druggists, Montezuma, Ga.
[...] Sanders, druggist, Forsyth, Ga.
[...] N. Harris & Son, druggists, Griffin, Ga.
[...] & Jelks, druggists, Hawkinsville, Ga.
[...] Eldridge, druggist, Americus, Ga.
[...] Cassels, druggist, Thomasville, Ga.
[...] Bros., druggists, Quitman, Ga.
[...] Thomas, druggist, Valdosta, Ga.
[...] Redding & Walker, druggists, Waycross, Ga.
[...] & Adams, druggists, Brunswick, Ga.
[...] Powell, druggist, Cuthbert, Ga.
[...] Bullock, druggist, Eufaula, Ala.
[...] & C. Tennille, druggist, Troy, Ala.
[...] C. H. Franklin, druggist, Union Springs, Ala.
[...] M. & J. P. Thompson, Jefferson, Ga.
[...] Matthews, Monroe, Ga.
[...] H. Dillard, druggist, Union Point, Ga.
[...] J. Reid, druggist, Crawfordville, Ga.
[...] A. Wright, druggist, Covington, Ga.
[...] Ellis & Co., wholesale and retail druggists, [Bir]mingham, Ala.
[V]an Antwerp, druggist, Mobile, Ala.
[...] Wikle, druggist, Anniston, Ala.
[...] Carter & Co., druggists, Athens, Tenn.
[J]ohn T. Rogers, druggist, Cleveland, Tenn.
[...] Heidt & Bro., druggists, Selma, Ala.
[...] G. Quinn, druggists, Meridian, Miss.
[...] Reynolds & Co., wholesale and retail drugg[ists], Vicksburg, Miss.
[...] M. Henderson, druggist, Talladega, Ala.
[...] A. S. Murphy, druggist, Eutaw, Ala.
[...] Parker & Armstrong, druggists, Columbiana, Ala.
[...] H. Burton, Auburn, Ala.
[...] & Parker, druggists, Livingston, Ala.
[...] & Stahl, druggists, Huntsville, Ala.
[...] C. Tyler, Yazoo City, Miss.
[...] C. White, druggist, Hazlehurst, Miss.
[...] T. Meade & Co., druggists, Brookhaven, Miss.
[...] & Perrell, druggists, Summit, Miss.
[D]avenport & McDowell, druggists, Starkville, Miss.
[J]ackson & Lee, druggists, Kosciusko, Miss.
[...] E. Smith, Grenada, Miss.
[...] N. Kiser, druggist, Canton, Miss.
[...] C. J. Lincoln, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, [Litt]le Rock, Ark.
[...] J. Collins, druggist, Baton Rouge, La.
[...] together with 1,000 others.
[BE]WARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
[W]e would caution the public against buying [...] of irresponsible peddlers traveling [thro]ugh the country and representing them to be [...] Hawkes's, or selling the same class of goods [...] spectacles are stamped on frame "Hawkes," [...] none genuine unless stamped on the frame, [...] are not supplied to peddlers at any price.
[E]VERY PAIR WARRANTED
[If] these glasses are not sold by a dealer in your [town] send for large descriptive circular, with ex[...] directions for fitting the eye. Send for terms and [...] dealers wanted everywhere.
[A.] K. HAWKES, Optician,
Decatur street, Under Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.
[...] 8p n r m

DR. RICE,
For 1? years at 37 Court Place, now at
322 Market Street, Louisville, Ky
Bet. Third and Fourth,
A regularly educated and legally qualified physician and the most successful, as his practice will prove.
Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.
Spermatorrhea and Impotency,
as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, (night emissions by dreams), Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, &c., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are thoroughly and permanently cured. SYPHILIS positively cured and entirely eradicated from the system; Gonorrhea, GLEET, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, (or Rupture), Piles and other private diseases quickly cured.
It is self-evident that a physician who pays special attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this fact often recommend persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by mail or express anywhere.
Cures Guaranteed in all Cases undertaken.
Consultations personally or by letter free and invited. Charges reasonable and correspondence strictly confidential.
PRIVATE COUNSELOR
Of 200 pages, sent to any address, securely sealed, for thirty (30) cents. Should be read by all. Address as above. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays, [...]

MARSHAL SALES.

December, 1886.

CITY MARSHAL'S SALE FOR CITY TAX FOR the years 1885 and 1886, and curbing and paving. Will be sold before the courthouse door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in December, 1886, within the legal hours of sale, the following property levied on by city marshal to satisfy fi fas issued by order of mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta Georgia, for city tax for the years 1885 and 1886, curbing and paving:

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ½ acre, more or less, on Baker to Simpson streets; No 103, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Weaver, and levied on as the property of Mrs Mary J Asher to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs Mary J Asher for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 110x100 feet more or less, on Spring and Railroad street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Solomon; levied on as the property of Atlanta Elevator company, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Atlanta Elevator company for city taxes for the year 1866.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 8, originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 51x192 feet more or less, on Hood street; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Lively and Jones; levied on as the property of Mrs R H Austin, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs R H Austin for city taxes for the year 1866.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county Georgia, containing 150x238 feet, more or less, on Collins and Alley streets. The said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Seals and Alley. Levied on as the property of Reuben Arnold to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Reuben Arnold for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 79, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 376x125 feet, more or less, on Spring and Cot streets. The said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Hunnicutt. Levied on as the property of Atlanta Land Improvement Co. to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Atlanta Land Improvement Co. for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 47, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acre, more or less, on Jackson street, No. 123 the said being property in the city of Atlanta Georgia, adjoining Stephens and McCalla; levied on as the property of Mrs N O Byrd, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs N O Byrd, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 83, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 52x145 feet, more or less, on Maple and Foundry street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Oglelbie and Jackson, levied on as the property of Nathan Benjamin, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Nathan Benjamin for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 77, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 45x140 feet more or less, on Pryor street to alley. No 124, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Bowie and Hammond; levied on as the property of Mrs A E Brumby to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs A E Brumby for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¾ acres, more or less, on Houston streets, No 85, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Glazier and White; levied on as the property of Courtney W Beal to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Courtney W Beal for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 77, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x90 feet, more or less, on Forsyth street. No 82, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Tidwell and Howell; levied on as the property of Joseph Brantley, guardian to satisfy a tax fi fa, in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Joseph Brantley, guardian, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 79, originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 72x200 feet, more or less, on W. Peachtree and Powers street, No 236, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Kennedy and Berry; levied on as the property of C M Berry, agent, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said C M Berry, agent, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 60x200 feet, more or less, on Stonewall street and alley, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Saltz, Clan and Tolbert; levied on as the property of Mrs A J Baber to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs A J Baber for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 40x100 feet, more or less, on Valentine street, No 58, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Reynolds and Horton; levied on as the property of Mrs Willis Bailey, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs Willis Bailey, colored, for city taxes for the year 1885.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x100 feet, more or less, on Spring street, No. 99, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Hirschfield and Davis; levied on as the property of Mrs T H Baxter to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs T H Baxter for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¾ acre, more or less, on Chapel street and alley, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Latham; levied on as the property of Max J Baer to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Max J Baer for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 82, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅛ acre more or less, on State street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Johnson and Clarke; levied on as the property of W H Clarke to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said W H Clarke for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ½ acre, more or less, on Marietta, Cain and Walton sts. No 155 the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Ray et al and Rice; levied on as the property of Mrs M B Chisolm to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs M B Chisolm for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ½ acre, more or less, on Ellis street, Nos. 83 and 85. The said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Berry and Curtis. Levied on as the property of Dr. Jno. P. Crechton to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Dr. Jno. P. Crechton for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the time same and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county Georgia, containing 95x93 feet more or less, on Baker street. The said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Holcombe and Riley. Levied on as the property of Mrs. Jno Corrigan to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs. Jno Corrigan for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place city lot in ward 2, land lot 76, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x100 feet, more or less, on Fair street, No 113. The said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Murphey and Strickler. Levied on as the property of Jno Corrigan to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jno Corrigan for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 75, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 86x16[illegible] feet, more or less, on northwest corner Pryor and Glenn streets, lot No. 18. The said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining White. Levied on as the property of Joe M Corrigan to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Joe M Corrigan for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place city lot in ward 2, land lot 77, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x150 feet, more or less, on Whitehall street. No 150, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Chamberlain and Marion; levied on as the property of Dr G G Crawford, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Dr G G Crawford, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 50, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 48x140 feet, more or less, on Merritt's avenue, No 11, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Vaughn and Beck; levied on as the property of Mrs Jennie K Crichton, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs Jennie Crichton, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 45, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 36x84 feet, more or less, on Ezzard to Alley, No—, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Howell and Grady; levied on as the property of W A Candler, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said W A Candler, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x130 feet, more or less, on Wheat and Hilliard street, No 239, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Martin; levied on as the property of Moses Calhoun, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Moses Calhoun, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 60x70 feet, more or less, on Luckie street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Adams and Lowe; levied on as the property of Mrs Lula M Dean, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs Lula M Dean, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 79, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia containing 75x125 feet, more or less, on Williams and Alexander street, No —, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining F P Rice; levied on as the property of Samuel Dunlop, trustee, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Samuel Dunlop, trustee, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 108, originally Henry, now Fulton county Georgia containing 150x200 feet, more or less, on Peters to Chapel street, No —, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Middlebrooks and Kyle; levied on one-half interest as the property of Wm E Carnes, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Wm E Carnes for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 79, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 107x200 feet, more or less, on Plum street, lots No 7 and 8, No. —, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Phillips & Crew and Hoyt; levied on as the property of Mrs Mary A M Dean, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs Mary A M Dean for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x200 feet, more or less, on Baker and alley, No —, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Smith and alley; levied on as the property of Mrs Hester E S Dickey, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs Hester Dickey for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 77, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 100x100 feet, more or less, on Forsyth and James street No 66, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Greer and Holcombe; levied on as the property of Mrs C P Ezzard, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs C P Ezzard, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 86, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x100 feet, more or less, on McDaniel street, lot 16 block 12, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Butler, levied on as the property of Israel Ethridge, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Israel Ethredge for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 109, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 26x150 feet, more or less, on Roach street, lots 5, 7 and 9; the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia adjoining —; levied on as the property of Mrs J T Eichberg to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs J T Eichberg for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place city lot in ward 6, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 51x200 feet more or less, on Wheat street, No 104, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Lind and Dooly; levied on as the property of Mrs A E Elyea's estate, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs A E Elyea's estate for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place city lot in ward 4, land lot 47, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¾ acre, more or less on Jackson street, No 199, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Cruickshaw and alley; levied on as the property of Howell C Erwin to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Howell C Erwin for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 45, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 98x120 feet, more or less, on Daniel street, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Young and Stephens; levied on as the property of M Frank to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said M Frank for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 47, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 68x85 feet, more or less, on Cox street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia; adjoining Leak and Smith, levied on as the property of W J Fletcher to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said W J Fletcher for city taxes for the year 1885. Sold for the benefit of L Cohen, transferee.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅓ acre, more or less, on Butler and Houston streets, Nos 189 and 195, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Stricklan and Hutchin; levied on as the property of Henry C Fain to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Henry C Fain for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 77, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia containing 60x100 feet, more or less, on Forsythe and Peters streets, No 132, the same being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Broomhead, John N Fain, gdn; levied on as the property of John N Fain, gdn, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said John N Fain, gdn, for city taxes for the year 1885.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 85, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ½ acre, more or less, on Humphries street, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Darden and Hammond; levied on as the property of Mrs Jane Frank to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs Jane Frank for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 100x200 feet, more or less, on Railroad street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Maxwell and Elevator Co; levied on as the property of Georgia Electric Light Co, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Georgia Electric Light Co, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 47, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 60x209 feet more or less, on Morris to Edwards street the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Hendrix and Cates; levied on as the property of George Gordon, (col.) to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta, against said George Gordon, (col.) for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 45, originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 6 acres, more or less, on Decatur street No. 412, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Stokes and Warren; levied on as the property of L J Gartrell, to satisfy a tax fi fa., in favor of the city of Atlanta against said L J Gartrell, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at same time and place city lot in ward 6, land lot 79 originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 23x30 feet more or less, on west side Spring street, No 7, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Wimbish; levied on as the property of James A Gray to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said James A Gray for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place city lot in ward 6, land lot 49, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¾ acres more or less, on Peachtree and Ponce de Leon avenue, No 431, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Traynham and Couper; levied on as the property of Mrs W S Gordon to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said W S Gordon for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place city lot in ward 2, land lot 77, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x100 feet more or less on Pryor street, No 135, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Patton and Pledger; levied on as the property of Mrs S E Glover to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs S E Glover for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 85, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x200 feet more or less, on Hood street, lot 20 No 32, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Eichberg and Webster; levied on as the property of Mrs M B Guimarin, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs M B Guimarin for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing three-eighths acre more or less, on Collins street, No. 155; the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Snook and Grant; levied on as the property of Mrs M B Gregory, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs M B Gregory for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 85, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x200 feet, more or less, on Windsor street, No. 103, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Sewell and Johnson; levied on as the property of John L Griffin, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said John L. Griffin for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2 land lot 76, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ½ acre, more or less, on Rawson street, No. 169 and 171, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Gable and Thompson; levied on as the property of J J Griffin, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said J J Griffin for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 45, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 86x86 feet, more or less, on Alley and Alley street, No. —, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Redwin and Goode; levied on as the property of J P Harris, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said J P Harris for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 79, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 243x213 feet, more or less, on Luckie to Venable street, No —, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Winter and Shearer; levied on as the property of Mrs Julia E Harris to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs Julia E Harris for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward [illegible], land lot 52 originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga., containing 50x156 feet more or less, on Hunter st., No. 97 the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Rice and Guess; levied on as the property of J P Harrison, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against the said J P Harrison for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 52, originally Henry, now Fulton county Georgia, containing 100x145 feet more or less on Georgia Railroad and Butler street, No. 41,115 the said being property in the city of Atlanta Georgia, adjoining Grant and Longley; levied on as the property of Mrs L R Harville, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs L R Harville for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3 land lot 53, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 100x200 feet, more or less, on Frazier and Jones street, one half interest, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Oliver and Baker; levied on as the property of R. T. Harper, agent, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said R T Harper for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 85, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acre, more or less, on Robbin street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Selig & Bro.; levied on as the property of Dr J F Hammond to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Dr J F Hammond for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia containing ¼ acre, more or less, on Walton and Fairlie streets, Nos 44 42, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Farrer and alley; levied on as the property of E Haiman, trustee, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said E Haiman, trustee, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 19, originally Henry, now Fulton county Georgia, containing ¼ acres, more or less, on Fortune and Alley street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Bowden and alley; levied on as the property of Ed Hill, col, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Ed Hill, col, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 55x100 feet, more or less, on Pryor street, No 75, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Haskell and Murphy; levied on as the property of D P Hill to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said D P Hill for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 50, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 35x128 feet, more or less on Cusner street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining O'Neall and Rice; levied on as the property of Mary Hill, col, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mary Hill, col, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 76, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 54x198 feet more or less, on Richardson and Formwalt streets, lot No 9, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia; levied on as the property of Jno W Hinman, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta, against said Jno W Hinman, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 83, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 4 acres, more or less, on Hunter, Carter, and Maple street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia; levied on as the property of E W Holland estate, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said E W Holland estate, for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 79, originally Henry now Fulton county Georgia, containing ¼ acres more or less on Mills and Venable street No 14 the said being property in the city of Atlanta Georgia adjoining Buis and Marion; levied on as the property of Mrs E W Hodgson to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs E W Hodgson for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, originally Henry now Fulton county Georgia, containing 60x100 feet more or less on Wheat street No 220, the said being property in the city of Atlanta Georgia adjoining Wilson and Wyly; levied on as the property of Ben Holbrooks, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Ben Holbrooks, colored, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry now Fulton county Georgia, containing 101x101 feet more or less on Walton and Cone streets No 62, the said being property in the city of Atlanta Georgia adjoining Butler and Stilson; levied on as the property of Mrs Katie B Hoppie to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs Katie B Hoppie for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 46, originally Henry now Fulton county Georgia, containing 48.8 153 feet more or less on Johnson avenue, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta Georgia; levied on as the property of Dr Dan H Howell to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Dr Dan H Howell, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 52, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x120 feet, more or less, on Capitol avenue, No 24, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Angier and Thompson; levied on as the property of Miss Sarah Holroyd to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Miss Sarah Holroyd for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 53, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acres, more or less, on Jones street, No 279, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Spencer and Hern; levied on as the property of Tiller Holland to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Tiller Holland for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 76, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 53x195 feet, more or less, on Capitol avenue, No 181, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Thornton and Lowe; levied on as the property of Mrs A M Hunt to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs A M Hunt for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 26x70 feet, more or less, on Wheat and Bell streets. The said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Powers and Powers; levied on as the property of L M Ives, trustee; to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said L M Ives trustee for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 53, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 1 16 acres, more or less on King and Alley street, No 58, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Tennesson and Alley; levied on as the property of Henry Isaac's, colored; to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Henry Isaacs colored, for city taxes for the year 1886,

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x95 feet, more or less, on Park street lot No 25, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining W L Jarvis; levied on as the property of W L Jarvis to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said W L Jarvis for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 109, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 25x100 feet, more or less, on Dorsy street, north ½ lot No 34, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia; levied on as the property of Henry Jackson to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Henry Jackson, for city taxes for the year 1886,

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x102 feet, more or less, on Luckie street, No. 128, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Stratton & Hall; levied on as the property of Chas. W. James, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Chas W James, for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acres more or less, on Marietta and Walton streets, No 137 and 135, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Fuller & Healey; levied on as the property of Jeffier & Moore, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jeffier & Moore, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 82, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅜ acres, more or less, on Victoria and Railroad streets, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Armstrong and Depot; levied on as the property of Jno W Johnson, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jno W Johnson, for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 82, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅛ acres, more or less, on State and Corput St., No 1, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia adjoining Hoyt & Clarke; levied on as the property of Mrs M I Johnson, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs M I Johnson, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 79, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅜ acres, more or less, on Mills Williams and Alexander streets, No. —, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia adjoining McFessin and Edmundson; levied on as the property of Miss M E Johnson, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Miss M E Johnson for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2 land lot 85, originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x200 feet, more or less, on Hood and Ira streets, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining J F Lively and Alley; levied on as the property of J F Jones, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said J F Jones for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 78 originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 58x168 feet, more or less, on Baker street, No 53, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Phelan and Smith; levied on as the property of J G Jones, trustee, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor the city of Atlanta against said J G Jones for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 63x[illegible]5 feet, more or less, on Nelson and Tatnall street, No. 153, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Tuin pseed and Lumpkin; levied on as the property of Mrs M W Kellam, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs M W Kellam for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 53, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅛ acres, more or less, on Richmond and Crumley streets, No 35, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Thomas and Holmes; levied on as the property of Fannie Kelly, col, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Fannie Kelly, col, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 20, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 100x83 feet, more or less, on Savannah street, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia adjoining McLaren; levied on as the property of W M Kimball, agent, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said W M Kimball, agent, for wife for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¾ acres, more or less, on Harris street, No 186, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Stokes and Harris; levied on as the property of Mrs S Francis Little, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs S Francis Little, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place city lot in ward 3, land lot 20, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x83 feet, more or less, on Savannah street, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Church; levied on as the property of Thos W Latham, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Thos W Latham, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 50, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 46x110 feet, more or less, on Fort and Magnolia place, lot No 22, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining ———; levied on as the property of A C Ladd, agent, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said A C Ladd, agent, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place city lot in ward 6, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅞ acres more or less, on Wheat street, No 92, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Elyea and Pittman; levied on as the property of Mrs L E Ladd to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs L E Ladd for city taxes for the year 1866

Also at the same time and place city lot in ward 1, land lot 85, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 40x100 feet more or less, on Holland street, No 23, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Quails and Angier; levied on as the property of Thomas Lawrence to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Thomas Lawrence for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place city lot in ward 3, land lot 54, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x50 feet more or less, on Little street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Turner and Smith; levied on as the property of Augusta Leary to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Augusta Leary, colored, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place city lot in ward 6, land lot 50, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 1¼ acres more or less, on West Peachtree street, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Spalding and Cunningham; levied on as the property of O A Lochrane, trustee, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said O A Lochrane, trustee, for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 40x115 feet more or less, on Houston street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Speck and Maynard; levied on as the property of F R Logan to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said F R Logan for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place city lot in ward 4, land lot 46, originally Henry, now Fulton county Georgia containing ¼ acres more or less, on Fort and Alley street, No 175, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Wallace and Beermann; levied on as the property of J L Logan, Sr, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said J L Logan, Sr, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5 land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅛ acre, more or less on Foundry street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining English, Murphey and McCown; levied on as the property of Logan Broom company to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Logan Broom company for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x50 feet, more or less, on Howard and Benton streets, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Smith and Fitten; levied on as the property of N F Luckey, estate, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said N F Luckey, estate, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 25x100 feet, more or less, on Orme street, No 21, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Green and Cunningham; levied on as the property of Nathan Lyons to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Nathan Lyons for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 52, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 100x180 feet, more or less, on Decatur and Butler streets, No 157, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Harville and Davis; levied on as the property of B F Longley to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said B F Longley for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 52, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x200 feet, more or less, on Calhoun and College street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Manly and Grant; levied on as the property of Mrs B F Longley to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs B F Longley for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3 land lot 54, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 25x100 feet, more or less, on Martin street, lot No 10, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia; levied on as the property of Longley and Niles to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Longley and Niles for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x79 feet, more or less, on Lundy's Lane, lot No 4, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Avery; levied on as the property of J L Maddox to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against J L Maddox for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 85, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acres, more or less, on Ira street, No 237, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Turner and Purse; levied on as the property of Chas Madison to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Chas Madison, colored, for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅛ acres, more or less, on Fair street, No. 48, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Boaz and Rasser; levied on as the property of Max Marcus to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Max Marcus for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 46, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acres, more or less, on Old Wheat street, No. 139, the same being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Waddle and Pringle; levied on as the property of C S Morris to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said C S Morris for city taxes for the year 1886.

Alse at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 76, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 105x210 feet, more or less on Washington street, No 95, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Kirkpatrick; levied on as the property of Mrs E W McCombs to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs E W McCombs for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 52, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 1½ acres, more or less on Hunter and King and Georgia railroad street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Phillips and Maberd; levied on as the property of J M McCombs to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said J M McCombs for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 47, originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 153x200 feet more or less, on Jackson and Blackman street, No. 200, the said being property in the city of Atlanta Georgia, adjoining Osborne and Rawson; levied on as the property of Hon. H K McCoy, to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Hon. H K McCoy for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 109, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, lots 14 and 15, containing 63x131 feet more or less, on Larkin street, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Sticks and Stocks; levied on as the property of J K McCall, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said J K McCall, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 48, originally Henry now Fulton county Georgia, containing 112x250 feet more or less on North avenue to city limit, lot No 40, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Tilly and O'Keef; levied on as the property of J M Nace to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said J M Nace for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 52, originally Henry now Fulton county Georgia, containing ⅓ acres more or less on East Pratt and Taylor street, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta Georgia; levied on as the property of W G Newman, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said W G Newman, for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4 land lot 52 originally Henry now Fulton county Georgia, containing 40x100 feet more or less on Fillmore street No 164, the said being property in the city of Atlanta Georgia adjoining O'Brien and Spears; levied on as the property of Dr F H O'Brien to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Dr F H O'Brien, for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 53 originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x100 feet, more or less, on Frazier street the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Lumpkin and Carlisle; levied on as the property of Lucy S. Oldfield to satisfy a tax fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Lucy S. Oldfield for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 76, originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 53x100 feet, more or less, on Pryor and Jones street, No. 229, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Whitfield and Shannon; levied on as the property of A. N. Oldfield to satisfy a tax fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said A. N. Oldfield for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1 land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 1 acre, more or less, on Mitchell street, No 272, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Pullan and Townsley; levied on as the property of James Parker, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said James Parker, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 77, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x108 feet, more or less, on Pryor and Peters street, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining McDaniel and Glover; levied on as the property of C L Patton, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said C L Patton for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 53, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x100 feet, more or less, on Connally street, No 10, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Gilbert and Hill; levied on as the property of J S Porter to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said J S Porter for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 20, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 100x40 feet, more or less, on Factory street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Ruder and Davis; levied on as the property of R W Phillips to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said R W Phillips for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x95 feet, more or less, on Park street, lot No 18, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia; levied on as the property of S H Phelan to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said S H Phelan for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2 land lot 77, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga., containing 45x90 feet more or less, on Pryor and alley streets, No. 85, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Milledge and alley; levied on as the property of Dr T S Powell to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Dr T S Powell for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 46, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 2 lots, 53x155 feet, each, more or less, on Boulevard street, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Gavan and Lyle; levied on as the property of A J Rainwater, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said A J Rainwater for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 76, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 100x100 feet, more or less, on Crew and Rawson streets. No. 95, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining McLean and Rhocter; levied on as the property of Ray, Robinson and Cahn to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Ray, Robinson and Cahn, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x125 feet, more or less, on Peters street, No. 214, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Stephens Hammond; levied on as the property of Gabriel Regenstein to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Gabriel Regenstein for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, containing 80x100 feet, more or less, on Hunter street, No. 258 and 262, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining university; levied on as the property of Robinson & Bro. to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Robinson & Bro for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 53 originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅛ acres, more or less, on Martin, Fulton and Alley streets, No —, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adj. Atlanta Real Est co and Alley; levied on as the property of J L Robinson, agent, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said J L Robinson, agent, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 21, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 45x85 feet, more or less, on McDonald st, lot 21, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Pendleton, Elmore and McDonald; levied on as the property of Norwood Robson to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Norwood Robson for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅛ acres, more or less on Ellis and Ivy streets, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia adjoining Ballard and Ballard; levied on as the property of I Y Sage to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said I Y Sage for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 52, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia containing ⅛ acres, more or less, on Calhoun street, No 18, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Hubbard and Berry; levied on as the property of H J Sargant to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said H J Sargant for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¾ acres, more or less, on Bailey street, No 25, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Camp and Anderson; levied on as the property of Mrs Fannie F Salter, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs Fannie F Salter, for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 77, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅛ acres, more or less, on Garnett street, No 24, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Menko and LaHatte; levied on as the property of Mrs Eva Schindler, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs Eva Schindler, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2 land lot 76, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 58x150 feet, more or less, on Pulliam street No 66, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Mauck and King; levied on as the property of J C Seymour to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said J C Seymour for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 85, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acre, more or less, on Robbins street, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Tabor and Hammonds; levied on as the property of Selig Bros & Co, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Selig Bros & Co for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 79, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 450x150 feet, more or less, on Marietta railroad street, No 360, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia; levied on as the property of Southern Agricultural Works to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Southern Agricultural Works for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 76, originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x183 feet more or less, on Windsor street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Milner; levied on as the property of Henry S. Simmons, col., to satisfy a tax fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Henry S. Simmons for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 40x79 feet, more or less, on old Wheat street, No. 84, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia; levied on as the property of Stocks & Smith to satisfy a tax fi. fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Stocks & Smith for city taxes for the year 1886

Also, at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 53, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 25x118 feet, more or less, on Peters street, No. 19, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Johnson and Pettis; levied on as the property of Rev W F Smith, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Rev W F Smith, colored, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 45, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga., containing ⅛ acre, more or less, on Grant and Railroad street, No 2, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia; levied on as the property of James Smith, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said James Smith, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also, at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia containing ¼ acre, more or less, on Whitehall and alley to Railroad street, No —, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Tanner and Ribb; levied on as the property of R Windsor Smith, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said R Windsor Smith for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also, at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 77, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 45x105 feet, more or less, on Peters and alley street, No 11, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Ga, adjoining Allen and Mitchell; levied on as the property of Joe S Smith, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Joe S Smith for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place city lot in ward 1, land lot 77 originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅛ acres, more or less, on Whitehall and Garnett street, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Mayer and Holcombe; levied on as the property of Mrs. Jane Smith to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs. Jane Smith for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 46, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅛ acres, more or less, on Hogue street, No 84, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Lively; levied on as the property of Dr. D Smith, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Dr. D. Smith for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 76, originally Henry now Fulton county Georgia, containing 50x100 feet more or less on Washington and Fair street No 103, the said being property in the city of Atlanta Georgia, adjoining Abbott and VanEpps; levied on as the property of S B Spencer, agent, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said S B Spencer, agent, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 85, originally Henry now Fulton county Georgia, containing 30x60 feet more or less on McDaniel street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta Georgia adjoining Huff and Huff; levied on as the property of Thos Stokes, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Thos Stokes, colored, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 52, originally Henry now Fulton county Georgia, containing ¼ acres more or less on Calhoun street No 29, the said being property in the city of Atlanta Georgia, adjoining Sanders and Lother; levied on as the property of Mrs M A Steele to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs M A Steele for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 79, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 65x120 feet, more or less on Powers to Williams street, the said being property in the city of Atlanta Georgia, adjoining Stephens and Woodside; levied on as the property of J Mat Stewart to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said J Mat Stewart for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 54, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 80x120 feet, more or less on Little, lots 13x15, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia; levied on as the property of J N Swift, Jr to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said J N Swift, Jr for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x210 feet, more or less on Railroad street, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Thornton and Swann; levied on as the property of Mrs James Swann to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs James Swann for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 70x130 feet, more or less, on Collins street, No 78, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Smillie and Youngblood; levied on as the property of Mrs M F Smillie and sisters to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs M F Smillie and sisters for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x218 feet, more or less, on Railroad street, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Swann and Austell; levied on as the property of Jas. Swann, guardian, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jas Swann, for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing three-sixteenths of an acre, more or less, on Butler street, No. 145, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Wynatt and Fair; levied on as the property of Rev Henry Strickland, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Rev Henry Strickland for city taxes for the year 1885. Sold for the benefit of J B Redwine, transferee.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 45, originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅜ acres, more or less, on Biggers street, No 8, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Price and Casey; levied on as the property of Minerva Thomas, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Minerva Thomas, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 77, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ⅛ acres, more or less, on Pryor and Fair streets, No 194 and 196, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Goodwin and Goodwin; levied on as the property of Mrs A S Talley, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs A S Talley, for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place city lot in ward 3, land lot 52, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 135x124 feet more or less, on Capitol avenue, No 20, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Holroyd; levied on as the property of Dr John S Thompson to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Dr John S Thompson for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 79 originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x213 feet, more or less, on Luckie to Venable, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Winter and Shearer; levied on as the property of Henry Winter, agent, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Henry Winter, agent, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 52, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 1¼ acres, more or less, on Gilmer and Pratt streets, Nos 20, 26, 30, 34, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Ogletree, Robinson and Boye; levied on as the property of D M Vining, agent, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said D M Vining, agt, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place city lot in ward 6, land lot 51, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ¼ acres more or less, on Peachtree and West Peachtree, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Baker; levied on as the property of J Edgar Thompson, trustee, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said J Edgar Thompson, trustee, for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 79, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x200 feet, more or less, on Simpson street, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Bell; levied on as the property of Henry C Thurman to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Henry C Thurman for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 52 originally Henry, now Fulton county Georgia, containing ⅛ acres, more or less, on Collins and Gilmore street, No 27, 47, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining O'Connor & Peck; levied on as the property of J J Toon to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said J J Toon for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 1, land lot 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 40x92 feet, more or less, on Vine and Alley streets, No —, the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Cloud, levied on as the property of Mary C Vestal, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mary C Vestal for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5 land lot 82, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 6 acres more or less, on Marietta, North avenue and Railroad streets, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Wilkins; levied on as the property of Wilkins, Post & Co., to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Wilkins, Post & Co., for city taxes for the year 1885.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward [illegible], land lot 54, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 40x17 feet, more or less, on Terry to Martin street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Redding; levied on as the property of T C Whitner to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said T C Whitner for city taxes for the year 1886

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 85, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 60x250 feet, more or less, on Richardson street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Castleman and Castleman; levied on as the property of Jno A Whitner, agent, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jno A Whitner, agent, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 82, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 6 acres, more or less, on Marietta N ave and railroad street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Wilkins; levied on as the property of Wilkins, Post & Co to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Wilkins, Post & Co. for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 82, originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 35x[illegible] feet, more or less, on Marietta to State street, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Allen and Wilkins, Post & Co; levied on as the property of Mrs Julia Wilkins to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs Julia Wilkins for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, containing [illegible]x100 feet, more or less, on Marietta and Bartow streets, Nos 142 and 144, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Ferguson, Blount & Murphy; levied on

[Continued on Sixth Page.]

THE CONSTITUTION.

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION IS PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK, AND IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS IN THE CITY, OR MAILED, POSTAGE FREE, AT $1.00 PER MONTH, $2.50 FOR THREE MONTHS, $5.00 FOR SIX MONTHS, OR $10.00 A YEAR.

THE CONSTITUTION IS FOR SALE ON ALL TRAINS LEADING OUT OF ATLANTA, AND AT NEWS STANDS IN THE PRINCIPAL SOUTHERN CITIES.

ADVERTISING RATES DEPEND ON LOCATION IN THE PAPER, AND WILL BE FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

CORRESPONDENCE CONTAINING IMPORTANT NEWS SOLICITED FROM ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY.

ADDRESS ALL LETTERS AND TELEGRAMS, AND MAKE ALL DRAFTS OR CHECKS PAYABLE TO

THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA, GA., NOVEMBER 15, 1886.

Indications for Atlanta (taken at 1 o'clock, a. m.): Fair slightly warmer weather. BLUE. RED. *Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Fair weather; slightly warmer; variable winds.*

MISSOURI is not as solidly democratic as Georgia, but the state is democratic enough for all practical purposes. The legislature will have a majority of 40 on joint ballot.

THE compliment paid to the inaugural address of Governor Gordon by the Troy, N. Y., Telegram, which appears elsewhere, is the more remarkable because the Telegram is a republican paper. Georgia's governor will be found to speak to the hearts of the whole republic.

THE great strike in Chicago is practically ended. The socialistic element in that city attempted a kick against the order of Master Workman Powderly, but the common sense American workmen, in session at night, resolved upon obedience. Thus they have won a victory over the element which all patriotic men should combine to resist.

THE Macon Telegraph of yesterday has the following unmerited fling at one of the most active of the members of the house:

> Mr. Tate, chairman of the railroad committee of the house, had some little trouble over his vote at the close of the last session. The result is that Mr. Tate is not again placed at the head of the committee.

The animus of the above becomes evident when it is known that Mr. Tate has been promoted to the chairmanship of the special judiciary committee by Speaker Little, and is again placed on the railroad committee.

The Proposed Legislative Investigation.

We referred briefly yesterda to the investigation which the house has ordered relative to the Marietta and North Georgia railroad, and expressed the hope that the senate would promptly concur in the house resolution, which is based on sworn statements printed in THE CONSTITUTION. In entering upon the investigation, the legislature, through its committee, will have to consider several matters that may be grouped under two heads:

1. Was there a lobby during the last session which was organized to influence the legislature to demand that the new capitol should be built of Georgia material? Were these men, against whom the charges are made, engaged in the lobby improperly, and what did they do?

2. How and why has the great commotion about the Marietta and North Georgia railroad been kept up, notwithstanding the fact that a majority of the legislature, the attorney-general and Governor McDaniel all approved the act of settlement? Is there anything improper in that settlement?

There are several very singular coincidences connected with this controversy, if it is true that there has been nothing wrong done—nothing but what would be consistent with the honor of any man.

It is strikingly strange how the questions we have enumerated become involved so that they can be jointly investigated. Mr. Eger says that Mr. Harrison's vindictiveness towards the Marietta and North Georgia railroad is based on the fact that the road refused to contribute to a fund which was to be employed in securing the passage of a bill to order Georgia material for a new capitol—in other words, to change the contract that had alread been made by the capitol commissioners, and require a new contract to be made.

We are of the opinion, therefore, that the legislature should first find out if there was an organized movement to substitute another contract for the one made by the state, and to substitute other material for that selected by the commissioners. When this is done, then the legislature should investigate and see if there was a lobby at work to aid this movement. Who was in it? Who was paid, and for what, and under what circumstances? All these things are pertinent to the investigation.

We are satisfied that some of the members of the last legislature voted for the bill to substitute Georgia material for the building of the new capitol from purely patriotic motives. At the same time, we believe there are a few who did not. It is due to the honest members that an effort be made to find out the names of the dishonest ones.

Some of the most iniquitous frauds ever perpetrated in our state were based on the idea of state development. Honest men voted for these measures to develop the resources of the state, and did so from purely patriotic purposes. But behind all this "development" was a cunningly organized lobby, which worked in harmony with all it could influence, and which finally got for its own use all the money which was intended to be used for the "development" of the state. Was this attempted last year? If so, it is the duty of every honest man in the legislature to brand this attempt as it deserves.

The Marietta and North Georgia railroad and the settlement made by the last legislature come prominently into this investigation. If the legislature finds it was fraudulent, let them set it aside. The fact that the owners of this road reside in Boston and Cincinnati is no reason why they should not have equal and exact justice. A man who will rob another because he comes from Boston will be as ready to steal from a Georgian. The men who built this road had faith enough in the state to put their money here before the legislature had settled the matters of difference affecting their interests and those of the state.

They not only invested large sums in the road itself, but they have developed large mining interests in Georgia. They had no trouble when a fair and impartial hearing was had before the legislature, and a settlement was made. If the will of the general assembly is to be nullified simply because these men fail to pay money that has been illegally demanded, the sooner that fact is established the better it will be for all parties interested. If men who want to make investments in our state have to pay for the privilege the sooner that fact is established the better it will be for all concerned.

At the bottom of the charges that have been made lie grave results to the state, if the charges are true. It not only means that legislation is attempted for purely mercenary motives, but that the will of a majority is to be set aside and nullified, and that even the temples of justice are to be polluted to carry out such schemes. Whatever there is in the charge, it all refers to what has been done. The crime, if there is a crime, has already been committed. Now let the committee of investigation find out all the facts, and let it be definitely settled whether the charges that have been made are true or false.

The member of the present general assembly who attempts to cover up this investigation, or to turn it from its proper course, will find out his mistake. There should be no unnecessary delay, but a full and an impartial hearing just as soon as it can be had.

Home Rule in the United States.

The New York Tribune is furious because Governor Gordon saw proper, in his inaugural address, to refer to the question of state rights, and to utter a warning against the gradual drift toward a centralized government that has made itself manifest since the war. This drift or tendency is in the south as well as in the north, in the democratic as well as in the republican party, and the warning and protest uttered by Governor Gordon are timely and to the point.

The Tribune, however, pretends to regard what Governor Gordon says about state rights as an appeal to the old secession element, and it waxes hot in its denunciations. The fury of the Tribune is not by any means to be regretted, for it shows that the two parties are still divided on the vital issue of home rule, which, in this country, is only another name for the right of the people to govern themselves, so far as their local affairs are concerned, free from the interference of the general government.

When our metropolitan contemporary declares that the war settled the question of state rights, it shows that it has no proper conception of the results of the war. The war settled that the extreme interpretation of state sovereignty which permitted a state to withdraw from the union would not be tolerated, and it also swept away the chief cause of the extreme state sovereignty idea—slavery.

Does the Tribune suppose that the states of the north and west engaged in a costly war for the purpose of destroying their own rights? They fought to preserve the union, and under that union the states have rights which neither the weakest nor the strongest will vote to surrender. The war settled the fact that the union is one and indivisible, but the result has not deprived the states that compose that union of even the least of their essential rights.

The Tribune evidently regards Governor Gordon's remarks as a sort of "disloyal" outburst; but why did it not have the manliness to print this sentiment from the inaugural?

"Nowhere in this republic," says Governor Gordon, "are there either disloyal citizens or disloyal sentiments; but everywhere, all hearts, voices and arms are ready for the preservation of the general government in all its constitutional vigor as the pledge of our peace and safety."

When Men May Kiss.

In a Brooklyn court the other day a young man was convicted of stealing a kiss from a pretty girl.

The culprit made no defense beyond the miserable plea that he "couldn't help it," and there was nothing for the stern judge to do but to pronounce sentence.

His honor was fully equal to the occasion. In the course of his remarks he said:

> There is no objection, so far as I can see, to a man kissing a girl if she is willing. But you must not do it against her will. She has a right to object, and if she does you mustn't do it. Be sure she is willing before you try.

The lame part of the law is its failure to prescribe the test of willingness in such cases. Of course the girl always says "No," but it is a well known fact that under some circumstances her "No" means "Yes." How is a fellow to find out?

Of course the decision of the Brooklyn judge must stand, but we are strongly of the opinion that in this class of offenses the administration of justice should be tempered with mercy. No iron clad prohibition law will fit the case. A very mild local option measure of a flexible and self-adjusting character is the best that can be hoped for.

Death in the Wine Cup.

Last Thursday Dr. Edson, a sanitary inspector, seized and condemned, in New York, over 5,000 gallons of wine.

The wine was condemned because it was made of dried fruits, to which salicylic acid had been added at a certain stage of fermentation. Dr. Edson said in his report that the use of salicylic acid was forbidden in France. It is condemned by all medical men as detrimental to health, having a depressing effect on the nervous system.

If wine-drinkers in New York have such adulterated stuff thrust upon them, how do they fare in Atlanta?

As this is a prohibition city, so far as whisky is concerned, we take it for granted that our drunkards get drunk according to law. They get drunk on wine. Perhaps it is too early to pronounce judgment, but people are rapidly coming to the conclusion that the wine drunkard is crazier and more dangerous than the whisky drunkard.

There is something wrong somewhere. The New York incident referred to may explain it. It is possible that most of the cheap wines are drugged, and this is why they poison men and craze them.

It is a mistake to suppose that this matter concerns the drinkers alone. The sober citizen who finds himself in a controversy with the individual who has taken a drink or two of wine will find out that it is a question of vital interest to him.

The fact is, we need rigid laws against the adulteration of food and liquors, and then we need an efficient system of inspection. Something should be done to stop the wholesale poisoning of the people.

IT is said that Mr. James Gordon Bennett has returned to New York for the purpose of taking personal control of the Herald. Whether this be so or not, it is easy to observe a wonderful improvement in the tone of the editorial page of that great newspaper.

SINCE there is a knit-goods lockout, one cannot be certain that s-o-x spells socks.

THE Boston Post asks: "Don't all rain fall?" We think it do.

BONNETS are much higher this year. Thus we can have a good quiet time at the theater.

THE Boston Post thinks it was quite heinous, you know, to make Mr. Lowell say of "the sovereign to whom he was accredited" that she was "very fat." Now, then, the question arises, is Mrs. Guelph fat, or is she not fat? If she is fat, Mr. Lowell had a perfect right to say so.

THE New York Times suggests that only those editors whose hides tingle are disposed to criticise Mr. Cleveland's Harvard remarks.

GOV. GORDON'S INAUGURATION.

From the LaGrange, Ga., Reporter.

The occasion was a memorable one. No governor ever had a more enthusiastic popular ovation. He is honored by all classes.

From the Gainesville, Ga., Eagle.

The inaugural address was simply superb, not only for the eloquent language in which it was delivered, but for the broad and statesmanlike views and principles enunciated. It was a strong speech, and nothing short of a careful perusal of it can give our readers anything like a clear and just conception of it.

From the Rome, Ga., Courier.

The inaugural address of Governor John B. Gordon, which we have hastily scanned, takes in our judgment the proper view of the relations between the states and the federal government. We fully concur with him in opposition to the further concentration of powers in the latter, to the deprivation of the states of their reserved rights. And like him we regard this as an important issue in American politics, and one on whose proper decision the very existence of the government as one of distributed powers may depend. We heartily commend the spirit of the address.

From the Greensboro, Ga., Journal.

In common with all classes who have the weal of the state at heart, we extend to General Gordon our congratulations and confidence.

From the Warrenton, Ga., Clipper.

His inaugural address was a masterpiece of eloquence, and every sentence of it is taken in by Georgians with heart throbbings of joy and sympathy.

From the Marshallville, Ga., Times.

Among the prominent personages at the inauguration of Governor Gordon on Tuesday, and at the ball at night, we noticed the names of ex-President Rutherford B. Hayes and ex-Governor Rufus B. Bullock. Strange feelings must have crowded themselves through their minds as they witnessed the proceedings.

Local Self-Government.

From the Troy, New York, Telegram, Rep.

General John B. Gordon was inaugurated governor of Georgia Tuesday and made an address of great eloquence. It breathed a spirit of patriotism that ought to be very cheering to those dismal minded people of the north who are unable to divest themselves of the fear that our southern fellow citizens have mischievous designs on the perpetuity of this republic. General Gordon is one of the foremost of American citizens, and a leader in whom his party has pardonable pride.

In the course of his address he said that nowhere in this republic are there disloyal citizens or disloyal sentiments. "But everywhere all hearts, voices and arms are ready for the preservation of the national government in all its constitutional vigor as the pledge of our peace and safety. * * * I repeat that, for defense against the outside world, our nation is simply omnipotent; that our union is to be as lasting as time, and that race freedom among us is everywhere established and defended.

But there are dangers within, the danger of the destruction of local self-government. General Gordon maintains that the federal government is imperceptibly absorbing the functions of the state. This contention will be characterized in the north as the reassertion of old states rightism which was settled by the war, but such contention does not disprove of the fact that the tendency of the time is to centralization.

"I think," says Governor Gordon, "that in the future our greatest safety, progress, permanence and freedom lie in the direction of enlarged local administration." There cannot be the slightest doubt of the wisdom of the declaration.

From the "New York Sun," democratic.

Governor Gordon, of Georgia, in his inaugural address utters a wise and timely warning against the growth of the central government in this country. "Progressive accretions to federal power," he says, "must end at last in absolutism or centralization. There is one way and one way only to secure in our momentous future both stability and liberty. That way is to depend, as perils increase, more and more upon the states, and to trust more to local adjustment. Our great safety, progress, permanence, and freedom lie in the direction of enlarged local administration. The freest government is that which is most controlled by homogeneous communities, and the strongest government for a country like ours is that which devolves upon the states the largest responsibilities."

These words contain the essence of democracy. They are worthy of Thomas Jefferson himself, and Georgia is fortunate in having a governor of such clear vision and such profound political philosophy.

TOPICS FOR LEGISLATORS.

From the Hartwell, Ga., Sun.

A bill has been introduced in the Georgia legislature to allow purchasers of fertilizers to plead failure of consideration. Why not let the law apply generally to everything of a purchasable nature?

From the Bainbridge, Ga., Democrat.

The abolition of dead-head passes to members of the legislature would adjourn that illustrious body two months earlier.

From the Warrenton, Ga., Clipper.

The superior court judges of our state seem to be divided into two classes, viz: Those who are heartily favored by their people, and those of whom the people are heartily tired.

From the Canton, Ga., Advance.

Already the abominable "leave of absence" is being asked for and granted by the general assembly. We had hoped the members would not begin so early. If they must have "leave of absence" let the treasurer deduct the time lost from their pay roll. If this is adopted perhaps the members will find it to their own, as well as to the interest of the state, for them to stay at their post of duty and keep a quorum present.

From the Barnesville, Ga., Democrat.

Abe Boyt, the renowned joker and everybody's servant, of Upson, went to an administrator's sale in his neighborhood and sold the property at public outcry. He charged nothing for his services but the fun he had while crying the property. Still the comptroller general has decided that Abe thereby became liable to pay the special tax of $25 imposed by the late law on auctioneers, and a tax fi fa for this amount has been issued against him. Very recently also Sheriff Foster, of Upson, has done the same act of kindness without charge, and is forced to pay the tax of $25. This appears to us to be a very unjust law under this construction of it, and ought to be repealed or amended. It forces every little estate of deceased persons throughout the country to employ an auctioneer who pays the tax and to pay him for his services, perhaps at exorbitant prices. The special attention of our lawmakers ought to be directed to this application of the law which is certainly beyond the intention of the legislature.

Nancy Has Been Heard From.

From the Hamilton, Ga., Journal.

Nancy Hightower, the former wife of Jordan Hightower, colored, has notified her children by letter that she is still in the land of the living. She left here about eight years since in company with some blind negro preachers, and as neither her husband or her children has heard from her until last week they supposed her to be dead. Her husband waited for her return a whole year and then took unto himself another spouse. The displaced wife shows no disposition to play martyr and like Enoch Arden, remain in obscurity the remainder of her mortal life, and should she return she will probably make things lively for Jordan.

CONSTITUTIONALS.

Pencil Paragraphs and Editorial Shortstops Caught on the Run.

The murder on Duke's creek was the sensation of the day when it occurred, but the facts of the case have never been published.

When Steve Golliday came into Blue Rock, early one morning, and called the sheriff out of his house, that worthy officer supposed that his visitor desired to see him on some ordinary matter of business. He was quickly undeceived.

"I have killed a man down on Duke's creek," said Steve, "and I thought I would give myself up."

"The mischief you say!" exclaimed the sheriff. "You've had too many drams this morning Steve."

"Not a dram," was the reply; "I'm telling you the truth."

The sheriff took a good look at young Golliday, and saw that it was no joking matter. He changed his tone.

"Steve," he said, "I hope it was a fair fight."

"No fight at all," answered Steve, "I just slipped up behind him and blew out his brains."

"Why, great Goddlemighty, man, that's murder! Who was he?"

"It was Squire Buckley."

There was a long pause during which the two men looked steadily at each other.

"Now, see here" said the sheriff, after he had collected his wits, "this sort of thing won't do. Murder is a serious business."

"I know it," said Steve, "and that's why I'm here to give myself up. I'm ready to go to jail right now."

"Well, I ain't ready to take you," protested the other, "so you had better tell me all about it."

"If you will go out there with me," suggested Steve, "I think I could tell you. Somehow I can't talk about it here."

"Good enough," said the sheriff, cheerfully, "of course I'll go with you. We'll slip out there quietly, and keep this little matter to ourselves until we get back to town."

The two men walked off at a rapid pace and were soon beyond the village limits, and lost to sight in the woods.

The sheriff said very little on the way. He was badly bothered. 'Squire Buckley had always borne a good reputation, and was a man of some little property. Golliday, while a clever young fellow, had been a little wild, and, since the disappearance of his father, had sometimes acted very strangely. Old man Golliday had lived the life of a hermit, and was supposed to have quite a snug sum of money hoarded up. Toward the close of the war he mysteriously disappeared, money and all, and all efforts to trace him failed. When his son returned from the army he tried in every possible way to ascertain his father's fate, but without success.

The fate of old man Golliday was the subject of the sheriff's thoughts as he followed his companion through the bushes. But his speculations were suddenly interrupted.

"There is what you wish to see," said the young man.

It was not a pleasant sight, and it was very different from what the officer had expected to see.

The dead body of Squire Buckley was lying on the grass, face downward, and the red wound in the head spoke for itself.

But what attracted the sheriff's gaze was not the corpse. It was an open grave, by the side of which lay the skeleton of a man!

"I don't understand," said the sheriff. "My God! Steve, what does it all mean?"

Young Golliday pointed to the skeleton.

"There are the remains of my father," he said. "He was murdered and robbed by Buckley!"

When the astounded sheriff had composed himself enough to listen, Steve told him all about the affair. The young man noticed, after his return from the war, that Buckley avoided him. In fact the 'squire seemed to fear him. For a long time this was unaccountable. At last Golliday's curiosity was excited by discovering that Buckley frequently made a visit to this lonely spot on Duke's creek. After several unsuccessful attempts to follow the old man, he concealed himself in the bushes one morning, and was almost driven mad by what he saw and heard. Buckley made his usual pilgrimage to the spot, and, believing himself unobserved, fell down on his knees and prayed aloud. In his prayer he spoke of the terrible temptation which had led him to murder old Golliday, and prayed for strength to keep his secret to the end. His language indicated that he was then kneeling on the grave of his victim.

"I could not stand it," said Steve, "I walked up behind him, without saying a word, and blew off the top of his head. It was wrong, I know, but I couldn't help it."

"I don't see how you could," assented the sheriff.

"Then," continued Steve, "I took a piece of a fence rail and dug into that little mound. I dug and scratched away for an hour until I came to the skeleton. On one of the bony fingers I found this ring. It was my father's. He always wore it. I would have known it anywhere."

"Good Lord!" ejaculated the sheriff.

"Well," the young man said, dejectedly, "I hardly knew what to do. I was satisfied that I had killed my father's murderer, but I thought I had better go and deliver myself up to you."

The good-hearted officer carried his prisoner to the Golliday cottage not far off and put him to bed. It was not a moment too early, for when the nearest doctor came he pronounced it a case of brain fever. Long weeks afterward when the patient recovered he recollected nothing of the tragedy in which he had been one of the principals. Nor did anyone mention it to him.

Was there no inquest? Certainly one was held, but the good people of Blue Rock and Duke's creek were not in the habit of allowing the technicalities of the law to override their ideas of justice. When the coroner's jury heard the sheriff's dramatic recital, it took only a brief consultation to induce the jurors to bring in a verdict to the effect that Buckley had come to his death by a pistol shot fired by Steve Golliday in self-defense. The self-defense idea had been suggested by the sheriff, and it was considered a happy solution of an embarrassing question.

Steve Golliday is now one of the most popular farmers on Duke's creek. Occasionally he speaks of his father's disappearance, and Squire Buckley's suicide. His neighbors humor his delusion, and he will never hear the truth of the business.

Old Fiddles Brought Out.

From the Perry, Ga., Journal.

We heard a citizen of Perry say last Monday that he owned a violin that is over one hundred years old, and for which he gave $150.

Mr. F. A. Jobson has in his shop in Perry a fiddle that is one hundred and sixty-five years old. It was carried there for repairs by a negro who lives in this county. To do the repairing it was necessary to take the fiddle to pieces, and then its antiquity was discovered. The top is made of spruce pine, and the bottom is curled maple. On the inside of the bottom is inscribed: "Antonius Stadudarius Cremonensis, Faciebat Anno 1721." Some of our citizens who have seen it, say they believe it is a violin formerly owned by Professor A. H. Affleck, late of Macon county, deceased.

Mr. Stearns in the City.

Hon. J. N. Stearns, of New York, secretary and general business manager of the National Temperance society and publication house, spent yesterday in the city among his many friends. Mr. Stearns is a practical temperance man. He contends that thorough education is necessary to make prohibition successful. To this end the society he represents send out millions of pages of temperance literature every year covering every phase of the temperance question. In these publications politics is entirely ignored. Today Mr. Stearns will leave the city for Montgomery, Ala., where he goes to attend the state temperance convention that convenes in that city on Tuesday. He carries with his the best wishes of a host of temperance workers here, who have so often been aided in their work through his efforts, and the generosity of the society he represents.

GEORGIA BEDS OF WEALTH.

The Line of the Marietta and North Georgia Road.

From the Augusta, Ga., Chronicle.

ATLANTA, Ga., November 13.—At the time of the completion of the Marietta and North Georgia railroad to the North Carolina line, I published an interview with Judge William M. Reese, setting forth some of the benefits which the state would derive from this new line, and telling something of the rich section of country through which the road has pushed its way. The importance of this road, however, is but little appreciated by the people. Connecting with the State road at Marietta, it runs almost due north, through the counties of Cobb, Cherokee, Pickens, Gilmer and Fannin, and crosses the state line into Cherokee county, N. C., to the thriving little town of Murphy. Thence, under the North Carolina charter, it will continue its way due north to Knoxville, Tenn. The country traversed in this state is undeveloped territory of phenomenal resources. There is no richer mineral region in the United States than this now opened up by the Marietta and North Georgia railroad. The great diversity, the inexhaustible quantity and the excellent quality of the minerals make this section an inviting one for settlers, and the work already accomplished gives assurance of the wonderful development of which the country is susceptible. Another unusual feature is that in addition to the rich deposit of minerals that abound on all sides, the country is exceptionally fertile, and especially adapted to agriculture, fruit growing and stock raising; while the mountain streams that leap from the hills and enrich the valleys, supply boundless water power for the propelling of all needed developing machinery.

Few persons are aware of the great work that has been inaugurated in developing the marble interest in this section, and yet the wonderful results already obtained in marble are but the foreshadowing of what is yet to be accomplished in all the different minerals. And though the development of the marble industry is yet in its infancy, the magnitude of this interest may be appreciated when it is known that within the past two years the best equipped marble mill in the world has been established within a short distance of Marietta; that this mill today gives employment to between one hundred and fifty and two hundred hands, and the owners are now at work enlarging it to double its capacity; that in this mill there are three marble cutting machines that do the work of thirty men each, and that all this machinery, together with the numerous patents upon it (some forty in number) is owned by the company, and they propose to employ it only in the development of Georgia or Carolina marbles. In addition to this mill of the American Marble company, three other marble mills have been built upon the line of the Marietta and North Georgia railroad, and the Georgia Marble company have, within the past two years, expended over $400,000 in the development of their quarries, which are now producing over ten car loads of marble each day, while at the present time certain northern parties are considering the investment of large sums in the further development of this Georgia marble.

In no section of the world have been found such quantities and so large a variety of kind and colors of marble as in the section traversed by the Marietta and North Georgia railroad.

Only last week the American Marble company, in developing what they first supposed to be a "soap stone" quarry, found underlying the soapstone a large deposit of the most beautiful verd antique marble. It is said by the managers to be the largest and most solid and sound deposit of green marble that has ever been discovered.

What has been begun in the marble industry may also be accomplished with the iron, magnesia, talc, soap-stone, copper and mineral paint; all of these minerals abound in that section in equally as great quantities and as pure in quality as the marble, and all are now attracting the attention of capitalists.

No party of men have ever come to Georgia with more pluck and energy or better prepared to develop a country than the people who came to build the Marietta and North Georgia railroad and develop this marble interest. As the great work of developing this section of north Georgia is but begun, and millions of money more will seek investment there if properly encouraged, and all this will add wealth and revenue to our state, such developers should be welcomed and encouraged, and I hazard nothing in saying to all such comers that they will find this the true sentiment and spirit of our people.

BOGUS BUTTER.

The Demand for Licenses Come in Very Slowly.

Applications for licenses to sell oleomargarine come in very slowly. So far only six applications have been made, and one of these has not yet been granted, as the application was not made out according to the requirements of the law upon the subject, and has been sent back for the necessary corrections to be made.

Of the five licenses granted, one is to sell in wholesale quantities, and the other four were taken out by retailers. The wholesale dealer is in Atlanta, two of the retailers are in Savannah, one in Augusta, and one in Atlanta, Mr. Sol Guthman. The application that has been returned to be properly made out is from Columbus. The dealer in this case failed to say whether he wanted to sell by wholesale or retail. The impression, however, is that the application was for retailing. A revenue official said yesterday that before the law went into effect nearly nine-tenths of the retail grocery merchants of the city sold oleomargarine. Since they have been required to take out a license and be published as dealers in bogus butter, all of them have, it is supposed, gone out of the business. They seem to have an aversion to being known as dealers in oleomargarine. One merchant has a couple of tubs of butter, or oleomargarine, on hand, which is consigned to him. He refuses to sell it until he ascertains definitely whether the butter is genuine or bogus. He has drawn samples and given them to the government officials to be tested. He says that if it should turn out that the butter that he has is oleomargarine, he will send the tubs back to the man who consigned them to him. He says that he will not sell oleomargarine at any price, as the sale of it would injure his business.

The officers of the government, whose duty it is to look after the sale of oleomargarine, and see that none is sold without a license, are of the opinion that the trade in bogus butter in Georgia has been broken up. Although they are of this opinion they are always on the alert and keep their eyes open for suspicious looking packages. In the collector's office and the office of the revenue agents a large number of samples of butter that have been tested are on exhibition.

Strange to say the price of stuff that looks very like butter remain thirty cents per pound. There has been no advance at the grocery stores.

A MAD HOG.

He is Captured After a Hard Chase and a Lively Fight.

Yesterday afternoon Decatur street, in the vicinity of Elsas & May's cotton factory, was a lively scene of disorder. This condition of affairs was caused by a crowd of nearly one hundred men and boys, who were endeavoring to lasso a wild hog that had escaped from the slaughter pen of Mr. Sawtell, near the stockade, and when pursued ran in the direction of the city.

The opinion of the vast army of pursuers who were endeavoring to capture the animal, was that when the hog left the pen it did so for the purpose of hunting up something to eat. Upon all other matters its mind was quiet and serene, but the interference of the pursuers caused it to go mad. As the animal rushed down Decatur street the crowd increased. Several of the pursuers were mounted, and one or two boys equipped with lassoes. One plucky individual who seemed to have more bravery than judgment, upon overtaking the animal, rushed upon it, and indeavored to throw the hog down by main force. No sooner did he throw his arms around the hind quarters of the hog, than the animal turned about, and with its teeth lassoed the adventurer by the seat of his pants. The proceedings then assumed a great change. The man let go his grip on the hog, and called in the assistance of his friends to release him from the seat of his pants, as the hog brought its teeth together as if it meant them to stay. When the belligerents were separated the hog was in possession of a section of his assailant's pants, and the man with the ventilated trousers took to his heels for the purpose of hunting a hole in the ground. Soon after this occurrence one of the pursuers who was armed with a lasso, by a dexterous throw, landed the unruly quadruped on his back and he was carried back to the slaughter-pen in a wagon. The hog weighed 300 pounds, and was in good fighting trim.

Dr. Scott to Lecture in Marietta.

Tonight Rev. W. J. Scott will deliver his lecture on "Man—His Origin and Destiny," in Marietta, his former home. This lecture was recently delivered to an audience representative of the culture of Atlanta, and there was nothing but praise concerning it. Rev. Henry McDonald, pastor of Second Baptist church, said:

> "It is the ablest and most satisfactory answer to the theory of evolution I have ever heard. The lecture fully sustains Mr. Scott's reputation as a profound thinker, and shows that he has closely studied the philosophical theories which he so successfully combats."

BIBB'S BILL

IN THE INTEREST OF THE GAS AND WATER COMPANY.

Mistaken Notions Regarding It—An Explanation—The Company Does Not Ask Exclusive Rights, But the Right of Arbitration—A Runaway—Other News from Macon.

MACON, Ga., November 14.—[Special.]—Since the bill to extend the privileges of the Macon gas light and water company has been placed before the house of representatives there has been considerable speculation concerning it. Many persons have mistaken the wording of the bill as published construeing "eminent domain," to mean the exclusive right to lay their pipes and mains in the city. Desiring to correct these erroneous impressions your correspondent consulted Hons. Huff and Schofield, who were in the city today, and requested an explanation of the matter.

The facts were these: The company desire to increase the size of their mains, and further desire to extend their system to portions of the city and suburbs heretofore unsupplied. To do this they desire some protection in the matter of property to be crossed by the pipes and mains.

Some time ago the company obtained permission of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad company to lay their plant on the right of way of the latter, which extends along the entire river front from Fifth street to the western limits of the city.

Parties who donated the lands to the railroad began an action against the gas light and water company, at once, claiming that the ground was only given, as specified distinctly in the contract, for the use of the railroad. Technically, this places the gas light and water company at a disadvantage. Therefore, to obviate any such future complications, the bill was introduced into the legislature.

The main clause of the bill, as written, is given as follows:

"An act to amend the charter of the Macon gas light and water company.

* * * * * * *

"Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly, That the charter of the Macon Gas Light and Water company be amended as follows: Wherever said company shall be unable to procure by contract the right to lay their mains or pipes through the lands of any person for the purpose of conveying their water from their sources of supply to their reservoirs by distributing the same to consumers thereof, or shall be unable to agree upon the amount of compensation to be paid for such right, then and in that event the Macon Gas Light and Water company may proceed to acquire the right to so lay their pipes and mins by condemnation and assessment in the manner set forth in section 12 of the act approved September 27, 1881, entitled "An act to provide a general law for the incorporation of railroads and to regulate the same." Which section is incorporated in the revised code of Georgia, as section 1689 (l), and all the proceedings for such assessment shall be had as provided in said section and with the right of appeal as therein provided."

As will be seen the company ask for no exclusive privileges, but simply the right of arbitration. They seek the authority, where the company and land owners cannot agree to choose one arbitrator, the property holder a second, and these two selecting a third man they to constitute a board of arbitration on the property condemned. This board is to have power to assess the value of the property and otherwise settle the matter. In case either party is dissatisfied at the finding of the board of arbitration, the dissatisfied has the privilege of appealing to the courts for an adjudication of the matter.

This act is meant to extend the charter privileges of the company to the city and suburbs alike, and appears to be a very just measure toward all parties concerned.

A Runaway.

MACON, Ga., November 14.—[Special.]—Today as Colonel Isaac Hardeman's pair of handsome grays were being driven down Cherry street, a trace came unhooked and one horse got a little frightened at the dragging of the trace on the ground. He commenced sidling around until his head was turned toward the front of the carriage and the horses, both becoming uncontrollable, they backed over a sort of bluff and tangled themselves up in the harners. The driver was unhurt, but the carriage was pretty badly shattered. The horses broke the harness and galloped away, but were caught before any further damage was done.

Every Dog Has His Day.

MACON, November 14.—[Special.]—Last night an East Macon darky known as Alfred Hayes, commonly called "Dog," went down to a shoemaker's establishment and raised a row with the shoemaker. Dog was bad drunk on bad whisky, and it was not long before Officer Fennel had Dog by the collar and he was quickly transferred to the barracks.

Personal Paragraphs.

MACON, November 14.—[Special.]—Hon. J. E. Schofield has removed his wife and daughter to Atlanta to remain during the session of the legislature.

They tell it on our worthy young bachelor representative, Hon. W. H. Felton, that he is already tuning his guitar to an Atlanta lady.

Rev. J. W. Burke has gone to visit a sick brother, Rev. R. M. Lockwood, in Thomasville.

Messrs. Henry Horne, W. C. Cline, of Lyons & Cline, and Professor J. A. Pugh, left this morning for New York on business.

CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Some New Rumors About Georgia's Great System.

It is rumored in Augusta that it is the Kansas City railroad combination that has scooped the Central of Georgia. The rumor declares farther that General Alexander, if elected president of the Central, will be the representative of the Kansas City combination.

This makes three probable controllers of the Central: The Louisville and Nashville, the Richmond and Danville, and the Kansas City.

In Atlanta, railroad men believe that if any combination has secured the Central it is the Louisville and Nashville. It is said that an agent of that road has been in the city more than ten days, trying to buy the Central stock held here.

A high official of the Central, resident in Savannah, stated at the Kimball a few days ago that the friends of Captain Raoul in Savannah, were much alarmed by the rumors affecting the road. He said that while nobody in Savannah had any definite information of the rumored change in the control of the road, yet it was believed that where there was so much smoke there must be some fire. Strenuous efforts are being made to keep the stock in the hands of Captain Raoul's friends. It is expected that the annual meeting of stockholders in December will be one of the largest ever held.

Should the Central pass into the control of other hands, it is said that there will be a radical change in policy.

HEADLIGHT FLASHES.

A large shipment of steel rails for the Macon and Covington railroad has arrived at Savannah.

The Barnesville accommodation train, on the Central railroad, now leaves Atlanta at 5:15 o'clock, p. m.

Mr. C. B. Walker, traveling passenger agent of the Western and Atlantic railroad, is in the city, having just returned from a business trip.

Kennesaw Gazette: The Western and Atlantic railroad runs more passenger trains over the same rails than any other railroad in the south.

The locating survey of the Atlanta and Hawkinsville railroad is progressing rapidly and satisfactorily. The engineers expect to reach Hawkinsville in the course of a few weeks.

The change of schedule on the railroads centering in Atlanta caused a number of travelers to be left yesterday. They were mad, of course, but most of them quite properly blamed themselves.

Mr. T. F. McCandless, traveling passenger agent of the Southern Pacific railroad, is distributing some extremely handsome folders descriptive of the attractions of his popular line. The folders are printed in colors, and are profusely and beautifully illustrated.

At Parting.

As back upon the troubled sea
 A storm tossed mariner may gaze,
 And fold his hands in mute amaze,
 And silent offer thanks and praise,
So may I stand when far from thee,
All passion past, heart-whole and free.

It is not fate which intervenes,
 And neither charge I time nor change,
 But only that great power and strange
 Which rules us wheresoe'er we range.
It gives the strength to flee these scenes,
And from the past my spirit weans.

Yes, weary of our happiness
 We might have been if we were wed;
 And tho' your heart and mine have bled
 O'er visions past and memories fled,
Here let us part. Be this caress
The last that ever love shall bless.

CLARA DARGAN MACLEAN.

SERMON TO SOLDIERS.

DR. HAWTHORNE PREACHES TO THE GATE CITY GUARD.

A Notable Occasion and a Large Congregation—The Guard in Full Uniform—Striking Expressions—Rev. J. W. Lee on Christian Citizenship—Rev. Dr. Eddy's Sermon.

A church crowded beyond its capacity listened to Dr. Hawthorne's annual sermon to the Gate City Guard, at the morning service. The Guards, in uniform, marched up the center aisle and occupied the seats reserved in the front center. The sermon was one of the best ever delivered by this eloquent divine, and was listened to with rapt attention from beginning to end. His subject was: "Three essentials to a noble manhood," and was founded on three passages of scripture, "I press towards the mark for the praise of my high calling." Phil. 3d and 14th.

"I will gladly spend and be spent for you." Cor. 12th and 15th.

"God hath raised us up together and made us sit together in heavenly places in Christ Jesus." Eph. 2d and 6th.

After a well merited compliment to the high character, in morals and discipline, of the Guard, the doctor continued: These selections from the word of God suggest three things, which together make a symmetrical and successful life. 1. An ardent devotion to some worthy calling. 2. A deep sympathy with the world. 3. Spiritual exaltation—fellowship with Christ.

It is always painful to look upon a life, large and full on one side and small on every other side. I have no admiration for a lawyer who is nothing but a lawyer, a walking digest of the laws. I cannot even respect a clergyman who is nothing but a clergyman—whose walk, and talk, and dress and countenance, and sanctimonious tones, suggest nothing but sermons, and psalms, and funerals. I take to the man, who, in performing his own task, is not unmindful of the work and struggles and interests of other men. There is a calling for every man, and to be successful in it, is to win a prize. What you are to do in the world must be done in the direction indicated by your own physical, mental and moral constitution. This recognition of the orbit in which you are to move is a great and memorable crisis in your life—men are sensitive to criticism in their respective vocations. You may laugh with impunity at a musician's efforts at cobbling, but if you do not want to see the stars fall refrain from any unfriendly criticism of his music. This sensitiveness is the witness within a man of a divine right to succeed in that to which he is drawn. The greatest being that ever wore earth about him when but twelve years old said: "I must be about my Father's business." Even then, he could read his credentials written by the fingers of God upon his heart. In no vocation can a man rise above mediocrity without a high-born enthusiasm. Men call it fanaticism but in looking back we see that the brightest jewels on the brow of history are the names of men who were thought to be beside themselves. When Christ said, "for this cause was I born," He saw the prize—the joy set before Him, the fadeless palm, the imperishable crown, the result of this apprehension was that His life pierced like an arrow through the cloud of aimless lives. Young man, know thyself, and in knowing thyself, thou wilt know thy works. It is only through specialists that the world makes progress in skill and knowledge. Resolve that in your life there shall be no dissipation of power. Say with Paul: "This one thing I do."

2. Another element of a successful life, is a deep sympathy with the world. That man is truly noble who has the disposition to use his knowledge, strength and skill for the promotion of the world's happiness. The man regardless of his fellow man, may be great in his business or profession, but he is not a great man. He is destitute of the most essential element of manhood. It is said that the wounded deer steals to some secluded spot and there alone sheds tears of pain, but it belongs to man alone "to weep with them that weep." I have been in the mountains when the voice of thunder was answered from a hundred peaks, but there is no echo so sweet, so divine as that which repeats the cry of another's sorrow. Under God's government, no man has the right to live unto himself. Said Julius Cæsar: "There is no music so charming to my ear as the request of a friend." Said Aurelius "I cannot relish a happiness which nobody shares with me." Mark Antony, in financial trouble, exclaimed: "I have lost all except what I have given away." And Cicero grandly said: "In nothing do men so much resemble the God as in doing good to their fellow men." Seek breadth of character. Connect yourself with the great movements of the day, for the world's relief and uplifting.

3. To give completeness to your character you must add spirituality. There are men about us who live in a world that has no sky. They make no effort to reach Godward. You are more than animal and intellectual. You are a spiritual being. You do not begin to live in your spiritual nature until you are born from above. Let there be a sky to the world in which you live. There is nothing so practical as religion. It is a part of your daily life—the right conduct of a man and the right carriage of his thoughts and feelings. It is not a hindrance to any honorable business. It requires no more time to do right than it takes to do wrong. Some religion binds a man to God. It brings God into man so that he is divinely inhabited, divinely empowered.

In conclusion, the doctor said: It is gratifying to me to know that the military company which I have the honor to serve is making steady progress under the discipline to which it is subjected. The high standard of success it has adopted, and the enthusiasm with which every member is pressing forward toward the mark for the prize, gives pleasure to our whole community. In proportion to her population, Atlanta is the best known and the most influential city in the world. This is because her standards are high, and she succeeds in what she undertakes. One of the many distinctions coveted by her enterprising men, is the best officered, best equipped and best drilled military company on the continent. I believe the day is not far distant when she will have it, and I venture the prediction that the name of that company will be the "Gate City Guard." But young men, let nothing cause you to forget that in this world and in this life we are to drill with reference to another world and another life. The great day of review and inspection, the day for which all other days were made, is just before you. Are you getting ready for that day? Are you making a record of what you will not be ashamed, when you stand surrounded by "an assembled universe" to be scrutinized by the King of Kings and Lord of Lords? It is my fervent prayer that on that day I may see you approved of God and moving up in unbroken column to receive your reward.

At Trinity Church.

The subject of Rev. J. W. Lee's sermon last night was "Christian Citizenship," from the text: "Now ye are therefore no more strangers and foreigners, but fellowcitizens with the saints and of the household of God," etc.—Eph. 2: 19, 20, 21.

Citizen implies a city. There is to be a city of God built of human spirits in Jesus Christ, in which God, through the spirit, is to dwell.

The life of this city is in Jesus Christ. This is the normal, true life of men. Men must specialize the life of Christ, before they become real citizens of God's kingdom. Electricity is an unseen force but it is specialized by the carbon burner. Sunshine is specialized by the tree. The life of Christ is specialized in the Christian. This is the true life of every man, for it is the only life which accommodates and calls into exercise all his faculties.

2. In Christ are the laws of God's city. In Christ the ten commandments are written in living form. In Christ they are not only contained as enactments, dry rules of action, they come to be inspiration and stimulus as well. In Christ are the institutions of the true city of God. The institutions which have been called into being through the enlightening and quickening influence of Christian civilization were contained in Christ in germ. He blessed little children; here we have the germ of the sunday-school movement. He healed the blind, from which have sprung homes for the blind. Because the lame are made to walk today through the means of the surgical institute, does not make the fact less divine or less the work of Christ. He had compassion upon the poor, hence the labor saving machinery which have come with His civilization.

4. The conditions of the growth and completion of the city of God are in Christ. The conditions are not elsewhere for an everlasting and universal city. The Romans essayed a universal city on other lines, but they failed. In Christ are the conditions of a universal and permanent city contained in solution. When these are complied with it will be precipitated. No man would go to Sahara to raise wheat; the conditions of wheat are not there.

5. The motives for organizing and completing the city of God are in Him. We use motive here in the sense of inducement. The motives are:

1. The larger life. By coming into the city organized in Christ we share the life of the whole. The larger the city becomes the larger each individual life becomes. The more people take the New York Herald, the cheaper the paper to each one, also the fuller and the completer.

2. The larger opinion, and idea and outlook. A man brought up in New York, and sharing the life, will have larger views than the man brought up in Smithville, Idaho.

3. The larger wealth, material and mental and spiritual. In great cities have the great fortunes been made, the great books written, the great reformers lived.

The universal city is coming. The nations of the earth are to be organized into Christ. In the age to come there will be one language, one system of weights and measures, one postoffice department, one chemistry, one astronomy, one system of ethics and one religion.

At the Congregational Church.

A full house greeted Dr. Eddy at the morning service at the Church of the Redeemer. He preached a very able sermon upon "Work and Workers," touching largely upon the work of young men in connection with the Y. M. C.

BIBB'S BILL

[I]NTEREST OF THE GAS AND [W]ATER COMPANY.

...tions Regarding It—An Explanation—...any Does Not Ask Exclusive Rights, ...e Right of Arbitration—A Runa-...y—Other News from Macon.

...Ga., November 14.—[Special.]—...l to extend the privileges of the Macon ...l water company has been placed be-...se of representatives there has been ...e speculation concerning it. Many ...e mistaken the wording of the bill as ...construeing "eminent domain," to ...clusive right to lay their pipes and ...e city. Desiring to correct these erro-...ssions your correspondent consulted ...and Schofield, who were in the city ...equested an explanation of the matter. ...vere these: The company desire to ...size of their mains, and further desire ...heir system to portions of the city and ...retofore unsupplied. To do this ...some protection in the matter of prop-...rossed by the pipes and mains. ...s ago the company obtained permission ...Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia rail-...any to lay their plant on the right ...e latter, which extends along the en-...t from Fifth street to the western ...e city.

...ho donated the lands to the railroad ...ection against the gas light and water ...t once, claiming that the ground was ...s specified distinctly in the contract, ...e of the railroad. Technically, this ...gas light and water company at a disad-...Therefore, to obviate any such future ...ns, the bill was introduced into the ...

...clause of the bill, as written, is given ...

...to amend the charter of the Macon gas ...ater company.

* * * * *

...1. Be it enacted by the general assem-...he charter of the Macon Gas Light and ...pany be amended as follows: Wherever ...any shall be unable to procure by ...be right to lay their mains or ...uch the lands of any person for ...se of conveying their water from ...ces of supply to their reservoirs ...ting the same to consumers thereof, or ...able to agree upon the amount of com-...to be paid for such right, then and in ...the Macon Gas Light and Water com-...proceed to acquire the right to so lay ...and mins by condemnation and as-...the manner set forth in section 12 of ...roved September 27, 1881, entitled "An ...e a general law for the incorporation ...s and to regulate the same." Which sec-...rporated in the revised code of Georgia, ...689 (i), and all the proceedings for such ...shall be had as provided in said section ...the right of appeal as therein provi...

...e seen the company ask for no exclusive ...but simply the right of arbitration, ...the authority, where the company ...owners cannot agree to ...ne arbitrator, the property holder ...and these two selecting a third man they ...te a board of arbitration on the property ...d. This board is to have power to assess ...of the property and otherwise settle the ...case either party is dissatisfied at the ...the board of arbitration, the dissatisfied ...rivilege of appealing to the courts for an ...ion of the matter.

...is meant to extend the charter privi-...e company to the city and suburbs ...appears to be a very just measure ...parties concerned.

A Runaway.

...Ga., November 14.—[Special.]—To-...chel Isaac Hardeman's pair of hand-...s were being driven down Cherry street, ...e unhooked and one horse got a little ...at the dragging of the trace on the ...He commenced kidling around until ...d was turned toward the ...of the carriage and the ...h becoming uncontrollable, they backed ...of bluff and tangled themselves up in ...s. The driver was unhurt, but the car-...pretty badly shattered. The horses broke ...s and galloped away, but were caught ...further damage was done.

Every Dog Has His Day.

...ACON, November 14.—[Special.]—Last ...ht an East Macon darky known as Alfred ...commonly called "Dog," went down to a ...er's establishment and raised a row with ...maker. Dog was bad drunk on bad ...d it was not long before Officer Fennel ...y the collar and he was quickly trans-...the barracks.

Personal Paragraphs.

...November 14.—[Special.]—Hon. J. ...ed has removed his wife and daughter ...to remain during the session of the leg...

...it on our worthy young bachelor rep-...Hon. W. H. Felton, that he is already ...guitar to an Atlanta lady.

...W. Burke has gone to visit a sick brother, ...J. Lockwood, in Thomasville.

...Henry Horne, W. C. Cline, of Lyons & ...Professor J. A. Pugh, left this morning ...work on business.

CENTRAL RAILRO[AD].

...ew Rumors About Georgia's Great System.

...umored in Augusta that it is the Kan-...railroad combination that has secured the ...f Georgia. The rumor declares farther ...eral Alexander, if elected president of ...al, will be the representative of the Kan-...combination.

...makes three probable controllers of the ...The Louisville and Nashville, the Rich-...d Danville, and the Kansas City.

...nta, railroad men believe that if any com-...has secured the Central it is the Louisville ...ville. It is said that an agent of that road ...in the city more than ten days, trying to ...Central stock held here.

...official of the Central, resident in Savan-...ed at the Kimball a few days ago that he ...f Captain Raoul in Savannah, were m[is]...by the rumors affecting the road. He said ...le nobody in Savannah had any definite ...ion of the rumored change in the control ...yet it was believed that where there ...much smoke there must be some fire ...s efforts are being made to keep the ...the hands of Captain Raoul's friends. It ...ed that the annual meeting of stockhold-...ecember will be one of the largest ever ...

...the Central pass into the control of other ...is said that there will be a radical change ...

HEADLIGHT FLASHES.

...e shipment of steel rails for the Macon ...ngton railroad has arrived at Savannah.

...Barnesville accommodation train, on ...ral railroad, now leaves Atlanta at 5:15 p. m.

...B. Walker, traveling passenger agent ...estern and Atlantic railroad, is in the city, ...ust returned from a business trip.

...esaw Gazette: The Western and At-...ilroad runs more passenger trains over the ...ls than any other railroad in the south.

...locating survey of the Atlanta and ...sville railroad is progressing rapidly and ...ority. The engineers expect to reach ...sville in the course of a few weeks.

...change of schedule on the railroads ...g in Atlanta caused a number of travelers ...ft yesterday. They were mad, of course, ...st of them quite properly blamed them-...

...T. F. McCandless, traveling passenger ...f the Southern Pacific railroad, is distribut-...e extremely handsome folders descriptive ...ttractions of his popular line. The folders ...ted in colors, and are profusely and beauti-...llustrated.

At Parting.

...book upon the troubled sea
...storm tossed mariner may gaze,
...nd fold his hands in mute amaze,
...nd silent offer thanks and praise,
...may I stand when far from thee,
...passion past, heart-whole and free.

...s not fate which intervenes,
...nd neither change I time nor change,
...ut only that great power and strange
...hich rules us wheresoe'er we range.
...ives the strength to flee these scenes,
...d from the past my spirit weans.

...s, weary of our happiness
...We might have been if we were wed;
...nd tho' your heart and mine have bled
...'er visions past and memories fled,
...re let us part. Be this caress
...e last that ever love shall bless.

CLARA DARGAN MACLEAN.

SERMON TO SOLDIERS.

DR. HAWTHORNE PREACHES TO THE GATE CITY GUARD.

A Notable Occasion and a Large Congregation—The Guard in Full Uniform—Striking Expressions—Rev. J. W. Lee on Christian Citizenship—Rev. Dr. Eddy's Sermon.

A church crowded beyond its capacity listened to Dr. Hawthorne's annual sermon to the Gate City Guard, at the morning service. The Guards, in uniform, marched up the center aisle and occupied the seats reserved in the front center. The sermon was one of the best ever delivered by this eloquent divine, and was listened to with rapt attention from beginning to end. His subject was: "Three essentials to a noble manhood," and was founded on three passages of scripture, "I press towards the mark for the praise of my high calling." Phil. 3d and 14th.

"I will gladly spend and be spent for you." Cor. 12th and 15th.

"God hath raised us up together and made us sit together in heavenly places in Christ Jesus." Eph. 2d and 6th.

After a well merited compliment to the high character, in morals and discipline, of the Guard, the doctor continued: These selections from the word of God suggest three things, which together make a symmetrical and successful life. 1. An ardent devotion to some worthy calling. 2. A deep sympathy with the world. 3. Spiritual exaltation—fellowship with Christ.

It is always painful to look upon a life, large and full on one side and small on every other side. I have no admiration for a lawyer who is nothing but a lawyer, a walking digest of the laws. I cannot even respect a clergyman who is nothing but a clergyman—whose walk, and talk, and dress, and countenance, and sanctimonious tones, suggest nothing but sermons, and psalms, and funerals. I take to the man, who, in performing his own task, is not unmindful of the work and struggles and interests of other men. There is a calling for every man, and to be successful in it, is to win a prize. What you are to do in the world must be done in the direction indicated by your own physical, mental and moral constitution. This recognition of the orbit in which you are to move is a great and memorable crisis in your life—men are sensitive to criticism in their respective vocations. You may laugh with impunity at a musician's efforts at cobbling; but if you do not want to see the stars fall refrain from any unfriendly criticism of his music. This sensitiveness is the witness within a man of a divine right to succeed in that to which he is drawn. The greatest being that ever wore earth about him when but twelve years old said: "I must be about my Father's business." Even then, he could read his credentials written by the fingers of God upon his heart. In no vocation can a man rise above mediocrity without a high-born enthusiasm. Men call it fanaticism but in looking back we see that the brightest jewels on the brow of history are the names of men who were thought to be beside themselves. When Christ said, "for this cause was I born," He saw the prize—the joy set before Him, the fadeless palm, the imperishable crown, the result of this apprehension was that His life pierced like an arrow through the cloud of aimless lives. You g man, know thyself, and in knowing thyself, thou wilt know thy works. It is only through specialists that the world makes progress in skill and knowledge. Resolve that in your life there shall be no dissipation of power. Say with Paul: "This one thing I do."

2. Another element of a successful life, is a deep sympathy with the world. That man is truly noble who has the disposition to use his knowledge, strength and skill for the promotion of the world's happiness. The man regardless of his fellow man, may be great in his business or profession, but he is not a great man. He is destitute of the most essential element of manhood. It is said that the wounded deer steals to some secluded spot and there alone sheds tears of pain, but it belongs to man alone "to weep with them that weeps." I have been in the mountains when the voice of thunder was answered from a hundred peaks, but there is no echo so sweet, so divine as that which repeats the cry of another's sorrow. Under God's government, no man has the right to live unto himself. Said Julius Cæsar: "There is no music so charming to my ear as the request of a friend." Said Aurelius: "I cannot relish a happiness which nobody shares with me." Mark Anthony, in financial trouble, exclaimed: "I have lost all except what I have given away." And Cicero grandly said: "In nothing do men so much resemble the God as in doing good to their fellow men." Seek breadth of character. Connect yourself with the great movements of the day, for the world's relief and uplifting.

3. To give completeness to your character you must add spirituality. There are men about us who live in a world that has no sky. They make no effort to reach Godward. You are more than animal and intellectual. You are a spiritual being. You do not begin to live in your spiritual nature until you are born from above. Let there be a sky to the world in which you live. There is nothing so practical as religion. It is a part of your daily life—the right conduct of a man and the right carriage of his thoughts and feelings. It is not a hindrance to any honorable business. It requires no more time to do right than it takes to do wrong. Some religion binds a man to God. It brings God into man so that he is divinely inhabited, divinely empowered.

In conclusion, the doctor said: It is gratifying to me to know that the military company which I have the honor to serve is making steady progress under the discipline to which it is subjected. The high standard of success it has adopted, and the enthusiasm with which every member is pressing forward toward the mark for the prize, gives pleasure to our whole community. In proportion to her population, Atlanta is the best known and the most influential city in the world. This is because her standards are high, and she succeeds in what she undertakes. One of the many distinctions coveted by her enterprising men, is the best officered, best equipped and best drilled military company on the continent. I believe the day is not far distant when she will have it, and I venture the prediction that the name of that company will be the "Gate City Guard." But young men, let nothing cause you to forget that in this world and in this life we are to drill with reference to another world and another life. The great day of review and inspection the day for which all other days were made, is just before you. Are you getting ready for that day? Are you making a record of what you will not be ashamed, when you stand surrounded by "an assembled universe" to be scrutinized by the King of Kings and Lord of Lords? It is my fervent prayer that on that day I may see you approved of God and moving up in unbroken column to receive your reward.

At Trinity Church.

The subject of Rev. J. W. Lee's sermon last night was "Christian Citizenship," from the text, "Now ye are therefore no more strangers and foreigners, but fellowcitizens with the saints and of the household of God," etc.—Eph. 2: 19, 20, 21. Citizen implies a city. There is to be a city of God, built of human spirits in Jesus Christ, in which God, through the spirit, is to dwell.

The life of this city is in Jesus Christ. This is the normal, true life of men. Men must specialize the life of Christ, before they become real citizens of God's kingdom. Electricity is an unseen force, but it is specialized by the carbon burner. Sunshine is specialized by the tree. The life of Christ is specialized in the Christian. This is the true life of every man, for it is the only life which accommodates and calls into exercise all his faculties.

2. In Christ are the laws of God's city. In Christ the ten commandments are written in living form. In Christ they are not only contained as enactments, dry rules of action, they come to be inspiration and stimulus as well. In Christ are the institutions of the true city of God. The institutions which have been called into being through the enlightening and quickening influence of Christian civilization were contained in Christ in germ. He blessed little children; here we have the germ of the sunday-school movement. He healed the blind, from which have sprung homes for the blind. Because the lame are made to walk today through the means of the surgical institute, does not make the fact less divine or less the work of Christ. He had compassion upon the poor, hence the labor saving machinery which have come with His civilization.

4. The conditions of the growth and completion of the city of God are in Christ. The conditions are not elsewhere for an everlasting and universal city. The Romans essayed a universal city on other lines, but they failed. In Christ are the conditions of a universal and permanent city contained in solution. When these are complied with it will be precipitated. No man would go to Sahara to raise wheat; the conditions of wheat are not there.

5. The motives for organizing and completing the city of God are in Him. We use motive here in the sense of inducement. The motives are:

1. The larger life. By coming into the city organized in Christ we share the life of the whole. The larger the city becomes the larger each individual life becomes. The more people take the New York Herald, the cheaper the paper to each one, also the fuller and the completer.

2. The larger opinion, and idea and outlook. A man brought up in New York, and sharing its life, will have larger views than the man brought up in Smithville, Idaho.

3. The larger wealth, material and mental and spiritual. In great cities have the great fortunes been made, the great books written, the great reformers lived.

The universal city is coming. The nations of the earth are to be organized into Christ. In the ages to come there will be one language, one system of weights and measures, one postoffice department, one chemistry, one astronomy, one system of ethics and one religion.

At the Congregational Church.

A full house greeted Dr. Eddy at the morning service at the Church of the Redeemer. He preached a very able sermon upon "Work and Workers," touching largely upon the work of young men in connection with the Y. M. C. A. The text was taken from Matthew xxi: 28: "Son, go work today in my vineyard." Working always implies action, but all action is not working. The butterfly is as active as the bee; the latter is a worker—the former is not. The latter has something to show as the product of his activity; the butterfly is gayer and enjoys life—for a day. Beautiful butterfly; useful bee. Gay trifler; diligent worker. There are grave triflers as well as gay. Have we not known men held in reputation for learning and culture who left no mark on their generation. What is working? It is voluntary, regular and persistent activity for a useful end. It implies a settled purpose to bring to pass some valuable result. All true workers are co-workers one with another and with God. Whether the labor be that of the hands or brain they are all in the same vineyards—all laborers under the eye of the same great Taskmaster. I desire to show in the second place that every man is bound to be a worker. When we survey the constitution of man nothing is more apparent in general than that the Creator designed him to be a worker. Man was formed for action. All our organs are inscribed with the great command "do something—do it."

If we explore the invisible chambers of the mind we find that it is made up of certain powers or faculties—all of which stand in obvious correlation with external objects—all of which imply an external field in which their energy is to be exerted. It is also the great law of human development that men shall form their powers by working. The same general remark holds true of moral character. It is formed by action, and a moral character of great excellence and beauty is always the result of that intense, regular and persistent action which is called working. This I perceive to be the key to the precept: "Work out your own salvation with fear and trembling." The root of all true holiness is faith. All gracious affections and virtues are the efflorescence and fruitage of this radient, heavenly inspired grace. It is the idler in the Lord's vineyard who is weak in faith. This is also true of love, natural affection. Those who do nothing to promote the comfort and happiness of those they love will soon cease to love. Nor is the case different with those who love God. Their love will correspond in degree to the measure of service which they render. Happy is the earnest worker for God. Happy the man who knows what he ought to do in this world and does it. Do you say "What can I do?" You can look around you and see what the devil is doing here in Atlanta. You can see what a multitude of boys are growing up to be the future roughs and hoodlums of the city. What in heavens name are you doing to save them and save the city? What will you do? A good stand up fight with the powers of darkness is what we all need—is what this city needs. There is a field of great promise which invites all those who have a mind to work. I mean the field on which the Y. M. C. A. has so vigorously entered. When we consider the special design of that organization—the present and eternal salvation of young men—its catholic, unsectarian spirit; its varied and promising methods; its past usefulness; its enthusiasm, which seems to be daily augmenting; its ardent, revival spirit; its successful labors for the benefit of two hundred and fifty thousand railroad employes, with its hundreds of thousands of young men in all the walks of life; and when we consider, specially, its zeal and energy in our own city, we cannot but see that it meets our hearty sympathy our prayers and our efficient co-operation. The Church of the Redeemer is pledged by the whole of its history to give all possible help to this institution. Yes, we stand pledged with Moody and Sankey and all other Godly evangelists as co-workers with our brethren of this great association for the salvation of young men. God bless the Young Mens' Christian association in Atlanta and throughout the world.

Peculiar in combination, proportion and preparation of ingredients, Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses the full curative value of the best known remedies of the vegetable kingdom. Try it.

The Gladiator.

The following appreciation of the Philadelphia Record gives a good idea of the success of Robert Downing as "Spartacus:"

"Robert L. Downing has had a very prosperous week at the opera house, his receipts running close to $6,000. Last night the audience went wild over the handsome young tragedian. When the final curtain fell the people would not go away until Mr. Downing had made a speech. He stood before the curtain in the torn garment and bloody make-up of the slain Spartacus, and said: 'I am proud to have appeared before a Philadelphia audience, in the home of Edwin Forrest, greatest of tragedians, and of John McCullough, the lamented, many of whose friends I see here to night. These were the only two Gladiators from 1833 until the present time, when I have had the honor of appearing before you, and the great pleasure of meriting your approbation. The receptions, I should perhaps say the ovations, that have been accorded to me since the opening night have been beyond my most sanguine expectations, and perhaps far beyond my deserts. I can only say that I thank you with all my heart, and when I again appear before you I hope to be welcomed as heartily as now, and that you will greet me with a rousing 'How d'ye, Bob; glad to see you!'" Mr. Downing has evidently been taken to the hearts of Philadelphia audiences, and the way is clear for him in this city hereafter."

Symptoms of Consumption.

PORT ORAM, MORRIS CO., N. J., March 17, 1884.

My business is that of sharpening mine drills, and I am much exposed to to smoke and gas. About three years ago I began to have a bad cough, with considerable indigestion and pains in my chest. My physician told me I had symptoms of consumption. By the advice of my father, an old friend of BRANDRETH'S PILLS, I commenced using that valuable remedy. By the time I had got through the second box, I began to pass a very disagreeable humor or pus. I began to improve very rapidly after this, and grew stronger and better every day. My cough is now well. I sleep well at night and have no more indigestion.

WILLIAM J. SHARPLES.

JAMES PYLE'S



PEARLINE

THE BEST COMPOUND EVER INVENTED FOR WASHING AND CLEANING IN HARD OR SOFT, HOT OR COLD WATER *Without Harm to FABRIC or HANDS.*

SAVES TIME, LABOR and SOAP amazingly, and is of great value to housekeepers. Sold by all Grocers, but see that VILE COUNTERFEITS are not urged upon you. PEARLINE is the ONLY SAFE ARTICLE, and ALWAYS bears the name of JAMES PYLE, New York.

mar18—dly thur sat mon wky e o w fol r m

HOLMES' SURE CURE

MOUTH WASH AND DENTIFRICE.

Cures bleeding gums, ulcers, sore mouth, sore throat Cleanses the Teeth and Purifies the Breath; used and recommended by leading Dentists. Prepared by Drs J. P. & W. R. HOLMES, Dentists, Macon, Ga. For sale by all druggists and dentists. dly

SCIATICA



Sometimes called SCIATIC RHEUMATISM is one of the most painful and obstinate of nervous diseases. But it and all forms of NEURALGIA, NERVE PAINS and NERVE and BRAIN Diseases, can be cured by using

DR. BUCKLAND'S SCOTCH OATS ESSENCE

Sleeplessness,	Nervous Dyspepsia,
Paralysis,	Locomotor Ataxia,
Opium Habit,	Headache,
Drunkenness,	Ovarian Neuralgia,
Neuralgia,	Nervous Exhaustion,
Sick Headache,	Epilepsy,
Sciatica,	St. Vitus's Dance, &c.

This is in no sense a PATENT MEDICINE. Contains no Opiates or Calomel. It is a Nerve and Brain Food Tonic, and is the best Natural Tonic and Restorative known. Illustrated Treatise on Nervous Weakness, Exhaustion, Opium Habit, &c. sent FREE to any address. $1.00 per Bottle.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, New York.

STADIGER'S



AURANTII

Most of the diseases which afflict mankind are originally caused by a disordered condition of the LIVER. For all complaints of this kind, such as Torpidity of the Liver, Biliousness, Nervous Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Irregularity of the Bowels, Constipation, Flatulency, Eructations and Burning of the Stomach (sometimes called Heartburn), Miasma, Malaria, Bloody Flux, Chills and Fever, Breakbone Fever, Exhaustion before or after Fevers, Chronic Diarrhoea, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Foul Breath, Irregularities incidental to Females, Bearing-down Pains, Backache, &c., &c, STADIGER'S AURANTII is invaluable. It is not a panacea for all diseases, but will CURE all diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH and BOWELS. It changes the complexion from a waxy, yellow tinge, to a ruddy, healthy color. It entirely removes low, gloomy spirits. It is one of the BEST ALTERATIVES and PURIFIERS OF THE BLOOD, and is A VALUABLE TONIC.

STADIGER'S AURANTII

For sale by all Druggists. Price $1.00 per bottle.

C. F. STADIGER, Proprietor, 140 SO. FRONT ST., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE WHOLESALE BY ASA G. CHANDLER, ATLANTA, GA.

Name this paper. d&wk f l r m

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

Bridge Building and Iron Working Grounds, Plant, etc., to be Sold at Public Outcry.

IN PURSUANCE OF THE TERMS OF, AND UNDER the powers conferred by, a certain trust deed, or mortgage, executed on January 23d last, by the Atlanta Bridge and Iron Works to L. J. Hill and R. H. Richards, as trustees for certain bondholders therein named, the undersigned, L. J. Hill and R. H. Richards, trustees as aforesaid, will sell upon the premises, at public outcry, on Thursday, the 25th day of November next, at 11 o'clock a.m., to the highest bidder for cash, if not before sold at private sale upon satisfactory terms being offered, the following described property, viz:

All that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, which was deeded to E. M. Cravath and E. P. Smith by Wm. Jennings, trustee, and Francis M. Jennings, on the 19th day of March, 1866, such deed being recorded in the clerk's office of Fulton superior court in book "H," page 708, and the said land being therein more fully described thus: "All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of Fulton, and state of Georgia, near the northeast limits of the city of Atlanta, on the Marietta road, and bounded on the north by W. C. Moore, on the east by Peters and Brewer, and on the south by Griffith, now J. J. Morrison, and on the west by the right-of-way of the Western and Atlantic railroad, the same containing six acres, more or less, being the premises formerly owned and improved by George W. D. Cook, and conveyed by him to Adam Jones, and by Jones to James O. Harris, and by James O. Harris to grantors;" being the premises whereon are situated the Bridge building works and apparatus of the late firm of Wilkins, Post & Co., together with all and singular the buildings, fixtures and other rights, members and appurtenances thereto in any wise appertaining or belonging; and also the tools for use in the bridge-building and iron-working business situate on the above described premises, including machinery and other appliances: and also rolling mill machinery, including a one hundred-horse power engine, and nine-inch train, with housings, bed plates and brasses complete, also located upon the above described premises; and also the stock on hand and located on said premises, including bolts, bar iron nuts, washers, plate and scrap.

The foregoing will be sold as the property of the Atlanta Bridge and Iron Works, in accordance with the provisions of the trust deed above referred to, which is recorded in the clerk's office of Fulton Superior Court, in book "O" of Mortgages, pages 622, 623 and 624, and to this record particular reference is hereby made.

Said trust deed was made to secure the payment of thirty thousand dollars, represented by sixty bonds of five hundred dollars each, with interest thereon at eight per cent per annum, represented by certain coupons attached to said bonds, which coupons were to become due and payable on the first day of each succeeding July and January, beginning July 1st last and ending with the maturity of said bonds, viz.: January 1, 1896. And in said deed it is provided that should the Atlanta Bridge and Iron Works fail to pay said bonds or any of the coupons at maturity, it hereby constitutes the said L. J. Hill and R. H. Richards trustees as aforesaid, or their successors, its agents to sell said property at public or private sale, as they may deem will command the highest price, and to execute titles thereto in the name of said The Atlanta Bridge and Iron Works, after having advertised the same for ninety (90) days in one of the daily newspapers of the city of Atlanta, and apply the proceeds from sale to the expenses incident thereto, and to the payment of said bonds and coupons, and if there be a balance remaining, the same to be paid to it and its successors.

On July 1st last the coupons attached to each of said bonds, representing the interest then accrued thereon, became due and payable, but the same were not then paid, nor have they since been paid; and this sale is made for the purpose of carrying out the objects in said deed expressed.

Terms of sale, cash.

L. J. HILL,
R. H. RICHARDS,
Trustees.

Aug. 18, 1886—dtf

J. P. STEVENS & BRO.,

WATCHES, FINE JEWELRY,

DIAMONDS,

SILVERWARE, Art Goods,

47 WHITEHALL STREET.



CENTRAL RAILROAD.

ATLANTA, Ga., November 14, 1886.

On and after this date, November 14, passenger trains will run as follows:

Trains * daily; † daily except Sunday.

The standard time by which these trains run is the same as Atlanta city time.

Leave Atlanta	* 2 25 a m	* 6 50 p m	* 2 00 p m	† 5:15 p m
Arrive Barnesville	* 4 20 a m	* 8 56 p m	* 4 10 p m	† 8 10 p m
Arrive Macon	* 6 05 a m	*10 40 p m	* 5 50 p m	
Arrive Columbus	* 1 55 p m			
Arrive Montgomery	* 6 40 p m			
Arrive Eufaula	* 3 15 p m			
Arrive Albany	* 3 20 p m		*10 08 p m	
Arrive Millen	*10 10 a m	* 3 00 a m		
Arrive Augusta	* 2 15 p m	* 6 15 a m		
Arrive Savannah	*12 50 p m	* 5 55 a m		

Passengers for Sylvania, Sandersville, Wrightsville, Milledgeville, Eatonton, Thomaston, Carrollton, Perry, Fort Gaines, Talbotton, Beuna Vista, Blakely and Clayton should take the 2:25 a. m. train.

Leave Barnesville	*10 06 p m	* 5 17 p m	*10 50 a m	† 4 45 a m
Leave Macon	* 8 35 p m	* 3 35 a m	* 9 10 a m	
Leave Columbus	*11 30 a m		* 9 00 p m	
Leave Montgomery	* 8 10 a m			
Leave Eufaula	*11 20 a m			
Leave Albany	* 3 57 p m		* 5 00 a m	
Leave Millen	*12 00 m	* 9 30 p m		
Leave Augusta	* 7 45 a m			
Leave Savannah	* 8 40 a m	* 8 20 p m		
Arrive Atlanta	*12 15 a m	* 7 30 p m	* 1 05 p m	† 7 40 a m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains between Atlanta and Savannah, Savannah and Macon, Savannah and Atlanta, Macon and Columbus.

Tickets for all points and sleeping car berths on sale at Union Depot office, Atlanta.

ALBERT HOWELL, U. T. Agt. G. A. WHITEHEAD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

PARSONS' PILLS

These pills were a wonderful discovery. No others like them in the world. Will positively cure or relieve all manner of disease. The information around each box is worth ten times the cost of a box of pills. Find out about them, and you will always be thankful. One pill a dose. Parsons' Pills contain nothing harmful, are easy to take, and cause no inconvenience. One box will do more to purify the blood and cure chronic ill health than $5 worth of any other remedy yet discovered. If people could be made to realize the marvelous power of these pills, they would walk 100 miles to get a box if they could not be had without. Sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. Illustrated pamphlet free, postpaid. Send for it; the information is very valuable. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House Street, BOSTON, MASS.

Make New Rich Blood!

Dec[illegible] wed fri mon wky n x m Mention this paper.

REGISTER

—FOR THE—

CITY ELECTION

BOOKS FOR THE REGISTRATION OF VOTERS for the election of a mayor, two aldermen and six councilmen on the first day of December next, will be opened at the following places: One set at the City Clerk's office, corner Hunter and Pryor streets; one set under the Cotton Exchange, corner Alabama and Broad streets, and one set at No. 33 Marietta street. Said registration books will be opened at the above named places November 3d, next, and will be kept open daily from 8 o'clock a. m. until 5 o'clock p. m., Sundays excepted, until November 27th, on which day they will be kept open until 9 o'clock p. m., and then be closed.

J. H. GOLDSMITH, City Clerk.

GOGEBIC MINING EXCHANGE, Milwaukee, Wis.

FOR SALE.

1,000 Shares IRON CHIEF at..........$6 00 per share (10 000 tons shipped this season).
1,000 Shares CROWN POINT at........$2 25 per share
1,000 Shares LITTLE COLBY at........ 3 00 "

Address L. D. HINCKLEY, Milwaukee, Wis.

nov2-1w

Frank X. Bliley. John F. Barclay.

D. G. WYLIE & CO., Embalmers, Undertakers and Funeral Directors. 30 W. Alabama street. Telephone 758.

fol fun no

O. A. SMITH

MANUFACTURER OF

Sulphuric Acid

66 Deg. Oil Vitriol,

AND OTHER CHEMICALS.

Office 15 N. Forsyth, corner Walton, Atlanta, Ga.

—ALSO—

DISTILLER OF COAL TAR,

Manufacturer of

Roofing and Paving Materials,

Tarred Roofing and Sheathing Felts,

PERFECTION BRAND OF

READY ROOFING,

Ordinary 2 and 3-Ply Roofing,

ROOF COATINGS, VARNISHES, ETC.

No. 15 Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.

One Night only, Monday, Nov. 15

'A Bunch of Keys,"

Or, THE HOTEL.

By Chas. H. Hoyt. Played for 200 nights in New York city.

Flora Moore and Teddy,

During the third act Miss Moore will introduce her famous imitations of popular artists of the day. New Music, Songs, Dances, Costumes, Properties, etc.

Prices $1, 50c and 25c. Reserved seats at Miller's book store.

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY, Nov. 16 & 17. } { WEDNESDAY MATINEE AT 2 O'clock

America's Brilliant Young Tragedian,

ROB'T. DOWNING

—AS—

SPARTACUS.

In Forrest and McCullough's Greatest Success,

THE GLADIATOR!

Grand Historical Scenery! Gorgeous Costumes, Armors, arms, etc., etc. Strong supporting company, including principal members formerly with McCullough & Salvini's Cos., and the world's famous Athlete, Wm. Muldoon.

Prices, $1, 50 cts., 25 cts. Reserved seats at Miller's Book Store.

THURSDAY, NOV. 18, 1886 AT 8 O'CLOCK P. M.,

GRAND CONCERT

—BY—

Master Amadeo Von der Hoya,

the twelve-year-old violin Virtuoso. (Late of Berlin.) Assisted by

Madame Von der Hoya..............................Pianist

and

Herr K. A. Schultze..............................Violinis

Prices: $1, 50 cents and 25 cents. Reserved seat without extra charge at Miller's book store. 5t

Help Wanted—Male.

500 MEN WANTED ON THE ROME AND Decatur railroad. S. B. Redmond, contractor. 1w

TRAVELING SALESMEN WHO WOULD LIKE to handle a profitable side line, address Mercantile, care Constitution. 2t

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS INSURANCE MAN to represent one of the best accident insurance companies in the United States. Commission satisfactory. Will give exclusive territory and agency for the city of Atlanta, Augusta, Rome, Columbus and other cities not represented. Address L. L. Osment, assistant general agent, Cleveland, Tenn. 3t

WANTED—AN ACTIVE MAN (ONE OUT OF employment) to begin on moderate salary and work himself up, representing, in his own locality, an old established house. References exchanged. Am. Manufacturing House, 16 Barclay st., N. Y. nov8—d4t mon

WANTED—GOOD PLASTERERS CAN GET A good all winter job on the new Ponce de Leon hotel, at St. Augustine, Fla. Apply at the hotel after 1st of December, or at Atlanta, Ga., before 25th instant. Gomez & Pine.

Situations Wanted—Male.

FOREMAN MACHINIST AND MECHANICAL engineer desires re-engagement. Twenty years' European and American experience, north and south. References. Address "Temperance," P. O. box 134, city.

A YOUNG MAN WHO WRITES A GOOD hand, and has four or five leisure hours each evening, would like to get some writing to do for the different committees in the general assembly. Address J. D. Calvin, care Constitution.

Wanted—Agents.

WANTED—AGENTS FOR OUR NEW BURGLAR Proof Door Fastener; best selling novelty ever made; just out; nothing like it; sells itself; large profits; write quick. K. F. Home Co., 37 Lakeside Building, Chicago, Ill. 5t

Situations Wanted—Female.

WANTED—A POSITION AS COMPANION OR housekeeper in some nice family. Address Diligent, care Constitution.

A LADY GRADUATE DESIRES A SITUATION. Competent to teach the languages—music and calisthenics. Address Mrs. M. Reid, Edgerton house, Macon, Georgia.

Boarders Wanted

BOARDERS WANTED—CHOICE ROOMS, WITH first-class board, second door from Peachtree and First Methodist church; day boarders accommodated. 9 Houston st.

Wanted—Miscellaneous.

VEHICLE—I WANT TO RENT OR BUY ONE for carrying children to school and to use horse for its keep. Also cooking range with water back. Box 447.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

SEED WHEAT, SEED OATS, SEED RYE, RUST Proof Wheat, Fultz Wheat, Genuine Winter Grazing Oats, Rust Proof Oats. W. M. Williams, 31 Broad st. 2t

For Sale Horse, Carriage, Etc.

WE HAVE A GOOD MULE FOR SALE VERY cheap. Sciple Sons' coal yard, 8 Loyd street. 3t

FOR SALE—HORSE, BUGGY AND HARNESS; fine driver; can be driven by a lady if desired; can be sold separate. Address P. O. Box 249. tf

For Rent—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR RENT—TWO HOUSES CORNER WALTON and Cone streets, south side, containing fourteen rooms each, (not including dressing rooms), double porticoes front and rear of houses, unexcelled water. All modern improvements. Each floor adapted to be thrown into rooms en suite. Can be completed into one house of 28 rooms. Possession given December 1st. Apply to Hopple Bros., No. 1 Kimball house, Wall street. nov13—1w

FOR RENT—DWELLING HOUSE NO. 143 LOYD street. Apply to Jno. S. Broomhead, 261½ S. Broad st.

FOR RENT—NO. 6 PULLIAM ST., 7 ROOMS, water and gas, cheap to a good tenant. Apply on premises. 2t

For Rent Rooms.

3 NICE ROOMS SUITABLE FOR LIGHT housekeeping. Apply at 78 Nelson street.

Lost.

LOST—BETWEEN THE KIMBALL HOUSE AND Pinson & Dozier's drug store a three set diamond ring. A liberal reward will be paid to the finder upon its return to W. G. Rosser, junction of Whitehall and Forsyth sts. 5t

For Sale—Real Estate.

FOR SALE—500 ACRES RICH LAND, SITUATED in north Louisiana, on Bayou D'Arbonne, specially suited for stock farm, has adjoining 3,000 acres, swamp land. For terms and further particulars, address H. E. Mosely, Mosely Bluff, Union Parish, Louisiana. 1m

Business Chances.

WANTED—A PARTY WHO CAN FURNISH fifteen thousand dollars, can secure the controlling interest in a lucrative and well established manufacturing business, paying 50 per cent profit, net, on articles which they manufacture and control. The investment made will be secured by improved real estate in the central part of Atlanta, worth from $18,000 to $20,000, and stock in trade valued at $25,000. No possible risks, but an opportunity to make $12,000 to $15,000 per annum upon investment. The right party with the cash, who means business, can learn full particulars by addressing Manufacturer, box 512, Atlanta, Ga. 6t

Miscellaneous.

REOPENED—THE BUILDING FORMERLY occupied as the "Woman's Exchange," and just vacated, will be reopened on Monday November 15th. The business will be conducted in the same manner as heretofore, but under different management. Ladies desiring to sell their handiwork or other articles can learn all particulars by applying at the Exchange at the intersection of Pryor and Peachtree streets. Mrs. F. Beer.

Personal

CALL AT NO. 19 MARIETTA STREET, SIGN of Base Ball, and get one of the Lucky 4 Cigars. Reynolds & Millner. mon wed fri

MARSHAL'S SALES.

[Continued from Third Page.]

as the property of John M Weaver to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said John M Weaver for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 3, land lot 44, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing ½ acres more or less, on Fair and Gullatt street, No 449x447, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Houston and McKay; levied on as the property of Jane Westley, colored, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Jane Westley, colored, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia containing 23x105 feet, more or less, on Marietta street, No 59, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Westmoreland and O Connor; levied on as the property of Dr W F Westmoreland, trustee, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Dr W F Westmoreland, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 50 originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 52x120 feet, more or less, on North avenue, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Alexander and Center; levied on as the property of Mrs. L. B. Webb to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs. L. B. Webb for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 50, originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 74 feet, more or less, on Peachtree to Cedar street, No. 280, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Everett and Bain; levied on as the property of J. L. Winter, trustee, to satisfy a tax fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta against said J. L. Winter, trustee, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 34x120 feet, more or less, on Luckie and Adey street, No 111, the said being property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Thompson and Alley; levied on as the property of Henry C Walker to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Henry C Walker for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 6, land lot 78, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia containing 100x140 feet, more or less, on Baker and Spring streets, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Douglass and Morgan; levied on as the property of W T Waters to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said W T Waters for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 75, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 50x160 feet, more or less, on Formwald and Crumley streets; the said being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia; levied on as the property of L C Wells, agent, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said L C Wells, agent, for city taxes for the year 1886.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 1,037 feet on Fair street, between Grant and Gullatt streets, and running back 200 feet, more or less, said lot known as No —— on said street, according to the street numbers; levied on as the property of Charles Scott to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Charles Scott and said property for the cost of curbing and paving the sidewalk in front of said property.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 100 feet on Houston street, between Butler and Valentine streets, and running back 200 feet more or less, said lot known as No —— on said street, according to the street numbers; levied on as the property of Henry C Fain to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Henry C Fain and said property for the cost of paving the sidewalk in front of said property.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 46 feet on Houston street, between Fort and Valentine streets, and running back 79 feet, said lot known as No —— on said street, according to the street numbers; levied on as the property of Ella C Roberts to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Ella C Roberts and said property for the cost of curbing and paving the sidewalk in front of said property.

STREET PAVING.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, towit:—A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 52 feet on Whitehall street, between Fair and Brotherton streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less, said lot known as No 221, on said street, according to the street numbers; levied on as the property of Mrs J T Eichburg to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta, against said Mrs J T Eichburg, and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Whitehall street, with Belgian block.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, towit:—A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 57 feet on Whitehall street, between Peters and Garnett streets, and running back 150 feet, said lot known as No. 150, on said street, according to the street numbers; levied on as the property of Dr G G Crawford, to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta, against said Dr G G Crawford, and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Whitehall street with Belgian block.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, towit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 271 feet on Whitehall street, between Garnett and Brotherton streets, and running back 200 feet, more or less; levied on as the property of Mrs Jane Smith, to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mrs Jane Smith, and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Whitehall street, with Belgian block.

J. W LOYD, City Marshal.

FULTON SHERIFF'S SALE.—WILL BE SOLD before the court house door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga., on the first Tuesday in December, 1886, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, towit:

That tract or parcel of land situated in Fulton county, Ga., ¾ miles south of the city of Atlanta, being a part of the south end of the west half of the east half of original land lot No 87, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, being a part of the Gardner property, sold at administrator's sale on 1st Tuesday in May, 1883 by E N Broyles as administrator of Michael Gardner, deceased, and is more particularly described as lots No 258, No 259 and No 260; the same three lots being shown on plat of lots exhibited by R H Knapp, auctioneer, May 17th, 1883; which said plat is on file at R H Knapp's office in Atlanta, Ga. References thereto is made a part of the description hereof. Said three lots front 43 feet each on Herbert street, and run back east 100 feet. The south line Ray street is about 197 feet north of the north line of lot No 258 and about 317 feet north of the south line of lot No 260. Levied on as the property of D A Greene to satisfy a fi fa issued from the 1029 District G M Fulton county, Ga., in favor of Robert A Bacon vs D A Greene.

Also at the same time and place, a one-third undivided interest in all that tract or parcel of land, containing 16 acres, more or less, being part of land lot No 47, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, beginning at the northeast corner of Boulevard and Morgan streets, and running thence along the east side of the Boulevard to the line of land lot No 48, a distance of eight hundred feet, more or less, thence east along the land lot line 800 feet, more or less, to Randolph street seven hundred and fifty feet, more or less, to Morgan street, thence westwardly along Morgan street 800 feet, more or less, to the Boulevard at the beginning point; levied on as the property of W C Smith, to satisfy two justice court attachment fi fas issued from the justice court of the 1224th district G M, Fulton county, in fa of J M McAfee, bearer, against said property.

Also at the same time and place, a certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, in said state, fronting 28 feet on Forsyth street and running back eastwardly same width 67 feet to a ten foot alley, bound on the north by the property of W R Phillips, formerly J E Whitakers; east by said ten foot alley; south by vacant lot of Mary S Phillips, formerly B S York, and west by Forsyth street. Levied on as the property of Mary S Phillips to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of W F Davis vs Mary S Phillips.

Also at the same time and place, a certain lot in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga., fronting 58 feet on the east side of Younge street, and running back 150 feet to city lot No. 8, and bounded on the north by city lot No. 4, and on the south by city lot No. 6; the said premises described being designated as city lot No. 5, as shown in printed hand bills—plats of Bell & Goldsmith, dated 1872, and being part of lot No. 22, in land lot No. 46, 14th district, said county; levied on as the property of Andrew T. Finney, to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court, in favor of F. R. Mayer & Co., vs. Andrew T. Finney.

Also at the same time and place, three lots or parcels of land in the city of Atlanta, and in land lot No. 46, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Ga., known as lots 2, 5, and 6 of the subdivision of the D. Tye property, each fronting 40 feet on the north side of Wheat street, and running back north same width 120 feet more or less, to old Wheat street; lot No. 2 begins 50 feet east of Fort street and runs east; lot No. 5 begins 201 feet east of Fort street; levied on as the property of Charles T. Richardson, to satisfy a fi fa from Fulton superior court in favor of Hibernia Building and Loan association vs. Charles T. Richardson.

Also at the same time and place, city lot or tract of land, situated, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, in said county, and bounded as follows: Commencing at the northwest corner of Mills and Luckie streets 61⅝ feet, thence west at right angles with Luckie street 160 feet thence south 61⅝ feet to Mills street, thence east 156 feet on Mills street to the beginning corner or point, in possession of W D Bussey, one of the defendants in fi fa. Levied on as the property of W D Bussey to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta, in favor T J Lowe & Bro., vs Stapleton L Harris and W D Bussey.

Also at the same time and place, one house and lot, situated on Green's Ferry street, fronting on said street 50 feet more or less and running back 100 feet more or less, and joining John Alexander on east and west same situated in Atlanta, Ga. and levied on as the property of J G Yates to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of T J Lowe & Bro vs J G Yates.

Also at the same time and place, all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga, and known and distinguished as part of land lot No 139, the same being lots Nos 10 and 11 of the sub-division of the G E White property, bounded as follows: On the east by the Sand Town road, south by property of G W Clarke, and west by an alley and north by Price's lots; said town lots having a front on said Sand Town road of 105 feet and running back same width 400 feet, containing one acre more or less; levied on as the property of C H Price to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court, Atlanta, in favor of T J Lowe & Bro vs C H Price.

Also at the same time and place, all that tract or parcel of land situated in the city of Atlanta, in block No 3, in land lot No 77, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, commencing at a point on the northwest side of Loyd street 30 feet, southwest of Kenny's alley at the corner of the bank of the state of Georgia, and running thence southwesterly along Loyd street 85 feet and 4 inches; thence southwest along Reynold's line 125 feet across a 15 foot alley leading to Hunter street; thence southwesterly 55 feet; thence northeasterly at right angles 104 feet; thence southeasterly 35½ feet; thence northeasterly 33 feet and 10 inches to Kenny's alley: thence southeasterly on Kenny's ally 27½ feet; thence southwesterly along the rear line of the Bank of the State of Georgia 30 feet and 10 inches; thence southeasterly 57 feet; thence southwesterly 2 feet; thence southeasterly 70 feet to the beginning point, being the property now known and used as Jones' livery stable. Levied on as the property of Mrs R L Jones to satisfy a fi fa in Fulton superior court in favor of W M & R J Lowry vs Mrs Rebecca L Jones.

Also at the same time and place, one Eclipse engine two to four horse power (said engine can be seen at the wood yard on southeast corner of Wheat and Calhoun streets in the city of Atlanta.) Levied on as the property of S R West & Co, to satisfy a fi fa in Haralson superior court in favor of Frick Co vs R S West & Co.

Also at the same time and place, a lot commencing on the west side of Curran street, about 28 feet north of the corner of Exposition street, and running thence along the west side of Curran street 56 feet to lot No 4, said plat, thence west along the south side of lot No 4, 100 feet to lot Nos 14 and 15, 55½ feet to lot No 1, thence east along the north line of lot No 1 to beginning point. The same being part of land lot No 149, in the 17th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga. Levied on as the property of M C McIntyre, to satisfy two justice court fi fa's from the 1234 district G M, Fulton county, Ga., in favor of H Linch for use of J N Smith vs P C McIntyre, et al, and one in favor of H Linch use of J N Smith vs P C McIntyre and J N McIntyre et al.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Butler and Houston streets, in the 4th ward of Atlanta, adjoining property of Strickland & Hutchins, part of land lot No 51, 14th district of Fulton county, Ga., containing ½ acre more or less. Levied on as the property of H C Fain, for state and county tax for the year 1885.

Also at the same time and place, all that tract or parcel of land in city lot No 137, block 24, land lot No 51 in the 14th district of Fulton county, Ga, one lot fronting 42⅔ feet on the south side of Ellis street and running back south same width 192 feet more or less to a 10 foot alley; bounded east by property formerly owned by A J Brady, and west by a lot sold A J Orme; the other lot fronting on the northeast side of Houston street 64 feet and running back north 117 feet more or less on the east side and 130½ feet on the west side to a 10 foot alley, bounded east by a lot formerly owned by Brady and west by property formerly owned by Joseph Webruwag, both lots being part of the land conveyed by Joseph Ficken, trustee of William Ficken, to J L Logan, and all in the city of Atlanta; levied on as the property of Frank R Logan to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Hibernia Building and Loan Association vs Frank R Logan.

Also at the same time and place all that tract of land being part of land lot 50 in 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, beginning on the south side of Forest ave., in the city of Atlanta, 319 feet east of Calhoun street and running east along Forest ave. 95 feet more or less, to lot formerly owned by Dudley, thence south same width 152 feet more or less, being part of the property conveyed by A M Rineheart to said Wooley on the 23d of March, 1883, by deed recorded 28th March, 1883 in deed book PP., page 302. Also a tract of land in the city of Atlanta and in land lot 74 in said 14th district, fronting 100 feet on the west side of McDonough st. and extending back 350 feet; known as part "G" on subdivition of Holcombe property. Also four lots in said land lot; known in subdivision of Crawford property as lots 15, 16, 21, 22 fronting on Pryor st. and extending back 310 feet to Forest st. Levied on as the property of Basil M. Wooley to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court, in favor of Hibernia Building and Loan association vs. Basil M. Wooley.

Also at the same time and place, a lot in the city of Atlanta, and in land lot 53 of the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga, fronting 40 feet on the north side of Jones street, adjoining property formerly owned by Protestan, church and extending back same width 104½ feet, being in southeast quarter of lot No 6 in Martin's block, and the property conveyed to Andrew Heckin by Charles Rafter. Levied on as the property of Andrew Heckin to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Hibernia Building and Loan association vs Andrew Heckin.

L. P. THOMAS, Sheriff.

A SOUND INVESTMENT

Americus, Preston & Lumpkin R. R.

1st Mortgage Extension

7 Per Cent Bonds, Due 1906.

TOTAL ISSUE ONLY $5,000 PER MILE.

Interest Payable January and July

—IN THE—

CITY OF NEW YORK

—OR AT—

COMPANY'S OFFICE

AMERICUS, GA.

Having been appointed financial agent for the sale of the above bonds, I am now offering a limited amount of them at par and accrued interest, and commend them to any one desiring a safe and profitable investment.

Full information will be furnished on application.

Other investment securities bought and sold.

W. H. PATTERSON,

P. O. box 288. 24 S. Pryor St.

OPIUM HABIT CURED

IN 15 DAYS.
NO CURE. NO PAY.

All we ask is a trial and a PERMANENT CURE is GUARANTEED. Address

DRS. NELMS & MOORE

feb2—dly Smyrna, Cobb Co., Ga.

ATLANTA BRIDGE WORKS

GRANT WILKINS,

Civil Engineer and Contracting Agent

Bridges, Roofs and Turn Tables

Iron Work for Buildings, Jails, Etc.

Substructures and Foundations a Specialty. Specifications, Plans and Estimates Furnished on Application. jan 13 d&wky

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR



AND BREAKFAST BACON,

NONE GENUINE

CHEW TOBACCO!! BUT DON'T CHEW POISON

RUDOLPH FINZER'S Pat. "Havana Cure" process for treating Tobacco removes nicotine, dirt and grit, enabling the leaf to absorb pure, ripe fruit, and making the most delicious, the most lasting, and the only wholesome chew in the world—one that will not cause heartburn, nervousness, nor indigestion.

HAVANA CURED

TURF.

Fine Cavendish, Brandy-peach flavor, an everlasting chew.

SUNLIGHT NUGGET.

The perfection of sweet Tobacco.

STARLIGHT

A fruit-flavored pocket piece for the people.

Guaranteed not to contain a trace of chemical or noxious drug. Chew it a week and you will chew it always. The pilot-wheel on every plug.

RUDOLPH FINZER TOBACCO CO., Louisville, Ky.

TRADE SUPPLIED BY

HARRALSON BROS. & CO.,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

june8—d6m thu sat mon top col

ACME SOAP WORKS!

MANUFACTURERS OF

SUPERIOR LAUNDRY SOAP!

WARRANTED PURE,

AND NOT ADULTERATED WITH CHEMICALS

—TO—

Affect the Skin and Ruin the Clothes.

ASK YOUR GROCERS

—FOR THE—

ACME SOAP

TO TRY IT, IS TO USE IT!

ASK FOR IT,

—AND—

HAVE NO OTHER.

THE TRADE SOLICITED,

SEND FOR CIRCULARS AND PRICE LIST.

ACME SOAP WORKS.

WORKS: On W. & A. R. R., OFFICE: No. 15½ E. Alabama St.,

ATLANTA, GA.

Hackett & Rice Iron Fence Co.

ATLANTA, GA

The Only Wrought Iron Fence Company in the South.



Manufacturers of the latest and best patent Wrought Iron Fence on the market. Also Cresting, Grates, Sash Weights, Hitching Posts and Builders' Castings. All work guaranteed equal to the best made. Send for prices before ordering elsewhere. Good local agents wanted in every town in the south, to whom exclusive territory will be given.

Receiver's Sale.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER MADE BY the Honorable Marshall J. Clarke, judge of the Superior Court of the Atlanta Circuit, in the case of Aaron Bass versus The Capital City Steam Bakery and Manufacturing Company et al, the undersigned, as Receiver in said case, will sell at public outcry, on the premises 68 and 70 East Alabama street in the city of Atlanta, the late place of business of said defendant corporation, commencing Monday, the 22nd day of November next, at 11 o'clock a. m. and continuing from day to day until sold, the following property, as the property of the Capital City Steam Bakery and Manufacturing Company, viz.: One revolving oven, one Dutch oven, engine and boiler, dough mixers, cracker cutting machines, bread and cracker pans, etc., etc., to make a complete outfit for a first-class bread and cracker bakery; also a complete outfit for a first-class candy factory; office furniture, three horses and four bread delivery wagons.

Also, a miscellaneous lot of merchandise, consisting of about 350 barrels of flour, a lot of crackers, candy, etc, etc. An itemized list of all the foregoing machinery, merchandise and fixtures etc., etc., will be supplied by application to the undersigned.

Terms cash.

Private bids will be entertained for any or all of the above described property until the time of public sale as above stated, and the right to reject any or all of said bids is reserved

LOUIS GHOLSTIN, Receiver.

A. P. TRIPOD,

45 DECATUR STREET,

ATLANTA, - GEORGIA.

HIGH GRADE

Lubricating Oils and Greases!

SPECIALTIES.

"Nonpareil Cylinder," "Lardoline," "Eureka Engine," "Extra Machine," "Gate City Grease."

West Virginia Black Oil, all grades; Signal, Lard, Castor, Parafine, etc.

Orders Solicited and Quality Guaranteed.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE MAYOR AND GENERAL council that it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to burn trash, lumber, straw or any other combustible substance between the hours of sun set and sun rise, in any yard, lot or alley in the city of Atlanta, and any person or persons violating this ordinance shall, upon conviction before the recorder, be fined not exceeding 50, or imprisonment for not more than thirty days, either, or both, in the discretion of the court.

J. H. GOLDSMITH, City Clerk.

Professional Cards.

Wm. A. Haygood. E. W. Martin
HAYGOOD & MARTIN, LAWYERS,
17½ Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 117

HENRY B. TOMPKINS. MORRIS BRANDON.
TOMPKINS & BRANDON, Attorneys at-Law,
wk 6m No. 48½ Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga.

G. A. HOWELL, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, 12½ East Alabama street, over Merchant's Bank. Refers to Merchant's Bank and Atlanta National Bank.

Wellborn Bray, Eugene M. Mitchel
BRAY & MITCHELL, Attorneys at Law, 21½ Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

LESTER D. PUCKETT, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds. Offices Bailey Building, P. O. Box 8, Gainesville, Ga. Depositions taken for all Federal and State Courts, accounts verified for suits or probate, real estate papers drawn, notes and bills protested, acknowledgements taken, etc.

LOCHRANE & LOCHRANE, Practice law at Atlanta, Ga. Office over Chamberlin & Johnson's store. 1y

P. L. Mynatt. E. V. Carter.
MYNATT & CARTER, Attorneys and Counselors at Law. Offices: 12½ East Alabama street.

W. A. Wimbish. F. R. Walker.
WIMBISH & WALKER, Attorneys at Law, Rooms 16 and 17, Gate City Bank Building, Atlanta, Ga.

J. L. SAUNDERS, C. E., Civil Engineer. Surveys of all kind. Estimates, maps. Office with city engineer—Chamber of Commerce, Atlanta, Ga.

J. M. ARROWOOD, Attorney at Law, Room 34, Gate City Bank Building Atlanta, Ga. Collections and office practice a specialty.

G. L. NORRMAN, ARCHITECT, 24 Peachtree Street.

E. F. FACIOLLE. CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER. Office: corner Wheat and Pryor streets, Telephone 181. Atlanta, Ga

WM. A. OSBORN, Real Estate Agent. G. T. OSBORN, Attorney at Law Superior Court Commissioner.
WM. A. OSBORN & SON, N. W. Corner Marietta and Broad streets. Real Estate Agents and Attorney at Law

JNO. D. CUNINGHAM, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Rooms 19 and 20, James' Bank Block, 6½ Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga. Telephone No 366.

MISS WILLIE HOWARD, Teacher of the Piano, 43 Capitol Avenue.
u we fri 1m

CLIFFORD L. ANDERSON, Attorney at Law, Room 18, Gate City National Bank building Practice in all courts.

EDMUND G. LIND, F. A. I. A. ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT, 63 Whitehall street, over Schumann's Drug Store

L. B. WHEELER, W. H. PARKINS. ARCHITECTS, Atlanta, Ga. Office: 4th floor Chamberlin & Boynton building cor. Whitehall and Hunter streets. Take Elevator

JOHN L. TYE, Attorney at Law, Room 26 Gate City Bank Building, Atlanta, Ga. Special attention given to business in Henry and adjoining counties

James F. Rogers. John A. Ivy.
ROGERS & IVY, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Covington and Social Circle, Ga., Will give special attention to collection, assignments and commercial law. Real estate loans and investments safely made. Practice in all the courts.

N. J. & T. A. HAMMOND, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law. 21½ East Alabama street. T. A. Hammond, Jr., Commissioner for taking depositions in Fulton county.

S. A. REID, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Eatonton, Ga. with Judge Turner. Also office over Western Union Telegraph office, Mulberry street, Macon.

A. R. Wright, Max Meyerhardt, Seaborn Wright
WRIGHT MEYHARDT & WRIGHT, Attorneys at Law, Rome, Georgia. Collections a Specialty.

W. Y. ATKINSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Newnan, Ga.

FAY & EICHBERG ARCHITECTS

19 S. Broad St., ATLANTA, GA.

Office: 16 N. BROAD ST. Telephone 725. P. O. BOX 297. Works: MEANS STREET. Telephone 388

HOPE IRON WORKS,

E. C. BARTH, Prop.,

—ATLANTA, GA.—

Fine Machine Work in All Its Branches.

Engines Repaired, and Cylinders rebored without removing them from their place

By Special Tools.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Correspondence Solicited.

CURE FOR THE DEAF

PECK'S PATENT IMPROVED CUSHIONED EAR DRUMS perfectly restore the hearing and perform the work of the natural drum. Invisible, comfortable and always in position. All conversation and even whispers heard distinctly. Send for illustrated book with testimonials, FREE. Address or call on F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway, New York. Mention this paper.

apr29—dly wed fri mon wky

WILLIAM RAVENEL, President.

STONO PHOSPHATE COMPANY,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

HIGH GRADE FERTILIZERS,

SOLUBLE GUANO, (highly ammoniated.)
DISSOLVED BONE.
ACID PHOSPHATE.
ASH ELEMENT.
FLOATS.
GERMAN KAINIT.
HIGH GRADE RICE FERTILIZER.
COTTON SEED MEAL.
COTTON SEED HULL ASHES.

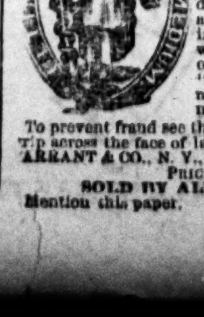
Office, Vanderhorst's Wharf.

All orders promptly filled.

oct28 6m R. M. MEANS Treasurer.

"NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL."

TARRANT'S EXTRACT —OF— CUBEBS and COPAIBA



Is an old, tried remedy for gonorrhœa, gleet and all diseases of the urinary organs. Its neat, portable form, freedom from taste and speedy action (it frequently cures in three or four days and always in less time than any other preparation) make "Tarrant's Extract" the most desirable remedy ever manufactured.

To prevent fraud see that each package has a red strip across the face of label, with the signature of TARRANT & CO., N. Y., upon it.

PRICE $1.00.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Mention this paper. doc7 mon thu sat-wky

OFFICIAL DRAWING —OF THE— LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY!

Single Number, Class "L."

Drawn at New Orleans, Louisiana, on Tuesday, November 9, 1886.

—FULL PRIZES.—

No.	Prize.	No.	Prize.	No.	Prize.
37	100	26275	50	49269	100
228	50	26350	100	49351	100
489	100	26507	50	49473	50
468	50	26699	50	49589	50
1239	50	26748	100	49598	200
1282	50	26802	50	49671	50
1348	50	27096	50	49674	50
1574	200	27141	50	49721	50
1589	50	27312	100	49741	50
1734	50	27358	100	49802	2000
1630	100	27398	100	50043	50
1802	50	27407	50	50188	100
1838	200	27611	50	50246	50
2411	100	27844	50	50297	100
2469	100	28038	50	50397	200
2537	50	28196	50	50556	100
2582	100	28231	100	50616	100
2729	2000	28364	100	50721	50
2789	200	28457	100	50878	50
2859	50	28528	100	51088	100
2863	50	28567	100	51109	200
2982	50	28753	100	51273	100
3083	50	28848	100	51312	50
3287	200	28886	50	51377	50
3328	50	29115	50	51547	100
3351	50	29116	100	51608	50
3384	50	29255	50	51751	200
3503	50	29432	100	52041	50
3507	50	29502	100	52072	50
3535	50	29736	100	52140	50
3593	100	29834	200	52211	50
3598	50	30263	50	52223	50
3638	50	30278	50	52269	50
3729	50	30382	50	52300	50
4002	200	30412	100	52316	500
4247	50	30442	50	52330	50
4271	100	30444	500	52369	50
4581	50	30463	50	52630	50
4794	50	30557	100	52641	50
4951	200	30676	100	52667	100
4956	50	30855	500	52674	100
4965	50	30899	100	52749	100
5126	200	30988	50	53152	100
5843	200	31211	100	53298	50
5897	100	31224	50	53382	500
5899	50	31547	200	53513	100
5580	50	31718	100	53595	100
5806	100	31743	50	53800	100
5841	50	31751	50	53839	50
5851	100	32019	100	54062	50
5988	100	32078	50	54121	100
6074	100	32212	200	54312	200
6185	1000	32249	100	54474	50
6569	50	32263	100	54531	100
6433	100	32417	50	54674	50
6493	50	32430	50	54688	50
6580	50	32493	50	54720	100
6706	500	32755	100	54836	50
6717	50	32777	50	54869	50
6879	100	32840	100	54928	50
6921	100	32841	100	54942	50
7282	100	33043	50	54991	100
7535	50	33161	50	55187	100
7596	100	33199	200	55502	100
7804	100	33211	50	55656	200
7861	100	33212	100	55671	50
7895	100	33338	100	55771	50
7985	200	33478	100	55880	50
8118	50	33534	100	55892	50
8127	100	33560	100	55896	50
8495	100	33563	50	55956	50
8590	200	33566	50	56036	200
9178	50	33569	200	56058	50
9221	50	33656	100	56172	50
9413	50	33670	100	56272	50
9476	50	33708	100	56390	100
9496	50	33712	50	56546	200
9517	100	33758	100	56706	100
9982	50	33922	100	56714	100
10241	100	33946	50	56819	100
10304	50	33966	50	57057	50
10452	50	33992	100	57110	50
10498	50	34058	50	57235	50
10507	50	34230	100	57254	100
10570	50	34238	100	57811	50
10981	100	34265	50	57853	50
11074	50	34525	50	57856	50
11182	100	34708	50	57902	50
11200	2000	34759	100	57919	50
11216	50	34815	200	58039	50
11240	50	34869	50	58255	200
11281	50	34906	1000	58343	50
11559	50	34947	50	58353	200
11607	50	34957	50	58473	50
11628	50	34976	100	58576	200
11666	50	35167	200	58811	100
11796	50	35564	50	58823	50
11917	50	35930	50	58888	50
11920	50	36033	50	58977	50
12601	50	36314	50	59067	200
12647	500	36391	100	59073	100
12665	50	36576	50	59139	50
12913	50	36685	50	59171	100
12962	50	36691	100	59270	50
13133	50	36737	50	59398	1000
13570	50	36748	100	59615	50
13587	50	36827	100	59620	100
13636	50	36854	100	59630	50
13953	50	36873	50	59694	50
14005	100	36988	50	59727	100
14015	100	37026	50	60038	200
14023	50	37275	200	60082	100
14079	100	37801	100	60114	200
14181	100	37819	50	60149	100
14219	50	37457	100	60161	50
14376	50	37635	50	60364	1000
14417	50	37663	50	60377	200
14583	50	37729	100	60476	100
14620	50	37779	50	60589	100
14624	50	37884	200	60653	50
14896	100	37891	100	60814	100
15127	200	37956	50	60920	50
15210	50	38260	100	61103	50
15221	50	38311	100	61489	50
15243	50	38721	50	61441	100
15600	50	38806	100	61570	100
15649	50	39056	50	61598	50
15710	100	39066	50	61787	100
15771	50	39073	50	61917	50
15772	50	39118	50	61969	150
15774	50	39238	50	61971	50
15890	50	39375	50	62016	50
16187	100	39421	50	62167	50
16274	50	39609	100	62216	50
16322	100	39644	100	62282	100
16503	50	39706	100	62610	1000
16541	50	39742	100	62761	50
16586	50	39760	100	62802	50
16618	500	39819	100	62825	6000
16628	50	39880	500	62947	200
16646	100	39914	50	63157	50
16994	100	40147	50	63414	500
17074	100	40168	100	63512	100
17135	50	40289	50	63528	50
17312	50	40173	100	63590	50
17359	50	40539	100	63617	50
17640	100	40570	50	63712	100
17758	50	40722	50	63768	50
18214	100	40807	50	63995	200
18215	100	40832	200	64131	100
18279	200	40838	50	64553	50
18316	500	41002	200	64968	50
18458	100	41082	100	65006	50
18509	50	41135	50	65214	100
18568	100	41141	50	65217	50
18763	500	41216	50	65273	100
18981	100	41380	50	65332	200
19011	6000	41391	50	65517	1000
19088	100	41477	50	65523	100
19055	2000	41766	50	65574	100
19118	100	42080	50	65638	500
19208	100	42136	200	65688	50
19212	50	42234	50	65773	50
19470	200	42266	50	65814	50
19491	100	42325	50	65888	50
19825	100	42382	50	65924	50
19861	100	42393	50	65978	50
20179	50	42453	50	65992	50
20195	50	42615	50	66003	50
20208	200	43065	50	66228	200
20256	50	43132	50	66313	1000
20346	100	43146	100	66488	100
20349	50	43216	50	66545	50
20473	50	43225	50	66571	100
20581	50	43628	100	66795	50
20625	50	43685	50	66874	50
20816	50	43695	50	66881	50
20823	100	43696	100	66885	100
20854	500	43823	100	67044	50
21020	50	44035	200	67152	200
21021	50	44296	200	67167	200
21223	50	44365	100	67211	50
21248	50	44371	100	67366	50
21285	50	44489	50	67398	50
21334	50	44914	50	67557	50
21426	50	44944	200	67601	50
21536	50	45102	50	67816	50
21557	100	45127	50	67848	100
21608	100	45372	50	67858	10000
21699	100	45384	50	68154	50
21764	50	45481	50	68304	100
21801	100	45588	50	68385	50
21888	100	45606	50	68418	100
22056	50	45697	50	68449	50
22213	50	45802	50	68587	100
22495	50	45810	100	68626	100
22670	50	45877	100	68610	100
22672	50	46107	50	68861	100
22687	50	46412	50	68951	100
22709	100	46510	100	69007	50
22864	50	46513	100	69200	50
23134	50	46666	100	69277	200
23136	100	46809	100	69286	200
23308	50	46922	200	69311	50
23342	100	46965	100	69331	100
23448	50	45970	50	69459	100
23583	100	47004	100	69570	100
23644	200	47811	50	69589	50
23898	50	47388	200	69623	100
23976	50	47609	50	69745	50
24307	50	47630	50	69808	100
24397	200	47751	100	69890	200
24923	100	47904	200	69995	50
24961	50	47952	50	70021	50
25098	50	47992	50	70041	50
25158	50	48000	25000	70058	100
25485	100	48054	50	70094	200
25606	50	48093	50	70328	50
25723	50	48095	50	70411	50
26007	100	48048	100	70671	500
26268	50	49426	50	70843	100

No.	Prize.	No.	Prize.	No.	Prize.
71165	50	82529	50	90076	50
71291	100	82617	100	90100	100
71471	200	82632	50	90418	50
71571	100	82776	50	90659	50
71642	200	82852	50	90671	100
71701	100	82936	100	90893	100
71976	50	83040	100	91070	100
71985	200	83116	200	91155	100
72064	200	83141	100	91331	100
72067	50	83166	50	91529	100
72140	200	83177	50	91826	50
72471	100	83373	50	91927	50
72711	100	83613	100	92237	100
72824	100	83665	50	92695	100
72909	100	83679	50	92778	50
73269	100	83728	50	92893	200
73419	100	83767	50	92912	50
73481	50	83889	100	92953	100
73809	50	83934	100	92971	100
74124	200	84011	50	92994	100
74211	100	84046	100	93093	200
74264	100	84142	50	93300	100
74329	50	84223	50	93402	50
74389	100	84415	200	93492	50
75090	100	84459	200	93650	50
75243	50	84495	200	93711	100
75456	50	84592	100	93713	50
75491	50	84619	50	93910	50
75624	100	84769	200	94003	500
75634	100	84810	100	94057	100
75717	100	84943	50	94157	100
75747	100	84967	500	94167	500
75782	1000	85112	50	94275	100
75824	50	85178	50	94279	100
75970	50	85204	50	94358	100
76038	50	85255	50	94397	100
76260	200	85264	100	94452	100
76564	50	85288	100	94552	75000
76599	100	85344	50	94561	50
76717	100	85507	200	94660	100
76762	50	85518	200	94860	100
77013	50	85593	200	94930	100
77139	50	85683	100	94985	100
77049	50	85692	50	95003	100
77240	100	85776	200	95445	100
77333	50	85954	50	95464	100
77417	100	86027	50	95528	2000
77418	100	86076	500	95735	50
77480	50	86090	50	95895	50
77659	50	86306	100	96077	50
77672	50	86377	100	96106	50
77737	50	86406	50	96200	50
77739	100	86715	100	96282	50
77878	50	86750	200	96361	50
77941	50	86816	50	96574	50
77960	100	87131	50	96905	50
78070	200	87139	50	96907	50
78086	50	87169	50	96936	50
78181	200	87188	100	96944	50
78283	200	87225	50	97030	50
78463	100	87252	100	97107	50
78518	50	87460	50	97287	50
78976	50	87495	50	97354	100
79044	50	87506	100	97481	50
79091	100	87599	100	97498	100
79158	50	88111	100	97556	100
79233	200	88112	50	97705	500
79303	100	88164	50	97936	50
79652	50	88183	50	97941	100
80026	100	88287	50	98159	100
80304	200	88307	50	98207	50
80842	100	88352	50	98227	100
80601	50	88531	100	98236	100
80669	200	88704	100	98265	100
80778	50	88786	50	98415	200
80869	50	88789	200	98476	100
80959	100	89038	50	98633	100
80904	100	89144	200	98654	100
81145	200	89148	100	98770	100
81173	100	89168	50	99019	100
81245	50	89248	50	99065	100
81330	50	89267	50	99060	100
81541	200	89339	200	99193	100
81601	50	89343	50	99233	100
81714	50	89567	100	99428	100
81767	100	89587	50	99497	100
81781	200	89691	50	99566	100
81787	100	89828	100	99693	50
82003	100	89938	200	99826	50
82068	50	89945	50	99360	50
82154	50	90040	50	99944	50
82167	200	90048	100		
82277	50	90055	50		

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

94551	750	47991	500	67851	250
94553	750	47992	500	67852	250
94554	750	47993	500	67854	250
94555	750	47994	500	67855	250
94556	750	47995	500	67856	250
94557	750	47996	500	67857	250
94558	750	47997	500	67858	250
94559	750	47998	500	67859	250
94560	750	47999	500	67860	250

1000 numbers ending with 52, being the two last figures of the number drawing the capital prize of $75,000 .... $25

The subscribers having supervised Single Number Drawing, Class "L," Louisiana State Lottery, hereby certify that the above are the numbers which were this day drawn from the 100000 placed in the wheel, with the prizes corresponding to them. Witness our hands at New Orleans, La., this Tuesday, November 9th, 1886.

J. A. EARLY, G. T. BEAUREGARD. } Commissioners

Prizes Cashed in Full without Reduction.

No. 94552 draws capital prize, $75000, sold in New Orleans, Boston, Mass., Chicago, Ill., Manchester, Va. and Keene, Ky. No. 48000 draws second capital, $25000, sold in San Francisco, Cal, Boston, Mass and San Antonio, Tex. No. 67858 draws third capital prize, $10000, sold in New York and San Francisco, Cal No. 19011 draws $6000, sold in New York, San Francisco, Cal, Cairo, Ill., Shakopee, Minn. and Plaquemine, La. No. 62825 draws $6000, sold in New York and Virginia City, Nev. Nos. 2729, 11200, 19055, 49802, 95528 draw each $2000, sold in New York, New Orleans, Boston, Mass., Chicago, Ill., San Francisco and Sacramento, Cal., Kansas City, Mo., Omaha, Neb., Fort Wayne, Ind., Canton, Miss., Newark and Leipsic, Ohio, and Union Hall, Ky.

L.S.L.

Capital Prize $150,000.

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Quarterly Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached in its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard
J. A. Early

Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters.

J. H. OGLESBY, Pres. Louisiana Nat'l B'k.
J. W. KILBRETH, Pres. State Nat'l B'k.
A. BALDWIN, Pres. New Orleans Nat'l B'k.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTIONS!

Over Half a Million Distributed.

Louisiana State Lottery Company.

Incorporated in 1868 for twenty-five years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes, with a capital of $1,000,000, to which a reserve fund of over $550,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote, its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings will take place monthly.

It never scales or postpones. Look at the following distribution:

199th Grand Monthly

—AND THE—

Extraordinary Quarterly Drawing

In the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday December 14, 1886

Under the personal supervision and management of Gen. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of La., and Gen. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia.

Capital Prize $150,000

NOTICE—Tickets are Ten Dollars only. Halves Five Dollars. Fifths Two Dollars. Tenths One Dollar.

List of Prizes:

1 Capital prize of	$150,000	$150,000
1 Grand prize of	50,000	50,000
1 Grand prize of	20,000	20,000
2 Large prizes of	10,000	20,000
4 Large prizes of	5,000	20,000
20 Prizes of	1,000	20,000
50 "	500	25,000
100 "	300	30,000
200 "	200	40,000
500 "	100	50,000
1000 "	50	50,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

100 Approximation prizes of	200	20,000
100 " "	100	10,000
100 " "	75	7,500

2,279 Prizes amounting to $522,500

Applications for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the Company in New Orleans.

For further information write clearly, giving full address. POSTAL NOTES, Express Money Orders, or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by express (at our expense) addressed

M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La.

Or M. A. DAUPHIN, Washington, D. C.

Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address Registered Letters to

NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK, New Orleans, La.

Mention this paper. mon sun wky a t n

THE CONSTITUTION.

EVENTS FOR TO-DAY, NOVEMBER 15.

AMUSEMENTS—

OPERA HOUSE—FLORA MOORE AND TEDDY, IN BUNCH OF KEYS, TONIGHT.

THROUGH THE CITY.

Pencil Paragraphs Caught on the Fly by the Constitution Reporters.

AT GRANT PARK.—The fine weather yesterday caused a large number of people to visit Grant park. In the afternoon the scenes in the walks and drives resembled, somewhat, the scenes of last summer. Among the visitors were quite a number of children who seemed greatly to enjoy their outing. The street car lines were well patronized.

THEY WERE AT HOME.—Yesterday at the hotels there was a noticeable absence of members of the general assembly. On any other day the arcades and lobbies would have been crowded with them. They were at home. The large number of trains run in and out of Atlanta, and the quick schedules, give the law makers easy opportunity to go home Saturday night so that they may spend Sunday with their families. As a rule, the unmarried members remain in the city, but they are a small minority.

OMITTED FROM THE RESOLUTION.—The resolution offered in the house of representatives Saturday, by Hon. S. Hawkins, of Newton, preventing canvassing on the floor for patent medicines, sewing machines, newspapers, and magazines has been freely and favorably commented on. An old gallery member of the house, insists, however, that the resolution omitted one very important item. He says that it ought to have included peanut venders. He will call Mr. Hawkins's attention to the omission this morning.

RECEPTION TO MR. CONSTANTIN STERNBERG.—Tonight at the Atlanta Female institute and college of music, a reception will be tendered to Mr. Constantin Sternberg. Mr. Sternberg will favor the friends and patrons of the institute with a piano recital. The programme includes numbers from the best and most celebrated composers of the world, and will be a rare treat. Mr. Sternberg is justly rated as a pianist of exceptional ability. The reception to take place in the parlors after the recital will be full dress.

ELEVATOR MEN'S UNION.—Elevators have come into such common use in Atlanta, that there is an army of men employed in managing them. These men are discussing the propriety of forming a union. They say that nearly all the other classes of labor in the city have unions, and they cannot see no reason why they shouldn't have them. Some of the more æsthetic elevator men will ask the union to promulgate a ukase requiring everybody to call the elevator "the lift." They say that is Queen Victoria's name for the elevator, and they want her example followed because "It's English, you know."

MILITARY BAND.—Some of the enthusiastic young members of the military companies of Atlanta are agitating the formation of a military band. Their plan is to have the companies unite in maintaining one. It is proposed that it shall consist of at least twenty five members and that a leader of recognized ability shall be brought out from New York. The band will be handsomely uniformed. Considerable expense will attach to the maintenance of such an organization, but it is thought that a plan can be devised by which it will be made self sustaining. It is conceded on all sides that Atlanta needs a first class military band.

REPORTS OF STATE HOUSE OFFICERS.—There is a widespread demand for the reports of the state house officers of Georgia. Every day requests are made for copies, some of them coming from so distant a region as Canada. A large number of newspapers, in all parts of the country, are applying for copies, and, in two instances, abstracts are being made of all the reports to be printed in two leading papers. The reports of the officers of the state's charitable institutions are also in demand. This is especially true of the report of Dr. T. O. Powell, superintendent of the lunatic asylum. The greatest demand is for the report of Colonel John R. Towers, principal keeper of the penitentiary.

THE CONVICT LEASE SYSTEM.—The members of the Prison Reform congress, from northern and western states, were much interested in the fate of the convict lease system now in force in Georgia. It was intimated to them that the general assembly, at the present session, would consider the matter. Quite a large number of them, previous to returning to their homes, made arrangements to obtain reports of the debates in the general assembly, should there be any. Rev. F. H. Wines, of Illinois, was especially interested in obtaining the reports. He made arrangements to have them sent to him in full. The impression prevailed among the members of the congress that the system was doomed.

THE AIR LINE'S SCHEDULE—Commencing Sunday the 14th inst. the Piedmont Air Line put another schedule in effect. The train which formerly left Atlanta at 5 o'clock p. m., now leaves at 1:45 p. m., arriving in Washington at 3:30 next afternoon—and connects with the "congressional limited express," which arrives in New York at 9:20 p. m., eastern time. This train carries Pullman buffet sleeping cars New Orleans to Washington, and Atlanta to New York. The New York express, which formerly arrived in Atlanta at 12:30 noon—now arrives at 10.40 a. m. The accommodation train, Air Line Belle—has been extended to Lulu, and now leaves Atlanta at 4:30 p. m, making connection at Lulu for Athens. There is no change in schedule of the morning train, which continues to leave Atlanta at 7:40 a. m., making the run to New York in thirty-one hours. s-m-t

HE COMES BACK TO LIVE.—The many friends of Colonel W. A. Brown will be glad to welcome him back as a resident of this city. Colonel Brown left Atlanta several years ago and took up his residence in Louisville. His fascination for a race horse led him to appear prominently on the turf as the owner of several fine racers. While here he owned the famous Ben Hill, who won the Gate City cup and many other races in the west and north over fields of crack flyers. He also owned the mare Clara L., who broke her leg on the Atlanta track, and Round Dance, who won many good purses. Clara L. and Round Dance are still alive, enjoying the luxuries of fine blue grass pastures in Kentucky. Colonel Brown is still a lover of race horses and has a stable of them in Washington city, where they will spend the winter. He will remain in Atlanta during the winter and in all probability the remainder of his life. Colonel Brown is looking well and says that he is enjoying fine health. He says that his brother Charley Brown, of Columbus, who accidentally shot himself a few days ago, is getting on finely, and the chances for his full recovery are considered good.

The Success of an Atlanta Firm.

In another column will be found a dispatch giving the acceptance in New York city of the designs of our Atlanta decorators, Messrs. Pause & Schroeter. We are glad to note such progress as this; as it is proof that we have in our city the kind of people we most need and that Atlanta can send men to New York to do work there, as well as have work done here by New York firms. It is understood that Pause & Schroeter will open an office and store in New York and do decorating in frescoes, all interior decorations, fine antique furniture, curtains, etc. The best wishes of all will follow them in their new office.

An Atlanta Firm Wins.

NEW YORK, November 12.—At the opening of the designs for the fresco decoration for F. Hayek, those of Pause & Schroeter of Atlanta, Ga., were accepted, theirs being the best of the competing decorators. There was no limit to the prices. They will begin the work immediately.

THE CONSTITUTION.

EVENTS FOR TO-DAY, NOVEMBER 15.

AMUSEMENTS—
OPERA HOUSE—FLORA MOORE AND TEDDY, IN BUNCH OF KEYS, TONIGHT.

THROUGH THE CITY.

Brief Paragraphs Caught on the Fly by the Constitution Reporters.

AT GRANT PARK.—The fine weather yesterday caused a large number of people to visit Grant park. In the afternoon the scenes in the walks and drives resembled, somewhat, the scenes of last summer. Among the visitors were quite a number of children who seemed greatly to enjoy their outing. The street car lines were well patronized.

THEY WERE AT HOME.—Yesterday at the hotels there was a noticeable absence of members of the general assembly. On any other day the arcades and lobbies would have been crowded with them. They were at home. The large number of trains run in and out of Atlanta, and the quick schedules, give the law makers easy opportunity to go home Saturday night so that they may spend Sunday with their families. As a rule, the unmarried members remain in the city; but they are a small minority.

OMITTED FROM THE RESOLUTION.—The resolution offered in the house of representatives Saturday, by Hon. S. Hawkins, of Newton, preventing canvassing on the floor for patent medicines, sewing machines, newspapers, and magazines has been freely and favorably commented on. An old gallery member of the house, hints, however, that the resolution omitted one very important item. He says that it ought to have included peanut venders. He will call Mr. Hawkins's attention to the omission this morning.

RECEPTION TO MR. CONSTANTIN STERNBERG.—Tonight at the Atlanta Female institute and college of music, a reception will be tendered to Mr. Constantin Sternberg. Mr. Sternberg will favor the friends and patrons of the institute with a piano recital. The programme includes numbers from the best and most celebrated composers of the world, and will be a rare treat. Mr. Sternberg is justly rated as a pianist of exceptional ability. The reception to take place in the parlors after the recital will be full dress.

ELEVATOR MEN'S UNION.—Elevators have come into such common use in Atlanta, that there is an army of men employed in managing them. These men are discussing the propriety of forming a union. They say that nearly all the other classes of labor in the city have unions, and they cannot see no reason why they shouldn't have them. Some of the more aesthetic elevator men will ask the house to promulgate a ukase requiring everybody to call the elevator "the lift." They say that is Queen Victoria's name for the elevator, and they want her example followed because "It's English, you know."

MILITARY BAND.—Some of the enthusiastic young members of the military companies of Atlanta are agitating the formation of a military band. Their plan is to have the companies assist in maintaining one. It is proposed that it shall consist of at least twenty five members and that a leader of recognized ability shall be brought out from New York. The band will be handsomely uniformed. Considerable expense will attach to the maintenance of such an organization, but it is thought that a plan can be devised by which it will be made self sustaining. It is conceded on all sides that Atlanta needs a first class military band.

RIGHTS OF STATE HOUSE OFFICERS.—There is a wide spread demand for the reports of the state house officers of Georgia. Every day requests are made for copies, some of them coming from so distant a region as Canada. A large number of newspapers, in all parts of the country, are applying for copies, and, in two instances, abstracts are being made of all the reports to be printed in two leading papers. The reports of the officers of the state's charitable institutions are also in demand. This is especially true of the report of Dr. T. J. Powell, superintendent of the lunatic asylum. The greatest demand is for the report of Colonel John R. Towers, principal keeper of the penitentiary.

THE CONVICT LEASE SYSTEM.—The members of the Prison Reform congress, from northern and western states, were much interested in the fate of the convict lease system now in force in Georgia. It was intimated to them that the general assembly, at the present session, would consider the matter. Quite a large number of them, previous to returning to their homes, made arrangements to obtain reports of the debates in the general assembly, should there be any. Rev. F. H. Wines, of Illinois, was especially interested in obtaining the reports. He made arrangements to have them sent to him in full. The impression prevailed among the members of the congress that the system was doomed.

THE AIR LINE'S SCHEDULE.—Commencing Sunday the 14 h inst. the Piedmont Air Line puts another schedule in effect. The train which formerly left Atlanta at 5 o'clock p. m. now leaves at 1:45 p. m., arriving in Washington at 3:30 next afternoon—and connects with the "congressional limited express," which arrives in New York at 9:20 p. m., eastern time. This train carries Pullman buffet sleeping cars New Orleans to Washington, and Atlanta to New York. The New York express, which formerly arrived in Atlanta at 12:30 noon—now arrives at 10.40 a. m. The accommodation train, Air Line Belle—has been extended to Lula, and now leaves Atlanta at 4:30 p. m., making connection at Lula for Gainesville. There is no change in schedule of the morning train, which continues to leave Atlanta at 7:40 a. m., making the run to New York in thirty-one hours. s-m-t

HE COMES BACK TO LIVE.—The many friends of Colonel W. A. Brown will be glad to welcome him back as a resident of this city. Colonel Brown left Atlanta several years ago and took up his residence in Louisville, his fascination for a race horse led him to appear prominently on the turf as the owner of several fine racers. While here he owned the famous Ben Hill, who won the Gate City cup and many other races in the west and north in fields of crack flyers. He also owned the mare Clara L., who broke her leg on the Atlanta track, and Round Dance, who won many purses. Clara L. and Round Dance are still alive, enjoying the luxuries of fine blue grass pastures in Kentucky. Colonel Brown is still a lover of race horses and has a stable of them in Washington city, where they will spend the winter. He will remain in Atlanta during the winter and in all probability the remainder of his life. Colonel Brown is looking well and says that he is enjoying fine health. He says that his brother Charley Brown, of Columbus, who accidentally shot himself a few days ago, is getting on finely, and the chances for his full recovery are considered good.

The Success of an Atlanta Firm.

In another column will be found a dispatch stating the acceptance in New York city of the designs of our Atlanta decorators, Messrs. Pause & Schroeter. We are glad to note such success as this; as it is proof that we have in our city the kind of people we most need and that Atlanta can send men to New York to do work there, as well as have work done here by New York firms. It is understood that Pause & Schroeter will open an office and stay in New York and do decorating in fresco, in all interior decorations, fine antique furniture, curtains, etc. The best wishes of all will follow them in their new office.

An Atlanta Firm Wins.

NEW YORK, November 12.—At the opening of the designs for the fresco decoration for C. F. Hajek, those of Pause & Schroeter of Atlanta, Ga., were accepted, theirs being the best of the competing decorators. There was a limit to the price. They will begin the work immediately.

NORTHERN EXCURSIONISTS.

They Visit Georgia With a View to Purchasing Lands.

A party of excursionists from New York state arrived in the city yesterday afternoon by the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad. Mr. E. D. Northrup had them in charge.

The purpose of the excursionists is to inspect Georgia lands, with a view to purchasing. Some of them have already decided to purchase, and will settle in the neighborhood of Rome. They are well to do people, and will bring to the state a considerable amount of money, besides adding a valuable class to the population. Without exception, they express themselves as pleased with Georgia. Following are the names of the excursionists:

Dr. Arnold, G. W. Watkins, B. Shaw, George Rogers, of Randolph N. Y.; Harry Flenegel, of Salamanca, N. Y.; Henry Haman, Robert Terry, of Ellington, N. Y.; Homer S. Crossman, Harman L. Rigg, Lewis L. Butler, John McMillan, Nathan R. Hoar, of Franklinville, N. Y.; Benjamin Elliott, Joseph H. Camp, Johnstown, N. Y.; Eben Holmes, M. H. Mark, M. Mark, Selbro Johnson, of Buffalo, N. Y.; Frank S. Groat, Edgar G. Turner, Wm. Hawkins, John Hillmiller, Casper Ehman, of West Valley, N. Y.; Oliver Wheeler, of Sandusky, N. Y.; Fayette Henry, of Farmersville, N. Y.; Joseph Burrouch, of Waleya, N. Y.; Julius J. Parker, of Fredonia, N. Y.; Dr. John E. Capon, wife and child, of Sinclairville, N. Y.; C. D. Brooks and wife, Miss Kate Brooks, John Brooks, Clarence Brooks, Miss Mamie Brooks, Miss Jennie Brooks, of Addison, N. Y.; Emory A. Ross, of Ross's mills, New York.

Today the excursionists will see Atlanta, and will probably also inspect the lands in the county.

LIST OF LETTERS.

List of letters remaining in the postoffice at Atlanta, Ga., for the week ending November 13th, 1886. Parties calling will please say advertised and name the date.

LADIES' LIST.

A—M A Akers, M Abrams, E Ash, Fannie Ayers.
B—R Brinkley O Blake, M E Brewn, M Bernard, Lizzie Bradley, L Brooks, Mary Babo, Mary Burge, H Brogden, G Breedlove, F Brown, E Brooks, D Belcher, B Boyd
C—L Crawford, P Colbert, M Coggins, M Crawford, K Callahan, H Carinchal, B Cummings, A Carter, A D Cary, Mis Carter, A Cox, B Chatman.
D—B Depond, C Duran, H Daniel, J H Davis, M Davis, 2, Lizzie Dunham, W L Dawley, M G Dooley.
E—Carry Egelston, H Eggor.
F—F Floyd. M Freely.
G—Annie Gains, A Glass, Ada Gould, C Gardner, E Griffin, Juniors Gregory, M Grisham, Lena Gordon, Mary Gray.
H—Josie Holt, S A Harris, D Hall, C Hood, Clara Howard, E Hall, Howard, F Harr, H Harper, H Henry, L Hase, H Holmes, M Henry, N Hughley, N Hughes, N Hitch, S Harrison.
J—S Jones, Cora Jordan.
K—N E Kempt, V Kelly, R King, A Khopt.
L—M Loyed, L Lassetter, M Lore, H Lensey, H Lewine, F Lee, F Linard.
M—Ann Morehead, A W Merch, Miss Marrel, Dora Moses, C Mote, C Miller, E Malk, M Matnis, H McCall, Ida Morgan, L Mitchell, M Moory, N Mallone, R Middlebrook.
N—T Nolly, Lucinda Nolly, Texas North.
O—M Oyster. M G Oppenheimer.
P—Mattie Powers, M A J Powell, J H Peaffer, Dora Powell, A Phililp.
R—S Robinson. Sarah Robson, M Robinson, L Rowe, Kate Robertson, H Ross, H Ramsey, A Robinson.
A—Ann Suppert, Mrs Salinger, C R E Stupling, C R Stocker, F Smith. H M Sturdwant, G Shorter, Ica Smith, L Smith M Springs, M Shern, L Smith, M Smith, M A Smith, N P Smith, R Smith, R H Stevens, A R Speer, B H Simmons, C Sutton, Nora Stephens.
T—B S Turner, M Thurman, P Tuminor, F Trapp.
V—Lillie Van Epps.
W—P White, N Wilburn, L Wyatt, M Williams, 2, W Weathers, Lizzie Week, J Wilson, J Wright, Joe Wash, G Williams, M J Watts. E White, M Wright, G E Wyse, S W Waller, Ann White.
Y—G A Young.
Z—L Zealons.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

A—C M Allen, Charlie Argue, Geo Alonder, G F Appling, D Avant.
B—A A Boyington, A O Brooks, F B Barton, Hal Brint, B A Batle, Alfred Berry, C H Brown, D W Bioriker, C A Brandon, C Bryant, F M Burnett, F Boliclair, Henry Bire, H Butten, J C Beck, J H Benedict, J A Bower, J Brazecel. Dr J W Boswarth, J B Brooks, J L Bartlett, J W Barrow, J Brown, J W Burke, J M Bailey, M Braglin, N E Bussey, R A Baron, R E Broadly, V L Barry, Wm Brantley, W I Berker, Wm Barley.
C—W H Cantbeule, Wm Cochran, S Copeland, R G P Conyers M T J Coffee J Colville, J Collins, Dr J Calhoun, J M Corrigan, J T Coal, C Crouch, C Chambiin, A B Clark, W W Curelor.
D—G B Daniel, Jake Dobbins, J D Drake, J Dumphy, J Daniel, Jas Davis, J J Dickinson, M A Davis R Duke, W B Drury.
E—G W Eicheiberger, P A. Engineer, W Evins, Wm Edmundson, Wm Emery.
F—D J Franers, G W Fox, S C Fascue, G G Ford, I L Farrell, M B Finch, P Freeman, R Foster, R G Finck, W E Faulconer.
G—George 25 Jones st, A Gibbs, F Geisinger, F M Gober, H Gibson, J G Green, J F Gorden, L L Gladstone, M S Gay, P O Gilson, W L Gilman, W L Green, W F Gordon, A J N Guinu.
H—G W Houseworth, Wm Haraalson, S Hosle, M Hawkins, J A J Henderson, J Happ, Prof J R Howard H J Holmes, E L Hager, Geo Holly, D R Honby G F Hurt, Allen Hudson, B Hall, Harry, 61 Magnoliast, Mr Hansey, Rev Mr Haygood, A Howell, John Heldebrand, W H Harper, W H Hodge, C W Humphries.
J—A P Johnson, Rev R H Jackson, Jas Jones, Geo R Jones, Geo Jordan, Wm Jackson, Ed Jones, G Jackson.
K—B F Knott, G R King, G Kinderland, J Kelly, J Krew, P G Kruse, K A Kith, R L Kennedy, 2
L—W J Lynn, A Lewis C G Lee, J W Lewis, G W Lewis, J Lemkowtz, M W Lewis, R H Lambert, R Litsford, S Lumpkin, P Levenstein.
M—W R McDowell, Willie Micheil, W F Mitchum, Wm A Meyer, Wm McLendon, Col V E McBee, S Milton, S McGuire, L Morton, J W Mosle, M L Murphy, Jno MacEmanny, J M Muse, J Y Miles, E Martin, A H Meyers. E V McCullough, D P McDowell. Alfod Muller.
N—J Nance, J F Neiems, T H Niebhur, H Nance, Geo Nolan, T M Norwood, E Newman, B F Newell, L T Northcut.
O—J Owens.
P—A H Pittman, B R Padgett, A E Perry, A A Paddon, A J Phillips, C W Panto, G W Bow, F Pinston, W R Pearson, Rev E Pinner, J T Pemberton, J O Peacock, B E Poinsette, J H Patterson, O Pierce, Chas Pomeroy.
R—W Rice, W A Richards, Wm Rennie, W F Roesel, R H Randell, N Robinson, L Roth. L Robertson, L G Reuner, L Roberts, J T Robinson, J D Randin, J M Reeves, H S Reed, H Russ, F Roth, Mr Reynolds, A Rodes, A B Robertson, B F Roberts A Robeson, Geo Roberson, D Rice.
S—Artaur Soule, R E Snead. H H Smith, J W Sparks, Jno Spence, J M Spence, R Savage, H Sanders R C Smith, R Shivers, T S Stewart, W H starks, W Spaulding, W A Swift. W C Smith, W H Shurly, R Smith, A N Strong, A S J Stansell, A W Stewart, E N Smith, F Smith.
T—L Tompkins, R S Thomas, R G Thomason, M N Thompson, Jno Thomson, J F Tucker, J B Thompson, J D Thelle E Thomas, C Taylor, C Tallar, C A Thorn, Dr Thomos, B Turner, A Tuber, B J Thomor, J V Talley, J B Tourman, David Thurman
V—A E Vesey, H Van Verder.
W—D Williams, D C Wilson, C M Walker, C H Williams, F C Wilson, Mr Webb, W S Wiih rs, W B Williams, W M Williams, W Williams, R E Ward, W F Wey, T H White, R Wimberly, J Ward, J T Word, J C Wilson, J F Williams, W Williams, H G Weaver, H A Wise, Geo Withers, E D Wilson.
Y—J Young.

MISCELLANEOUS.

American Home and Farm, Glover and Co. Lockart stone Co, Atlanta Ice M'f'g Co. American sewing Machine Co, 2, Hale & Sewing Machine Co Atlanta Phosphate Co, Atlanta Enterprise, Atlan a Employment Agency, Jones Bros & Co. Brooks Mfg Co. Berkley and Hammond, 558 Decatur street, G W Clark & Son, Cohen & Haty, Cooper & Co. Davis Bros, M & J Dowder, Eshelberger & Hensel, To Elders of the Church of Christ, Garrett & Son, W D Hull & Bro, J T Gray & Bro, Henike Iron Fence Co, G V Hecker & Co, Harris & Miller, 2, A. J Jarrett & Co. King and Fain, Keeling & Bro, J O Mathewson, & Co, A C McGran & Co, Martin & Worrill, Receiver of Gillett Bros. Ristine. Campbell & Co. Secty Gas Co, Southern Clock Co, Express & Mitchell, J M Veach & Co, Simon & Abramson, First National Bank, G Ober & Son.

To insure prompt delivery have your mail addressed to street and number.

J. W. RENFROE, P. M.

PARK WOODWARD, Ass't P. M.

Bunch of Keys.

Tonight and for this only night, Flora Moore will appear in her well known "Bunch of Keys," or "The Hotel," a piece which has had one of the most continual success in America. The immense houses drawn by Flora Moore in Atlanta during her preceeding visits are a guarantee of the merit of the funny play. The Indianapolis Sentinel thus spoke of it:

"English opera house was filled in spite of the bad weather. "A Bunch of Keys" is an extravaganza of the liveliest description and brimful of a kind of fun that will keep the larger part of an audience in a constant uproar. Miss Flora Moore, the largest key in the bunch, is the most lively, reckless and versatile of the harum scarum school that has appeared here in a long time. She possesses a lovely voice and sings like an Irish thrush, with a taste of the brogue once in a while. It is beyond us to describe this story of a modern hotel. It will be better to take a room there tonight and laugh—for laugh you must—during the three acts crowded with lively action, music and dancing.

Bank Notice.

ON MONDAY, NOVEMBER 15TH, AND UNTIL further notice the undersigned Banks and Bankers will sell Exchange on New York at ½ of 1 per cent premium.

GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK,
ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK,
THE MERCHANTS' BANK,
THE BANK OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA,
W. M. & R. J. LOWRY,
MADDOX, RUCKER & CO.

nov14 2t

STILSON

JEWELER,

Removed to 55 Whitehall Street,

New and Full Line of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks Canes, etc., etc.

New Goods and New Store, but now, as heretofore Reliable Goods, Fair Dealings and Bottom Prices.

Separated.

If you have a very particular friend or a relative, who you are especially fond of, your first thought upon separating with them, is to have their likeness, as a keep sake, and very often after it has been secured you have no place to keep it safely. The person who first invented the picture frame had the preservation of such likenesses in view. If you have a picture that you desire to preserve call at John M. Miller's book store, 31 Marietta street, and examine his stock of Plush and plain Oak Cabinet picture frames. His stock is superb and is surpassed by none. It was selected with care, and bought at reasonable figures, which enables Mr. Miller to offer the public extra inducements. Call at his store, which is in the opera house block, and examine his stock of frames. He also carries a full line of books, periodicals, stationery, etc. ts

Chew the celebrated Horse Shoe Tobacco. Best Navy in America. mo we fri

Chew the celebrated Horse Shoe Tobacco. Best Navy in America. mo we fri

CALIFORNIA WINES (Strictly pure) Securely packed. Send for price list, D. RICH & CO., 1 735 Broadway, New York.

Take Notice.

The celebrated cyclorams of the battle of Gettysburg will be on exhibition at Peters park, day and night, from November 25th to December 10th. An exact representation of the great Chicago and Philadelphia paintings. Electric lights will be used during the evening, giving plenty of light for those who cannot attend during the day. A band of music will be in attendance. Don't fail to see it.

Go to G. J. Briant, Rome, Ga., for best whiskies by the jug, keg or barrel. Also Cincinnati beer by the keg and bottles. 6m

WANTED.

To buy good notes or to make loans on good collaterals. The Tolleson Commission Co., 28 South Pryor street.
nov4 1f 7p

ATLANTA, Ga., November 10th, 1886.—We have associated ourselves together under the firm name and style of West & Goldsmith for the purpose of conducting the real estate and loan business. Patronage and correspondence solicited. Office 25 Peachtree street.

A. J. WEST,
J. W. GOLDSMITH.

Red and Yellow Bananas from $1 up. Send orders to Carey, Sayre & Co.

WILSON & STIFF

10 Marietta St.,

HEADQUARTERS FOR NOVELTIES IN Lamps and Glass Goods, Dealers in Stamped Linens, Stamping Designs, Sewing Machines and Sewing Machine Goods, all materials for Art Needle Work. Largest stock of Fancy Goods in city. Next door to Phillips & Crew.

Clothing.

MY FALL A —STOCK— CLOTHING FOR MEN, —IS NOW— THE LARGEST NOBBIEST STYLES A SUITS MADE GEORGE MUSE,

BASEBALL!

A NEW INDOOR AMUSEMENT.

It is a perfect counterpart of the field game, and brings the great national sport into the parlor. It affords entertainment for persons of both sexes, without regard to the age or number of people playing. The field game is limited to daylight and fair weather, but the new indoor game is seasonable at all times. Price $1.25. For sale by Thornton & Selkirk.

PICTURES. PICTURES.

Clearing out the finest assortment of pictures ever shown in Atlanta at greatly reduced prices. Now is your time to buy. They must be sold within the next sixty days. Our stock consists of fine engravings, water colors, etchings, German aliographs, photographs, oil paintings, autotypes, pastels, chromos, etc.

PICTURE FRAMES

We are making picture frames cheaper than ever before. The finest lot of cabinet frames in the south. Artists will do well to have us make their frames, stretchers, etc., as we are making them exceedingly cheap.

BOOKS! BOOKS!

The largest stock of children's holiday books, gift books, scrap books, photograph and autograph albums, portfolios, card cases, work boxes, writing desks, games, blocks, etc., ever shown in this city.

DICKENS' COMPLETE WORKS.

Large print edition, the handsomest in this market. The type is large and clear, carefully spaced and printed, making this the most desirable edition ever offered at a moderate price. Fifteen volumes, strong and elegant binding. Only $10.00.

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

A complete and fresh stock at bottom prices. A fine line of studies to rent. Parties in need of anything in our line will save money by giving us a call before purchasing.

THORNTON & SELKIRK.

26 Whitehall Street.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.

PARIS GOODS

Just arrived and being opened. The public are invited to inspect them.

D. N. FREEMAN & CO.

Cor. Whitehall & Alabama Sts.

Sign LARGE CLOCK.

Clothing.

ND WINTER —OF— BOYS AND CHILDREN READY.— ASSORTMENT ND LOWEST PRICES! TO ORDER! 38 Whitehall st.

They are Here!

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING AND UNPACKING OUR IMMENSE IMPORT ORDER OF

Fine White —AND— Decorated China, Choice Glassware, Art Pottery and Fancy Goods

As fast as our force can handle the stock.

While we work from early morning to midnight we find the days not half long enough to accomplish all we desire in a given time.

WE ARE OVER CROWDED WITH BUSINESS AND WORK and yet ready and anxious for more.

Next week we will be prepared to SHOW UP THE STOCK AND QUOTE PRICES.

Then Look Out for Bargains and Surprises!

Watch our show window from day to day for display of fine goods, such as were never exhibited in Atlanta before.

DOBBS, WEY & CO.,
oct19 d6m 45 Peachtree Street.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.



BAKER'S Breakfast Cocoa.

Warranted *absolutely pure Cocoa*, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has *three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup*. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

PETER LYNCH,

DEALER IN

Groceries, Wines, Provisions and Varieties,

95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Streets,

ATLANTA, GA.

75 EMPTY WINE AND SPIRIT BARRELS AND half barrels.

Port, Sherry, Catawba, Angelica, Claret and other brands Domestic Wines.

Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Leather, Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Grass, Clover, Rye, Wheat and Barley Seed. Also Ammunition, Guns, Pistols, Cartridges, etc., etc., for sale at

PETER LYNCH'S GREAT VARIETY STORE, 95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Streets, Atlanta, Oct. 26, 1886. ATLANTA, GA.

MARTYN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

313 Sixth St., Washington, D. C.

PROVIDES PRACTICALLY USEFUL BUSINESS education. No terms nor vacations. Students enter at any time. Terms: Life scholarship $40. Twelve weeks course, board, etc., $75. Send for circular. sat mon wd

COUNTY REGISTRATION.

THE BOOKS FOR THE REGISTRATION OF the qualified voters of the North and South Atlanta districts for the approaching county elections, will be opened respectively at No. 20 North Broad street (office of E. M. Roberts & Co.) and at the office of the Tax Collector, on the 25th day of November, 1886, and close on the 25th day of December, 1886. All voters must register in the district in which they reside, and will not be permitted to vote for county officers in January next unless they are so registered.

JAMES E. WILLIAMS,
Registrar North Atlanta Dist.
W. F. PARKHURST,
Registrar South Atlanta Dist.

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, loss of manhood, etc. I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, free of charge. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

Bee Line to New York and Boston,

THIS IS THE ONLY LINE RUNNING SLEEPING cars from Cincinnati to Boston, and the only line running through cars into the city of New York without any transfer whatever, avoiding the disagreeable winter ferriage of the Hudson river. No extra charge on the limited express four fast express trains a day to Cleveland, Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, Albany and all points in New York, New England and Canada; ask your ticket agent for map and folder, or address

J. E REEVES,
General Southern Agent, Cincinnati, O.
nov12—1y

118 WHITEHALL ST.

TELEPHONE 451.

16 pounds Standard Granulated Sugar	1 00
17 pounds C sugar	1 00
11 pounds pure Leaf Lard	1 00
10 pounds O. K. Lard	1 00
16 pounds Head rice	1 00
20 pounds Choice Rice	1 00
50 pounds Grits	1 00
42 Bars Soap	1 00
6 Cans Eagle Cond. Milk	1 00
50 pounds any Patent Flour	1 00
Arbuckle's and Levering's Coffee, per pound	18
Dove hams per pound	12½
Lemons, per doz	25
Cranberries, per quart	10
Prunes, 3 lbs for	20
Citron	25
Currants 2 pounds for	15
3 pounds any kind of jelly	20
Oat meal, fresh, per pound	4
Apple Butter	6
Best black teas, per pound	40
Best gunpowder teas	45
Royal baking powder, 1 lb. cans	45
Price's baking powder, 1 lb cans	45
Catsup per quart 20c, gallon	60
Maple Sugar per gallon	90

I am determined to give fresh goods cheaper than the lowest for the cash. I keep no books, credit no one, lose no money and save you 20 per cent. Just come one time and be convinced.

Be sure of my number—118 Whitehall street.
7th page. CHAS G THORN

Fertilizers for Sale.

I NOW OFFER FOR SALE FOR CASH:

1,100 tons of Acidulated South Carolina Phosphate Rock, and
500 tons of Ammoniated Acid Phosphate; also
270 tons of Sulphuric Acid.
All the product of the Georgia Chemical and Mining Company.
Sold in any quantity at private sale under and by virtue of an order of the United States Circuit Court for the Northen District of Georgia.

PAUL ROWARE,
Receiver,
d2w

James A. Anderson & Co.



WE'RE READY FOR THE MEN and Boys TOO.

Our matchless stock is ready and we want the people of this city to realize that no firm in this city offers the advantages in the

VARIETY of CLOTHING, Quality of Goods, Low Prices or Liberal Dealing THAT WE DO.

Our Merchant Tailoring Department, the largest in Georgia, and we defy competition in Style, Fit and Prices. Wm. J. Healy and C. G. Grosse, Cutters.

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.,
41 WHITEHALL ST.

CLOTHING

OUR FALL & WINTER STOCK —OF— Men's and Boys' Clothing

is now complete and is by far the largest in quantity, the best in quality, and the best fitting and stylish we have ever shown, at prices to suit the times.

Our Assortment —OF— OVERCOATS

is simply immense, embracing every Style and Quality —FROM— Medium to the Finest

and in all Shades. A full Line of Underwear in WHITE and COLORED.

By giving us a call we promise to make it to your interest.

A. & S. ROSENFELD,

24 Whitehall, Corner Alabama.

MISS MARY RYAN

45 Whitehall Street,

FINE MILLINERY

Feathers, Birds' Wings, Baby Caps, Childrens' Caps, Fancy and Hair Goods a specialty. A beautiful line of Fine Pattern Hats and Bonnets latest and most fashionable designs

NOW ON EXHIBITION.

MISS RYAN'S reputation for high-class goods and stylish work is sufficient iguarantee that she will please all. 7p

BEST GOODS.

LOWEST PRICES, —AND— PLENTY OF THEM —AT— A. F. PICKERT

THE JEWELER,
No. 5, Whitehall St.

7th page

A BOOK —OF— SHORT QUOTATIONS,

For daily exercises in the Schools or use of Preachers, Lawyers and public speakers.

PRICE 15 CENTS!

—FOR SALE BY—

WILSON & BRUCKNER,

Dealers in office Stationery, Blank Books, School supplies and fine Stationery.

FILL MORRIS, Griffin, Ga.

CONVENIENT AND RELIABLE. MAIL OR telegraph your orders for all kinds of fine whiskies and wines. I run three establishments in Griffin and you get good goods and no "fancy prices." Sweet mash corn whisky a specialty. Only a few hours between the time of sending orders and receiving the goods. Blank orders can be obtained at No. 6 E. Alabama st., Atlanta. 7p

L. S. L.

Capital Prize $150,000.

We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Quarterly Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached in its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard
J. A. Early
Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lottery which may be presented at our counters.

A. BALDWIN, Pres. New Orleans Nat'l Bk.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTIONS!

Over Half a Million Distributed.

Louisiana State Lottery Company.

Incorporated in 1868 for twenty-five years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes, with a capital of $1,000,000, to which a reserve fund of over $550,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote, its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879.

The Grand Single Number Drawings will take place monthly.

They never scales or postpones. Look at the following distribution:

190th Grand Monthly —AND THE— Extraordinary Quarterly Drawing

At the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday December 14, 1886

Under the personal supervision and management of Gen. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of La., and Gen. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia.

Capital Prize $150,000

NOTICE—Tickets are Ten Dollars only. Halves Five Dollars. Fifths Two Dollars. Tenths One Dollar.

List of Prizes:

1 Capital prize of	$150,000	$150,000
1 Grand prize of	50,000	50,000
1 Grand prize of	20,000	20,000
2 Large prizes of	10,000	20,000
4 Large prizes of	5,000	20,000
20 Prizes of	1,000	20,000
50 "	500	25,000
100 "	300	30,000
200 "	200	40,000
500 "	100	50,000
1000 "	50	50,000
APPROXIMATION PRIZES:		
100 Approximation prizes of	200	$20,000
100 " "	100	10,000
100 " "	75	7,500
2179 Prizes amounting to		$622,500

Applications for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the Company in New Orleans. For further information write clearly, giving full address. POSTAL NOTES, Express Money Orders or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by express (at our expense) addressed

M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans, La.

Or M. A. DAUPHIN,
Washington, D. C.

Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address Registered Letters to

NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,
New Orleans, La.

Mention this paper. mon sun wky 2 m



McBRIDE'S

CHINA, CUTLERY,

HOUSEFURNISHING EMPORIUM!

29 PEACHTREE.

CHEAPEST IN THE COUNTRY.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A.
U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, November 14, 9:00 P. M.
All observations taken at the same moment time at each place named.

	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	WIND. Direction.	WIND. Velocity.	Rainfall.	Weather.
Augusta	30 34	50	...	NW	Light.	.00	Clear.
Savannah	30 35	57	...	Cm	Calm.	.00	Clear.
Jacksonville	30 35	59	...	Cm	Calm.	.00	Clear.
Montgomery	30 38	52	39	N	Light.	.01	Lt rain.
New Orleans	30 34	56	40	NE	8	.00	Cloudy.
Galveston	30 32	51	4	NE	14	.09	Lt rain.
Palestine	30 37	45	18	E	9	.00	Clear.
Fort Smith	30 32	42	..	E	Light.	.00	Clear.
Shreveport	30 38	48	..	E	Light.	.00	Clear.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

6 a. m.	30 39	29	22	NW	14	.00	Clear.
2 p. m.	30.30	54	12	NW	11	.00	
9 p. m.	30 37	44	24	NW	8	.00	Cloudy.

Maximum thermometer ..... .47
Minimum thermometer ..... .31
Total rainfall ..... .00

DIAMONDS,

WATCHES,

J. P. STEVENS & BRO.

47 Whitehall Street.

Announcements.

"CITIZENS FUSION TICKET."

For Mayor.
JOHN T. COOPER.
For Aldermen.
W. A. HEMPHILL,
J. H. MECASLIN,
R. T. DORSEY,
(to fill unexpired term.)
For Councilmen.
First Ward—G. H. TANNER,
Second Ward—H. A. BOYNTON,
Third Ward—E. T. ALLEN,
Fourth Ward—L. B. NELSON,
Fifth Ward—H. M. BEUTELL,
Sixth Ward—F. P. RICE.
Election December 1st, 1886.
Registration books close November 27th, 1886.

FOR MAYOR!

JOHN T. COOPER is announced as a candidate for Mayor at the coming municipal election.

FOR ALDERMAN.

J. H. MECASLIN, is announced as a candidate for alderman at large, at the city election in December next.

FOR COUNCILMAN.

MR. FRANK SOUTH is announced as a candidate for coun the Fifth Ward.

Mr. H. M. BEUTELL is announced by his friends as a candidate for councilman from the fifth ward.

I am a candidate for councilman from the Sixth ward and kindly ask the support of voters at the coming election. JNO J. WOODSIDE. tf

FOR CLERK.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for clerk of the superior court of Fulton county at the approaching election. G. H. CULBERSON,
d td

FOR TAX RECEIVER.

We are authorized to announce S. B. LOVE as a candidate for receiver of tax returns for Fulton county at the ensuing election, 5th January next

To the voters of Fulton county: I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of state and county tax receiver.
Respectfully,
J. O. HARRIS,

I am a candidate for tax receiver. It has been suggested, there is need of reform and of a better system in the discharge of the duties of the office required by law. I propose, if elected, to adopt such measures as will benefit the tax paying citizens, which my experience obtained while doing work of the office for $225 per annum, suggests. I therefore respectfully solicit their votes and influence. JOSEPH H. SMITH.

FOR CORONER.

MR. E. C. BRUFFEY announces himself a candidate for coroner at the approaching election.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Coroner of Fulton county at the approaching election. FRANK A. HILBURN.

MR. J. R. THOMPSON announces himself a candidate for coroner at the approaching election.

The friends of J. M VADEN announce him as a candidate for coroner of Fulton county at the ensuing election.

We are authorized to announce R. O. HAYNES as a candidate for re-election for the office of coroner of Fulton county.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Coroner of Fulton County at the coming election. J. F. KENDRICK.

We are authorized to announce J. F. BARCLAY as a candidate for the office of Coroner of Fulton county.

We are authorized to announce M. BOWDEN as a candidate for the office of Coroner of Fulton county.

A. F. LEE, one of the oldest and best known citizens of Atlanta, announces to his many friends that he is a candidate for Coroner.

We are authorized to announce DR. G. A. PROTHRO as a candidate for the office of Coroner of Fulton county. dtd

Meetings.

OFFICE OF THE ATLANTA AND HAWKINSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY.—ATLANTA, GA., November 13, 1886.—By direction of the Executive Committee of the Board of Directors of this company, it is hereby announced that the first installment of twenty five per cent of subscriptions to said railroad becomes due and payable on Monday, 15th instant. J. K. BRUNNER, Secretary.

Special Meeting First Baptist Church.

Every member of the First Baptist church of Atlanta is requested to attend a special meeting on Wednesday evening, November 17th, at 7 o'clock. The pastor will have some important announcements to make and the church roll will be revised

Fulton County Executive Committee.

A meeting of the democratic executive committee of Fulton county is hereby called for Wednesday next, the 17th instant, in the basement of the county courthouse, for the purpose of ordering a primary election for county officers.
dto17 CHAS. A. COLLIER, Chairman.

A. Dougherty, Rome, Ga., is interested in one of the largest distilleries in Kentucky and handles none but the best whiskies, also Gibson. * * * * Orders received and shipped same day. 1m

Cocoanuts,

Bananas, Oranges, Apples, Malaga and California Grapes and full line of Groceries. Carey, Sayre & Co. tf

NEW

DOLLS

BY THE

THOUSAND.

Now on exhibition and selling at such low prices that we really have no competition.

DOLLS

ALL PRICES.

ALL KINDS.

$10,000

Worth of imported and domestic

TOYS.

TWO FULL CAR LOADS

—OF—

Wagons

Velocipedes

Doll Carriages

and all such things for Boys and girls.

Come at once and get first choice of new goods.

J. H. NUNNALLY!

36 WHITEHALL STREET,

Manufacturer of Fine Candies.
8th pg

Sam'l W. Goode & Co.'s Real Estate Column

AUCTION SALES—NOS. 87 AND 89 LOYD AND No. 20 Jenkins street will be sold at auction next Thursday, the 18th instant, at 3 p. m. on the premises, the Loyd street property first and then that on Jenkins street. All of this is central property and very desirable for investment and homes. A fair income from it would be $100 a month or 8 per cent on $15,000. The buildings are all neatly finished and well constructed. No. 87 Loyd street has 17 rooms, and is most advantageously located for a boarding house, hence is always leased. No 89 Loyd is desirable as a central home for a business man, or as a steady paying investment. These places are adjacent to each other and occupy a lot 107½ feet by 137 feet. Each building has water and gas throughout, with proper sewer connections.

No. 20 Jenkins street is a neatly finished 4 r cottage, between Collins and Calhoun streets, in a pleasant neighborhood, and suitable for the home of a small family; and whether occupied as a home or rented merely as an investment it will pay well. These sales will be absolute and without any reservation. The terms will be ⅓ cash, the balance in 6 and 12 months with 8 per cent interest. The titles are perfect, as may be seen from abstracts at our office.

On Saturday, the 20th, we will also sell desirable renting property on Rhodes near Haynes st. 7 houses on a lot 72x200 feet, averaging about $25 per month rent. This sale will be on the same terms and without reserve. Plats of all the property referred to above can be had at our office, and you are invited to call and get them for examination preparatory to the sale.

$2000 for a complete wheat and corn mill, 40 horse power engine, 50 yards from side track on W. & A. R. R. at Acworth; capacity 150 bushels wheat and 125 bushels corn per day. Terms ¼ cash, balance in 12 months. Will exchange for Atlanta property or a farm.

Whitehall street stores are seldom on the market. We offer one now at a bargain. It is a 2 story brick with basement, on a lot 30x175 feet, rented to a permanent tenant who has occupied it about 7 years already. Submit your offers promptly or you lose an investment better than the best stocks and bonds.

$2250 for a central 8 r brick residence on car line, on corner lot 90x90 feet, in a good neighborhood; rented to a permanent tenant. Room for 2 more buildings. A rare investment.

$1060 for 4 r house on lot 50x182 feet on E. T., V. & Ga. R. R., near Whitehall street and the mill of the Atlanta Lumber company; will rent for $10 monthly and now occupied; desirable small manufacturing site.

$5000 for a Cuclee manufacturing site on W. & A. R. R., next north of Haiman's. 111 feet front on Marietta street car line and about 140 feet on Victoria street. Terms ¼ cash, the balance in 1, 2, 3 and 4 years with 8 per cent interest.

$500 for a Luckie street lot 40x130 feet, very near the proposed site of the technological school, easy payments.

West End home of 15 acres with fruit orchard, vineyard, fish pond, 8 r dwelling, 2 story barn and stable, 2 tenement houses, lovely groves, under tile drainage, running water, rich land, dry well for milk, butter, etc., place enhancing in value all the time; to be sold now at a sacrifice or exchanged for Atlanta property. Come and let us show it to you and have your offers. One-fifth cash, balance 1, 2, 3 and 4 years with interest.

A Peachtree lot 72½x250 feet to 20 foot alley, just proper grade above the street to make pretty terrace and lawn, choice part of the street, east front, water and gas mains and car line in front, for sale cheap; $3000 cash, balance to suit purchaser or in reasonable time.

$10000 for a new 2 story modern brick residence, 11 rooms, water and gas, very central, lot 87x105 feet, would rent for at least $90 or $100 per month.

Offers solicited for a neat 7 r cottage on Cone st, with water and gas, corner lot, all conveniences of a complete home, in a delightful neighborhood very near the business center and First Methodist church.

A West Baker street home complete, in fine neighborhood, a large lot, a cottage new and strong enough for second story whenever needed; water, gas, cheap for cash, or half cash.

Party wishing to leave city offers an East Fair street home, new, with 6 rooms, on car line, lot 50x190 feet to alley, in good neighborhood, at a bargain; must sell. Submit your offers; ⅓ cash, balance on very easy terms.

$900 for neat 2 r cottage, lot 70x125 feet, good cow stables, coal house, fronts 2 streets; rented to good white tenants.

$450 for neat 2 r cottage, painted, plastered, weatherboarded, front and back verandas, blinds, lot 50x97 feet; rents for $6 per month, and 6 month's rent deducted in advance from purchase money.

$1000 for a 6 r house, plastered and neatly finished throughout, on a corner lot near state shops, rented to prompt white tenant for $12 a month, and a great bargain.

$1200 for new central property rented at $20 per month, corner lot, splendid investment.

$1400 for a central 4 r cottage on fine lot 2 blocks from new capitol, renting to permanent white tenant.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

Bankers and Brokers.

W. H. PATTERSON.

Bond and Stock Broker, 24 Pryor Street.

FOR SALE—Americus, Preston and Lumpkin railroad 1st mortgage 7 per cent bonds, due 1906.
Marietta and North Georgia railroad 1st mortgage 6 per cent bonds, due 1911.
Georgia Railroad stock.
Knoxville and Ohio R. R. 1st mortgage gold 6s, due 1925
Exposition Mill stock.
Union Compress Co. stock.
WANTED—A. & W. Pt. stock and debentures.
Georgia R. R. 6s, 1910-1922.
Atlanta city bods.

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN,

BROKER AND DEALER IN

BONDS AND STOCKS,

Office 12 East Alabama Street.

WANTED—Ga. R. R., bonds and stock. S. W. R.R. stock. Atlanta and West Point R.R. stock and certificates. Central R. R. stocks and certificates. Atlanta 6, 7 and 8 per cent bonds Georgia bonds, and Georgia Pacific R. R. 1st mortgage.

THE TOLLESON COMMISSION CO.,

28 SOUTH PRYOR STREET,

—Brokers in—

Stocks, Bonds, Money and Securities.

Will Make Loans on Good Collaterals.

WANTED—Capitol City Land Co. Stock, Merchants Bank Stock, City Bonds, and all kinds of stocks and Bonds.
FOR SALE—Investment Securities. tf

W. H. HUGULEY & CO.,

BANKERS

WEST POINT, - - GEORGIA.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS:

Chemical National Bank, New York.
Atlanta National Bank, Atlanta.

Correspondence Invited.

The GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK

—OF ATLANTA, GA.—

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY

Capital & Surplus $300,000.

Issues Certificates of Deposit Payable on Demand With interest.

Three per cent per annum if left four months.
Four per cent per annum if left six months.
4½ per cent per annum if left twelve months.



Catalogues and Prices on application. Sold by all the best Carriage Builders and Dealers.
CINCINNATI, U. S. A.
Cable Address, COO-CIE,
dec22—dly tues thur sat

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—OFFICE OF Commissioners of Roads and Revenues, October 30th, 1886.—The Road Commissioners, to whom was referred the petition for the opening of a new road, "commencing on West Peachtree road at a point opposite to the southeast corner of the residence lot of J. B. Crawford and running in an easterly direction to the Peachtree road near J. N. Smith's, thence along DeKalb street to Plaster's Bridge road, and thence in an easterly direction in a straight line to a certain grade point on the R. & D R. R. near the Sand house, and thence in a continuous straight line to the Boulevard road and Center street;" having reported recommending the opening the same. This is therefore to notify all persons concerned that if no good cause be shown to the contrary, said road will be finally granted on the first Wednesday in December, 1886.
JOHN P. COOPER,
Clerk Com.'rs Roads and Revenues.
Nov 1-4t-mon.

GRAINS OF HEALTH

DR. FRANCK'S GENUINE GRAINS DE SANTE.—The best remedy against Migraine, Constipation and Congestion, may be recognised by having the words GRAINS DE SANTE DU Dr. FRANCK printed in four colors on a Blue Box. Those contained in a red or any other colored box are imitation. PH. LEROY, Paris. E. FOUGERA & CO., N. Y., and at all Chemists.

Administrator's Sale.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—BY VIRTUE OF an order from the court of ordinary of McDuffie county, I will sell at the courthouse door in Fulton county, on the first Tuesday in December next, between the legal hours of sale, all that lot of land in Fulton county and in the city of Atlanta, containing fifteen and 3-10 acres together with the improvements thereon, bounded north by the Wells place, east by H. F. Mathews, south by the New Flat shoals road, west by the property of the city of Atlanta. Said property sold as part of the estate of H. O. Williams, deceased, late of McDuffie county, Ga. Terms cash.
H. McCORKLE,
Oct. 28, 1886. mon Adm'r of H. O. Williams.

ELECTION NOTICE.

IN COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 19 OF GOODwin's revised city code, the mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta have ordered an election to be held on the first Wednesday in December next for an alderman at large to fill the unexpired term of Hon. John T. Cooper, resigned.

Said election will be held at the same time and place, and under the same regulations, which apply to the regular municipal election for a mayor, two aldermen and six councilmen on the first day of December, 1886. J. H. GOLDSMITH,
d til dec 1 City Clerk.

ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE

—AND—

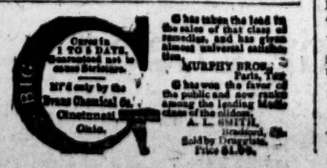
College of Music

WILL REOPEN WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1886. The Music and Art Department are respectively under the care of Mr. Constantine Sternberg and Mr. William Lycett. For circulars apply to MRS. J. W. BALLARD, Principal.

A FRIEND IN NEED:

Dr. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the great natural Bone Setter. Has been used for more than 50 years, and is the best known remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains Bruises, Cuts, Burns, wounds and all external injuries. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS—TRY IT



ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE.

VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT VIA MONTGOMERY.

Only line operating double daily trains and Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and New Orleans without change.

Takes effect Sunday, November 14, 1886.

SOUTH BOUND

	No. 50. Daily.	No. 52. Daily.	No. 2. Daily.
L've Atlanta	1 20 pm	12 20 am	5 05 pm
Ar. Fairburn	2 26 pm	12 05 am	6 14 pm
" Palmetto	2 37 pm	12 17 am	6 26 pm
" Newnan	3 01 pm	12 45 am	6 55 pm
" Grantville	3 26 pm	1 13 am	7 20 pm
" LaGrange	4 02 pm	1 56 am	8 00 pm
" West Point	4 29 pm	2 28 am	.....
" Opelika	5 14 pm	3 25 am	.....
Ar. Columbus, Ga.	6 19 pm	.....	.....
Ar. Montgomery	7 15 pm	6 45 am	.....
Ar. Pensacola	5 15 am	2 30 pm	.....
" Mobile	2 30 am	2 10 pm	.....
" New Orleans	7 20 am	7 30 pm	.....

SELMA DIVISION.

	No. 8. †	No. 5. †	No. 51. *
Lv. Montgomery	8 30 pm	.....	1 45 pm
Ar. Selma	11 30 pm	.....	4 00 pm
" Greensboro	.....	.....	6 27 pm
Ar. Akron	.....	.....	7 05 pm

TO SHREVEPORT VIA Q & C ROUTE.

Lv. Meridian	11 15 pm
Ar. Jackson	4 22 am
Ar. Vicksburg	6 50 am
Ar. Monroe	1 40 pm
Ar. Shreveport	6 35 pm

NORTH BOUND.

	No. 51. Daily.	No. 53. Daily.	No. 1. Daily
Lv. New Orleans	8 20 pm	7 55 am	.....
" Mobile	1 10 am	1 20 pm	.....
" Pensacola	10 20 pm	7 05 am	.....
" Selma	4 30 am	9 05 am	.....
" Montgomery	7 35 am	8 15 pm	.....
" Columbus	8 45 am	.....	.....
" Opelika	10 05 am	10 58 pm	.....
" West Point	10 49 am	11 51 pm	.....
" LaGrange	10 20 am	12 26 am	6 40 am
" Hogansville	11 44 am	12 57 am	6 29 am
" Grantville	11 57 am	1 12 am	6 43 am
Ar Newnan	12 28 pm	1 45 am	7 14 am
" Palmetto	12 49 pm	2 16 am	7 44 am
" Fairburn	1 01 pm	2 30 am	7 58 am
" Atlanta	1 25 pm	2 15 am	9 37 am

* Sunday only.
†Daily except Sunday.

THROUGH CAR SERVICE.

No. 50, Pullman Buffet sleeper, Atlanta to New Orleans without change.
No. 52, Pullman Buffet sleeper Washington to Montgomery; Parlor car Montgomery to New Orleans.
Family Emigrant sleeping car free of charge Atlanta to Texas without change.
No. 51, Pullman Buffet sleeping cars New Orleans to Atlanta.
No. 53, Pullman Palace Buffet car Montgomery to Washington.
Family Emigrant sleeping car free of charge Texas to Atlanta.

CECIL GABBETT, General Manager,
CHAS. H. CROMWELL, Gen. Passenger Agent, Montgomery, Alabama.
A. J. [illegible] General Agent, Atlanta.

GREAT KENNESAW ROUTE
W. & A. R. R.

The following time card in effect Sunday, November 14, 1886.

NORTHBOUND—NO. 8 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leave Atlanta ..... 7 50 am
Arrive Dalton ..... 11 40 am
" Chattanooga ..... 1 00 pm
Stops at all important stations.

NO. 1 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leaves Atlanta ..... 1 40 pm
Arrive Dalton ..... 5 37 pm
" Chattanooga ..... 7 07 pm

NO. 14. ROME EXPRESS—Daily Except Sundays.
Leaves Atlanta ..... 8 45 pm
Arrive Rome ..... 6 59 pm
Stops at all way stations and by signals.

No. 17 Marietta Express—Daily Except Sundays.
Leaves Atlanta ..... 4 40 pm
Arrives Marietta ..... 5 39 pm
Stops at all way stations and by signals.

NO. 11 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leaves Atlanta ..... 12 30 am
Arrives Chattanooga ..... 5 55 am

NO. 19 KENNESAW EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leaves Atlanta ..... 5 50 pm
Arrives Dalton ..... 9 53 pm
Arrives Chattanooga ..... 11 35 pm
Stops at all important stations when signalled.

THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS.

No. 1 has Pullman palace and Mann Boudoir sleeping cars Jacksonville to Cincinnati without change.
No. 14 runs solid to Rome.
No. 11 has Pullman Palace sleeping cars Jacksonville to Louisville without change; also Pullman sleeper Atlanta to Chattanooga.
No. 19 has through first class coaches Atlanta to Little Rock without change via McKenzie, and Pullman sleeper Atlanta to Nashville without change.

SOUTHBOUND.
NO. 4 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leaves Chattanooga ..... 8 05 am
Leave Dalton ..... 9 47 am
Arrive Atlanta ..... 1 44 pm
Stops at all important way stations.

NO. 2 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leave Chattanooga ..... 1 15 pm
Arrive Atlanta ..... 6 35 pm

NO. 20 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leaves Chattanooga ..... 2 00 am
Arrive Atlanta ..... 7 25 am
Stops at all important way stations.

NO. 12 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leaves Chattanooga ..... 9 05 pm
Arrives Atlanta ..... 2 15 am

NO. 14 ROME EXPRESS—Daily Except Sundays.
Leave Rome ..... 7 55 am
Arrive Atlanta ..... 11 05 am
Stops at all way stations and by signals.

No. 17 Marietta Express—Daily Except Sundays.
Leaves Marietta ..... 7 57 am
Arrive Atlanta ..... 8 58 am

THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS.

No. 4 has Pullman palace cars and Mann Boudoir cars Cincinnati to Jacksonville without change.
No. 12 has Pullman Palace cars Louisville to Jacksonville without change.
No. 20 has Pullman sleeper Chattanooga to Atlanta. Pullman sleepers Nashville to Atlanta and through day coach Little Rock to Atlanta without change.
No. 14 runs solid to Atlanta.

JOS. M. BROWN,
Gen'l. Pass. and Ticket Agent.
ALTON ANGIER,
Assistant Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent.
A. ANDERSON,
Gen'l Superintendent.

NEW SCHEDULE

—OF THE—

GEORGIA PACIFIC R'Y

—VIA—

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

THE GREAT DOTBLE DAILY FAST MAIL AND EXPRESS LINE TO THE

Southwest and West.

No change of cars at the Mississippi river.

14 Hours Quickest Route

—TO—

Texas and the West.

IN ELEGANT THROUGHFARE CARS.

The Great Shreveport Route comes to the front with the fastest schedule from Atlanta to the west.

Look at the map of the United States and you will see that the shortest line is via Birmingham to all points in the west.

See that your tickets read from Atlanta via Georgia Pacific railway. Here are the figures.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOV. 15, 1886.

	No. 52.	No. 50.
Lv. Atlanta	10 40 am	4 30 pm
Ar. Meridian	11 15 pm	6 20 am
" Jackson	4 22 am	.....
" Vicksburg	6 50 am	.....
" Shreveport	9 22 pm	.....
" Dallas	6 10 am	.....
" Ft. Worth	7 40 am	.....
Lv. Meridian	11 30 pm	7 30 am
Ar. New Orleans	7 15 am	3 25 pm
" Houston	9 50 am	9 50 am

Mann Boudoir cars, Atlanta to New Orleans and Shreveport without change. Solid trains Birmingham to New Orleans and Shreveport, Write for low rates.

B. F. WYLY, JR., Gen. Agent. Atlanta, Ga.
SAM. B. WEBB, Gen. Pass. Agent.
A. S. THWEATT, T. P. A. Birmingham, Ala.
GEO. S. BARNUM, Gen. Pass. Agent.

We are Awake to the Demands of the Trade

CLOTHING FOR MEN!

CLOTHING FOR BOYS

CLOTHING FOR CHILDREN!

OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE

OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT

We are showing the latest novelties of the season in our Tailoring Department. Your taste has been consulted in the selection of this stock.

HIRSCH BROS.

CLOTHIERS AND TAILORS,

42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET.

ADAIR BROS. & CO.

General Agents, Atlanta, Ga.,

FURMAN FARM IMPROVEMENT COMPANY

We take pleasure in informing our customers and dealers generally that we have contracted with the above firm to sell the entire product of our factory. They are now prepared to fill orders from dealers on short notice and easy terms for

Acid Phosphate, Furman High Grade Guano, Buffalo Bone Guano

And other brands that we may manufacture. Send your orders direct to them.
oct 8 d&w3m L. J. HILL, President Furman Farm Improvement Co.

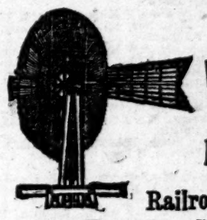
ATLANTA MACHINE WORKS

SPECIAL PRICES and unequaled facilities. Capacity 500 feet per day.

SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS AND GEARING

Lower prices than any works south. Also manufacturers of ENGINES, BOILERS, STAVE MILLS, and ELEVATORS, and BROOKS COTTON PRESSES. Correspondence solicited.
McCOMBS, TAYLOR & CO.

E. VAN WINKLE & CO.,



Manufacturers and Dealers in

Wind Mills, Pumps, Tanks Etc.

Contrast

Public & Private Water Works,

Railroad Water Supplies, Steam Pumps, Pipe and Brass Goods. Send for Catalogue and Prices.

E. VAN WINKLE & CO.
BOX 83, ATLANTA, GA.

SCIPLE SONS

WE ARE STILL AGENTS FOR THE FAMOUS

JELLICO COAL WE HAVE

Been selling for the past several seasons, and there is none better.

—We are offering special inducements to the Contractors and Builders in—

LIME,

CEMENT,

PLASTER PARIS

SEWER PIPE.

PLASTERING HAIR, MARBLE DUST, WHITE SAND. CYPRESS SHINGLES, STOVE FLUE, FIRE BRICK AND FIRE CLAY

No. 8 Loyd St., near Markham House, Atlanta, Ga.
8th pg

THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN THE STATE

EISEMAN BROS.

17 and 19 Whitehall Street

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CLOTHIERS,

TAILORS,

HATTERS,

FURNISHERS.

We manufacture every stitch of Clothing we carry. Buy of us and save the middleman's profit.

MANUFACTORY. BALTIMORE, MD.

15 South Howard St., Baltimore, Md.

Cor. 7th and E. Street, Washington, D. C.

TELEPHONE No. 307.

THE

VOL. XVIII.

THE STATE MILITIA.

AN ARMY INSPECTOR VISITS ALABAMA.

He Inspects the First Regiment State Troops at Mobile and Makes an Unfavorable Report on Its Conditions—Rusty Firearms and Different Colors of Uniforms, Etc., Etc.

WASHINGTON, November 15.—The adjutant general has made public a number of reports from army officers who were detailed to attend and inspect the annual encampments and evolutions of the militia of the states of Alabama, Maine, Michigan, New Hampshire, Minnesota Missouri, New York, Ohio, Kentucky, Pennsylvania, Iowa, Illinois, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Kansas, Connecticut and the territory of Dakota. The inspections were confined to the states above enumerated for the reason that the governors of the other states failed to request the war department to detail officers to visit the encampments in their states. While criticising the details of the various organizations, such as a lack of uniformity in clothing, poor attendance at roll calls and a disposition to shirk guard duty and other onerous duties of a soldier's life, the reports are unanimous in praising the physical qualifications of the men who make up the militia, their excellence in drill and tactics, and the earnest, manly efforts of the officers to improve their commands and maintain a high standard of discipline. General complaint is made of the poor quality of arms furnished the militia, consisting in great part of old, badly-worn and unserviceable Springfield and Sharp rifles. Most of the organizations showed much interest in target practice, and the Maine militia is especially commended for its marvellous, skillful firing.

Several of the reports speak of the crying need of thorough systematic instruction. The material is said to be splendid, and zeal and intelligence is the rule, but lacking direction. It is suggested that the war department should detail officers to report to the governors of the various states, to be assigned to the duty as instructors solely, with no command whatever, and if this plan should be adopted it is thought that the result would be of great value to the states. It is recommended that closely neighboring states accredit visitors officially to state encampments, whose duty it shall be to take notes and report upon matters of interest to the militia. More study was found to be necessary by subalterns and the use of dummies or blocks in tactical studies is urged.

Captain Howell, second artillery, in his report of a visit to Camp Seay, near Mobile, to inspect the First regiment Alabama troops, calls attention to the imperfect arms and their bad condition. The muskets were old pattern Springfield rifle muskets and nearly all showed a great lack of care.

"Probably fifty of them," Captain Howell says, "were almost totally unserviceable from neglect. This was specially noticed in a company from Evergreen. Out of probably a dozen that I examined in this company there was not a single gun that I would not anticipate unfortunate results from in case is was fired, and this in consequence, principally, of the guns being eaten up with rust. The idea of service in the field seems to have considerable weight with this command. The guns and accoutrements, fatigue uniforms, tents, and sufficient ammunition to meet a sudden emergency, are kept constantly at the armory, and a system arranged for assembling promptly. There is little or no camp equipage on hand beside tents, of which each company is owner of a fair supply, exclusively of wall tents. With the exception of two companies that have no uniform fit for rough service, the regiment could take the field in a few hours notice, and in pretty fair condition for service. There are many points, of course, in which they would be greatly defective—originating in limited opportunities, the scant support they receive from the state and the United States, and the system which obtains in many, if not all, of the companies of wasting time in endeavoring to reach mechanical precision in certain directions, while neglecting what would be more useful in actual service. This precision on drill and parade in connection with the showy uniform, is calculated to win the admiration of the populace, which is the reward that is chiefly looked forward to, and is the inducement above all others, that keeps up and gives vitality to the organization. Such things as are not conductive to this end are most generally neglected. On the subject, Captain Howell says:

"A majority of the infantry companies appear to be well up in squad and company drills. Some of them show that much time and care have been successfully expended in perfecting themselves in these drills; attaining a precision of movement which I have never seen surpassed. Instruction, however, has rarely extended but little beyond battalion drills, and target practice having been almost entirely neglected."

In concluding Captain Howell makes the following recommendations:

I think it advisable that the companies should all have the same uniform, in so far, at least, as a fatigue uniform or dress for field service is concerned. At present such is not the case. A simple, plain, but serviceable fatigue uniform might be prescribed by the state authorities for all its troops, which the companies might gradually uniform within a limited time—say one year. I talked with several of the officers on the subject, and they strongly favored the idea of a common uniform for all. I also think it advisable, if instead of establishing the encampments in the immediate vicinities of the homes of members of the command they be located at some more distant point—say at least one day's march. It would result in a very great advantage. In this case, business and social influences, that now hamper every effort at imparting instruction, could be more easily overcome, and the men held in hand for practice in battalion drill, skirmish drill, target practice, guard duty and many other things so essential to the success of a troop in service.

CHOCTAW CLAIMS.

A Decision by the Supreme Court of the United States.

WASHINGTON, November 15.—A decision was rendered by the United States supreme court to day in the case of the Choctaw nation against the United States; suit brought in order to obtain a judicial settlement of all existing claims of the Choctaw nation against the United States government. This court, in a long and carefully prepared opinion by Justice Matthews, holds that the Choctaw nation is entitled to judgment against the United States for the following sums:

First, $2,981,247, subject to a reduction of $500,000, paid under the act of 1861; second, unpaid annuities, $39,449, third, for lands taken in fixing the boundary between the state of Arkansas and the Choctaw nation, $5,102. The judgment of the court of claims is therefore, reversed and the case is remanded to that court with instructions to enter judgment in conformity with this opinion. Chief Justice Waite read a dissenting opinion.

A National Bank Suspends.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., November 15.—The First National bank of Pine Bluff, Arkansas, closed its doors this morning. C. M. Neal, principal owner, has been a heavy operator in real estate and cotton and owns the Swan Lake railroad. He explains that the suspension was caused by drafts of cotton and commission merchants not being met, but nothing is as yet known as to the extent of his liabilities.

The Eufaula Cock Fight.

EUFAULA, Ala., November 15.—[Special.]—Only one fight was made in the main between Tennessee and Mississippi against Georgia today. Georgia won. Handicapping continues day and night.